TABLE of CONTENTS

2 Divinity Catalog
5 Addresses of University Offices
7 Officers and Faculty
13 General Description
17 Degree Programs and Requirements
95 Committees of the Faculty and Areas of Study
119 Residence Requirements
122 Special Courses and Programs
127 Prizes
129 Grading System and Official Records
133 Admissions
139 Finances
148 Student Life
170 Index
A Message from the Dean

Welcome to the University of Chicago Divinity School.

This is a place, and a well-defined one at that: two buildings, Swift Hall and Bond Chapel, located just southwest of the center of the campus’s main quadrangle. If you stand in front of Swift Hall and execute a 360 degree turn, your immediate horizon encompasses buildings devoted to the Physical and Natural Sciences, the Humanities and the Social Sciences, the Oriental Institute, the College, and, completing the circle, Levi Hall, the central administrative building. With modest x-ray vision or a short walk you would see the University’s medical center to the west, Regenstein Library to the north, the Booth School of Business to the east, and the Law, Social Service, and Public Policy Schools to the south.

While historical accident plays a role in its physical centrality on campus, that centrality does serve to underscore the historical fact that the Divinity School was the first professional school established at the University, and that its ongoing eminence throughout the 125 years of the University’s existence has been helped crucially by its engagements with the full range of the academic effort on and around the campus. Divinity School faculty and students are faculty and students of the University – facts underscored by the many colleagues who hold appointments elsewhere on campus, by transcripts of graduates that nearly always show coursework completed outside the School, and the easy fluidity of intellectual commerce. The delineating walls are low: the doorways and windows are many.

The intellectual commerce is reciprocal, and by virtue of that reciprocity the Divinity School is arguably the broadest and in many fields one of the deepest programs in the study of religion in the world. Such a claim can seem foolhardy
when the object of inquiry is so protean as religion: with its appropriately perpetual foundational questions about definition, relevant datum, and regnant methodologies, no institution in time and space can “do it all.” But my claim doesn’t gainsay the point. It means to assert that our goal in Swift Hall has always been, and continues to be, to keep both the foundational questions and the work that follows from answering them (however provisionally) in constant play and the richest possible interaction. If not everything that can be termed “religion” can be found in Swift, we both acknowledge that fact and decline its presumptive paralysis.

Many, myself included, take recourse to the word “conversation” to capture our way of aiming for this goal. We hold as complementary the need to know one’s own perspective and approach, and to be constantly open to challenges to it. Intellectual work knows no greater compliment than the most probing question. That recognition mandates what conversation at its best truly is: a practice of continual respect in which argument and evidence, informed by imagination, forge and sustain a collegiality with a vocabulary and syntax refined by an ongoing commitment to sympathetic listening.

In the three decades of my association with the University, I’ve also come to realize the crucial roles played by the broader horizons of the University: the neighborhoods of Hyde Park, Kenwood, and Woodlawn in which it is located, and the magnificent, flawed, utterly essential urban plain that is Chicago. At our best, the work we pursue occurs not in an enclave but in a complex context that continually reminds us of what it must mean for knowledge to enrich and indeed to enhance human life.

So we invite you to join the conversation, knowing that if you do we shall be enriched, and hopeful that you will be as well.

Richard A. Rosengarten
Dean

* * * * * * * *

In keeping with its long-standing traditions and policies, the University of Chicago considers students, employees, applicants for admission or employment, and those seeking access to University programs on the basis of individual merit. The University does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national or ethnic origin, age, status as an individual with a disability, protected veteran status, genetic information, or other protected classes under the law (including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972). For additional information regarding the University of Chicago’s Policy
on Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Misconduct, please see: http://harassmentpolicy.uchicago.edu/page/policy.

The University official responsible for coordinating compliance with this Notice of Nondiscrimination is Sarah Wake, Associate Provost and Director of the Office for Equal Opportunity Programs. Ms. Wake also serves as the University’s Title IX Coordinator, Affirmative Action Officer, and Section 504/ADA Coordinator. You may contact Ms. Wake by emailing swake@uchicago.edu, by calling 773.702.5671, or by writing to Sarah Wake, Office of the Provost, The University of Chicago, 5801 S. Ellis Ave., Suite 510, Chicago, IL 60637.

Photograph by Alex S. MacLean. The information in these Announcements is correct as of August 1, 2016. It is subject to change.
Addresses of University Offices

Requests for information, materials, and application forms for admission and financial aid should be addressed as follows:

For all matters pertaining to the Divinity School:

Dean of Students
The University of Chicago Divinity School
1025 East 58th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637
Phone: 773-702-8217
Fax: 773-834-4581
Web site: http://divinity.uchicago.edu

For the Graduate Record Examination:

Graduate Record Examination
P.O. Box 6000
Princeton
New Jersey 08541-6000
Phone: 609-771-7670
Web site: http://www.gre.org

For FAFSA forms:

Federal Student Aid Information Center
P.O. Box 84
Washington, D.C. 20044
Phone: 800-433-3243
Web site: http://www.fafsa.gov

For Housing:

Graduate Student Housing
The University of Chicago
5316 South Dorchester Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60615
Phone: 773-753-2218
Fax: 773-753-8054
Web site: http://rp.uchicago.edu/

International House
1414 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637
Phone: 773-753-2280
Fax: 773-753-1227
Web site: http://ihouse.uchicago.edu

For Student Loans:

Student Loan Administration
970 East 58th Street
Room 411
Chicago, Illinois 60637
Phone: 773-702-6061
Fax: 773-702-3238
Web site: https://sla.uchicago.edu/
OFFICERS AND FACULTY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Robert J. Zimmer, President of the University
Joseph Neubauer, Chairman of the Board of Trustees
Daniel Diermeier, Provost

THE DIVINITY SCHOOL

ADMINISTRATION

Richard A. Rosengarten, Dean
Teresa Hord Owens, Dean of Students
John Howell, Associate Dean of Students
Cynthia Gano Lindner, Director of Ministry Studies
Sandra Peppers, Associate Dean for Administration
Lucy K. Pick, Director of Undergraduate Studies
Wesley Sun, Director of Field Education and Community Engagement
Dale Walker, Director of Development
Terren Ilana Wein, Director of Communications and Public Relations

FACULTY

Arnold I. Davidson, Ph.D., Robert O. Anderson Distinguished Service Professor of the Philosophy of Judaism and Philosophy of Religions in the Divinity School; also in the Department of Philosophy, the Department of Comparative Literature, the Department of Romance Languages and Literatures, and the Committee on the Conceptual and Historical Studies of Sciences.

Wendy Doniger, Ph.D., D.Phil., Mircea Eliade Distinguished Professor of the History of Religions; also in the Department of South Asian Languages and Civilizations, the Committee on Social Thought, and the College.

Michael Fishbane, Ph.D., Nathan Cummings Distinguished Service Professor of Jewish Studies; also in the Committee on Jewish Studies and the College.

Dwight N. Hopkins, Ph.D., Professor of Theology; also in the College.

Matthew Kapstein, Ph.D., Numata Visiting Professor of the Philosophy of Religions and the History of Religions.

Bruce Lincoln, Ph.D., Caroline E. Haskell Distinguished Service Professor of the History of Religions; also in the Center for Middle Eastern Studies and Committee on Medieval Studies; Associate Faculty in the Departments of Anthropology and Classics.

Jean-Luc Marion, Doctorat d’Etat, Andrew Thomas Greeley and Grace McNichols Greeley Professor of Catholic Studies and Professor of the Philosophy of Religions and Theology.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Françoise Meltzer, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Professor of the Philosophy of Religions; also the Edward Carson Waller Distinguished Service Professor in the Humanities, in Comparative Literature; Chair, Department of Comparative Literature, and the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paul Mendes-Flohr, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Dorothy Grant MacLear Professor of Modern Jewish History and Thought; also in the Committee on Jewish Studies; Associate Faculty in the Department of History; also in the College.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richard B. Miller, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Laura Spelman Rockefeller Professor of Religious Ethics</td>
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<tr>
<td>Margaret M. Mitchell, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Shailer Mathews Professor of New Testament and Early Christian Literature; also in the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Willemien Otten, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Professor of the History of Christianity and Theology; also in the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James T. Robinson, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Professor of the History of Judaism; also in History of Religions, Islamic Studies, The Program on Medieval Studies, Religious Studies, Fundamentals: Texts and Issues, and the Center for Jewish Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michael Sells, Ph.D.</td>
<td>John Henry Barrows Professor of Islamic History and Literature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Susan Schreiner, M.Div., Ph.D.</td>
<td>Professor of the History of Christianity and Theology; also in the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Schweiker, M.Div., Ph.D.</td>
<td>Edward L. Ryerson Distinguished Service Professor of Theological Ethics; also in the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daniel P. Sulmasy, M.D., Ph.D.</td>
<td>Kilbride-Clinton Professor of Medicine and Ethics in the Department of Medicine and the Divinity School; Associate Director of the MacLean Center for Clinical Medical Ethics in the Department of Medicine; Director, Program on Medicine and Religion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brook A. Ziporyn, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Professor of Chinese Religion, Philosophy, and Comparative Thought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daniel A. Arnold, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of the Philosophy of Religions; also in the College.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Simeon Chavel, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of Hebrew Bible; also in the College</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kristine A. Culp, M.Div., Ph.D.</td>
<td>Dean of Disciples Divinity House and Associate Professor of Theology; also in the College.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Curtis J. Evans, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of the History of Christianity and Religions in America.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Hammerschlag, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of Religion and Literature, Philosophy of Religions and History of Judaism; also in the College</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kevin Hector, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of Theology and the Philosophy of Religions</td>
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<tr>
<td>David Martinez, M.Div., Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of Biblical Studies and Classics; also in the Department of Classics and the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard A. Rosengarten, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Dean and Associate Professor of Religion and Literature; also in the College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeffrey Stackert, Ph.D.</td>
<td>Associate Professor of Hebrew Bible; also in the College; Associate Faculty, Department of Classics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Christian K. Wedemeyer, Ph.D., Associate Professor of the History of Religions; also in the College.

Yousef Casewit, Assistant Professor of Qur’anic Studies

Ryan Coyne, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of the Philosophy of Religions and Theology; also in the College.

Alireza Doostdar, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Islamic Studies and the Anthropology of Religion; also in the College.

Sarah Fredericks, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Environmental Ethics

Angie Heo, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of the Anthropology and Sociology of Religion

Karin Krause, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Byzantine Theology and Visual Culture; Affiliate Faculty, Department of Art History

Cynthia Gano Lindner, D.Min., Director of Ministry Studies and Clinical Faculty for Preaching and Pastoral Care.

Lucy K. Pick, Ph.D., Director of Undergraduate Studies and Senior Lecturer in the History of Christianity; Associate Faculty in the Department of History.

Jas Elsner, Ph.D., Visiting Professor of Art and Religion; Associate Faculty, Department of Art History

John Howell, Ph.D., Associate Dean of Students and Lecturer in Religions in America

ASSOCIATED FACULTY

Hussein Ali Agrama, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Anthropology; also in the College.

Philip Bohlman, Ph.D., Ludwig Rosenberger Distinguished Service Professor of the Humanities and of Music and the College.

Rachel Fulton Brown, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Medieval History in the Department of History; also in the College.

Daniel Brudney, Ph.D., Associate Professor in the Department of Philosophy; also in the College.

Steven Collins, D.Phil., Professor in the Department of South Asian Languages and Civilizations; also in the College.

Paul Copp, Ph.D., Associate Professor in Chinese Religion and Thought, East Asian Languages and Civilizations, and the College; Director of Graduate Studies and Director of Undergraduate Studies, East Asian Languages and Civilizations

Fred M. Donner, Ph.D., Professor of Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations, the Oriental Institute, and the College.

Ahmed El Shamsy, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Islamic Thought in the Department of Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations

Christopher Faraone, Ph.D., Frank Curtis Springer and Gertrude Melcher Springer Professor in the Humanities, and the College.
James Ketelaar, Ph.D., Professor in History and East Asian Languages and Civilizations; Director of the Center for East Asian Studies
Franklin Lewis, Ph.D. Associate Professor of Persian Language and Literature in the Department of Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations
Omar McRoberts, Ph.D., Assistant Professor in the Department of Sociology and the College.
Stephen Meredith, Ph.D., Professor in the Department of Pathology, the Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, and the College.
Martha C. Nussbaum, Ph.D., Ernst Freund Distinguished Service Professor of Law and Ethics in the Law School, the Department of Philosophy, and the College; Associate Faculty in the Departments of Classics and Political Science and in the Divinity School; Member of the Committee on Southern Asian Studies; Board Member of the Human Rights Program; Coordinator of the Center for Comparative Constitutionalism
Tahera Qutbuddin, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Arabic Literature in the Department of Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations
Robert J. Richards, Ph.D., Professor in the Departments of History, Philosophy, and Psychology; also in the Committee on the Conceptual Foundations of Science and the College.
J. David Schloen, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Syro-Palestinian Archaeology in the Oriental Institute and the Department of Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations.
Jonathan Z. Smith, Ph.D., Robert O. Anderson Distinguished Service Professor of the Humanities; also in the Committees on the Ancient Mediterranean World and the History of Culture, and the College.
Josef Stern, Ph.D., William H. Colvin Professor in the Department of Philosophy, the Committee on Jewish Studies, and the College; Director, Chicago Center for Jewish Studies.
Richard Strier, Ph.D., Professor of English Language and Literature, and the Committee on Visual Arts.
Christopher J. Wild, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Germanic Studies and the College; Director of Undergraduate Studies of the Department of Germanic Studies

**Members Emeriti**
Bernard O. Brown, D.B., Ph.D., Dean of Rockefeller Chapel (retired) and Associate Professor Emeritus of Religious Ethics; also in the College.
Franklin I. Gamwell, Ph.D., Shailer Mathews Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus of Religious Ethics, the Philosophy of Religions, and Theology.
W. Clark Gilpin, D.B., Ph.D., Margaret E. Burton Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus of the History of Christianity and Theology; also in the College.


Joel Kraemer, Ph.D., John Henry Barrows Professor Emeritus of Jewish Studies; also in the Committees on Jewish Studies and Social Thought, and the Center for Middle Eastern Studies.


Bernard McGinn, S.T.L., Ph.D., Naomi Shenstone Donnelley Professor Emeritus of Historical Theology and the History of Christianity; also in the Committees on Medieval Studies and General Studies.

Michael J. Murrin, Ph.D., Raymond W. and Martha Hilpert Gruner Distinguished Service Professor in the Humanities and Professor of Religion and Literature; also in the Departments of Comparative Literature and of English Language and Literature, and the College.

Frank E. Reynolds, D.B., Ph.D., Professor Emeritus of the History of Religions and Buddhist Studies; also in the Department of South Asian Languages and Civilizations.

David Tracy, S.T.L., S.T.D., Andrew Thomas Greeley and Grace McNichols Greeley Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus of Catholic Studies and Professor of Theology and the Philosophy of Religion; also in the Committee on Social Thought.

**FACULTY COMMITTEES**

Committee on Admissions and Aid
Committee on the A.M. Program
Committee on Degrees
Committee on Honors and Awards
Committee on Ministry Studies
Committee on Promotion and Tenure
Committee on Undergraduate Studies

**BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL UNION**

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

HISTORY AND PURPOSE

Founded in 1890 by John D. Rockefeller, the University of Chicago is a private, coeducational institution located on the South Side of Chicago. Under the leadership of its first president, William Rainey Harper, the University introduced innovations that are now considered commonplace in American colleges and universities: the four-quarter system, extension courses and programs in the liberal arts for adults, the junior college concept, equal opportunities for women in education, and an emphasis on broad humanistic studies for undergraduates. Throughout its history, the University has sought to maintain an atmosphere of free, independent inquiry that is responsive to the needs of communities outside the University itself. Today, the University includes six graduate professional schools (Business, Divinity, Law, Medicine, Public Policy, and Social Service Administration), four graduate divisions (Biological Sciences, Humanities, Physical Sciences, and Social Sciences), the undergraduate College, and the Graham School of General Studies.

A distinguished Semiticist and a member of the Baptist clergy, William Rainey Harper believed that a great research university ought to have as one central occupation the scholarly study of religion, to prepare scholars for careers in teaching and research, and ministers for service to the church. These commitments led him to bring the Morgan Park Seminary of the Baptist Theological Union to Hyde Park, making the Divinity School the first professional school at the University of Chicago.

The Divinity School is located in Swift Hall, on the main quadrangle of the University’s campus and in close proximity to the Divisions of the Humanities and the Social Sciences. Cross-disciplinary work, a long-standing hallmark of the University, is strongly encouraged and in some respects institutionalized: many Divinity School faculty hold joint appointments with other departments in the University, students can and regularly do register for courses outside their specific academic location, and dissertation committees frequently feature coadvisers or readers from other parts of the University.

From its inception, the Divinity School has pursued Harper’s vision of an institution devoted to systematic research and inquiry into the manifold dimensions of religion, seeking to serve both those preparing for careers in teaching and research and those preparing for careers in ministry. The School has served for decades as the largest single institutional educator of faculty members for theological seminaries, departments of theology, and programs in religious studies across the spectrum of educational institutions that comprise American higher education. At the same time, the School is privileged to number among its alumni a long and distinguished list of ministers and religious leaders, and continues this
tradition today through a Master of Divinity (M.Div.) curriculum that prepares students for a life of service to public religious leadership.

**OVERVIEW OF CURRICULUM**

The Divinity School offers programs of study leading to the degrees of Master of Arts (M.A.), Master of Arts in Religious Studies (A.M.R.S.), Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.), and Master of Divinity (M.Div.).

The M.A. program is a two-year foundational program in the academic study of religion for students who wish to acquire the requisite skills to develop a research agenda for doctoral study, or to establish a basis for a career in such related fields as education, publishing, government service, nonprofit work, etc.

The M.A. in Religious Studies (A.M.R.S.) is a concentrated program in the study of religion for those in other professions (e.g., law, medicine, business, journalism, the arts) or those who seek greater knowledge of and sophistication in the study of religion. The degree may be pursued in one year, or over a period of three years, taking one or two courses per quarter, allowing students to balance study with existing professional commitments.

The Ph.D. program is a rigorous program of advanced study and research that prepares students for a lifetime of field-defining scholarship, intellectual leadership and teaching in the academic study of religion.

The M.Div. program is an intensive cohort-based three-year course of study that prepares students for public religious leadership both in traditional ministerial professions and in new and emerging forms of ministry.

The Divinity School also offers dual degree programs with the University’s Irving B. Harris School of Public Policy Studies, Law School, and School of Social Service Administration.

The requirements for each degree offered by the Divinity School are explained in the following section, “Degree Programs and Requirements.”

Students in the A.M.R.S, M.A., and M.Div. programs are required to register for and complete a certain number of courses in order to receive the degree. While Ph.D. students are not required to complete a specific total number of courses for the degree, Ph.D. students are advised to maintain a substantial course load (normally, 2 courses per quarter) during the first two years of doctoral study, in order to both develop their own scholarly capacities and to afford faculty members appropriate opportunities for the assessment of their work. Ph.D. students
should consult the area guidelines for their respective areas of study concerning requirements.

The Divinity School is organized into three committees and eleven areas of study that support the School’s degree programs:

- Constructive Studies in Religion (Religious Ethics, Philosophy of Religions, Theology)
- Historical Studies in Religion (Bible, History of Christianity, History of Judaism)
- Religion and the Human Sciences (History of Religions, Anthropology and Sociology of Religion, and Religion, Literature, and Visual Culture)
- Two areas of study, Islamic Studies and Religions in America, offer courses that may be related across multiple Committees and are therefore not solely associated with only one Committee.

In addition to responsibility for the administration of the curriculum of these areas, the faculty annually offers a small number of courses designed to serve specific program requirements, e.g., the course “Introduction to the Study of Religion” required of all entering M.A., A.M.R.S., and M. Div. students; “Theology in the Public Square” and the “Arts of Ministry” sequence for the M.Div. program; and reading courses for Ph.D. examination preparation and dissertation research. According to personal interests and academic specializations, faculty members of the School may teach in one or more of these areas. The faculty members teaching at present in each committee are listed in the section “Committees of the Faculty and Areas of Study.”

The academic year at the University of Chicago is divided into four quarters of approximately three months each, but the Divinity School offers formal courses only in the autumn, winter, and spring quarters. Students normally matriculate in the autumn quarter. Students in the A.M.R.S. program may choose to matriculate in the autumn, winter or spring quarter following admission. Because the Divinity School is one of the academic units of the University of Chicago, its students have available to them, in addition to courses offered in the Divinity School, a wide range of courses in other divisions and schools. The Divinity School encourages all students to make use of these offerings in view of their specific research interests.

In addition to accommodating students in its degree programs, the Divinity School can make arrangements to accommodate senior research fellows and non-degree students. Scholars holding the Ph.D. degree may apply to be in residence as senior fellows in the Martin Marty Center. For more information, contact the Director of the Martin Marty Center. A student pursuing a doctoral degree at a foreign university may apply to be in residence as a non-degree student if that
student is sponsored by a Divinity School faculty member. For more information, contact the Dean of Students.

Further information regarding the Divinity School is available at http://divinity.uchicago.edu.

Please note: One of the accrediting bodies for the Divinity School is the American Theological Association (ATS). Students who are concerned that the Divinity School may not be in accord with the guidelines established by the ATS are invited to contact the association at http://www.ats.edu.
DEGREE PROGRAMS
AND REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The following general requirements apply to all students in the Divinity School.

A degree from the Divinity School is awarded following the completion of all stipulated requirements for the degree. Requirements for coursework vary among degree programs at the Divinity School. Students in the A.M.R.S., M.A, and M.Div. programs are required to register for and complete a certain number of courses as follows: nine courses for the A.M.R.S. program; fifteen for the M.A. program; twenty-eight for the M.Div. program. All master's level students (A.M.R.S., M.A, and M.Div.) are required to complete the course "Introduction to the Study of Religion". Particular areas of study do require specific courses of their doctoral students, and students should consult relevant faculty members and the guidelines of their specific areas of study concerning these matters. Coursework is also a significant part of the Ph.D. program. Normally, Ph.D. students are required to complete at least two courses per quarter for the first two years of study, both to develop their own scholarly capabilities and to provide appropriate opportunities for faculty members to assess their work.

Students in all degree programs except the A.M.R.S. are required to complete a minimum number of years of scholastic residence. These students normally complete the residence requirement through continuous registration in the autumn, winter, and spring quarters of successive academic years. All students doing research leading to a degree, preparing for the qualifying examination, or writing dissertations must be registered.

M.A. and M.Div. students will not be allowed to register for the second or third year of their programs if they have more than three incomplete grades outstanding. (An incomplete grade is marked as an “I” or a "NGR" on a student's transcript. See the section on “Grading System” for more information.) All students who wish to qualify for federal student loans must be enrolled in at least two courses in a quarter and must have a cumulative GPA of at least 2.0 and a minimum of one passing grade per quarter. Students with incomplete grades must complete the work within one calendar year. Failure to do so may result in repayment penalties with regard to federal student loans, and will jeopardize the student’s status in satisfactory academic progress. In such cases, a Plan for Completion of Incomplete Coursework must be completed and submitted to the Dean of Students to ensure timely completion of academic work.
All degree programs in the Divinity School except the A.M.R.S. require completion of a foreign language requirement. Students complete this requirement by passing the University of Chicago language examination with a “High Pass” (P*). Administered by the University, the examinations test reading comprehension by requiring the translation into idiomatic English of short passages from scholarly publications. M.A. students must the foreign language requirement in either French or German. M.Div. students must meet the requirement in the language determined to be most appropriate for engaging the text(s) of the student’s tradition. Ph.D. students must meet the requirement in French and German, although some areas of study have additional language requirements in other modern or ancient languages. Ph.D. students should consult area guidelines for specific language requirements for the area. Ph.D. students may also petition to substitute either French or German with another language if the language is determined to be more relevant to the student’s access to secondary literature in the field. Such substitutions are made via a minor petition to the Committee on Degrees. Students should contact the Dean of Students for more information on the petition process.

Students may also meet the requirement by receiving the grade of "A" in the University’s "Reading and Research Purposes" courses in either French or German.

Students register to graduate upon completion of all degree requirements. The deadline for such registration is the Friday of the first week of each academic quarter—autumn, winter, spring and summer.

**MASTER OF ARTS PROGRAMS**

The Divinity School offers three master’s degrees: the A.M.R.S., the M.A., and the M.Div.

The A.M.R.S requires completion of nine courses within three years or nine academic quarters, and is a concentrated program in the study of religion for those in other professions (e.g., law, medicine, business, journalism, the arts) or those who seek greater knowledge of and sophistication in the study of religion.

The M.A. requires two years of residence and is a foundational program in the academic study of religion for students who wish to acquire the requisite skills to develop a research agenda for doctoral study, or to establish a basis for a career in such related fields as education, publishing, government service, non-profit work, etc.

The M.Div. requires three years of residence and is an intensive cohort-based course of study that prepares students for public religious leadership both in traditional ministerial professions, including teaching and scholarship, and in new
and emerging forms of public religious leadership. See detailed descriptions of the requirements for these degrees below.

TRANSFER AMONG PROGRAMS

Students are admitted to only one of the master’s-level degree programs, but the Divinity School recognizes that students may change their educational objectives during their first year of study. For that reason, if students have persuasive reasons for doing so, they may petition to transfer among the programs.

Students in the A.M.R.S., M.A., and M.Div. programs are required to take the course introducing students to the study of religion. In the spring quarter of their first year, all students will meet with the Dean of Students to review their academic progress and goals. Students desiring to transfer among programs may petition to do so.

In the winter quarter of the second year (or in the winter quarter of the year following receipt of the M.A. degree) for those enrolled in the M.A. program and of the third year for those enrolled in the M.Div. program, students may apply to the Ph.D. program by in-house petition. M.A. students who wish to do so must have completed three courses in the area of study to which they are applying by the end of the autumn quarter. Students admitted to the Ph.D. program must have received the master’s degree prior to matriculation into the Ph.D. program.

MASTER OF ARTS (M.A.)

The M.A. program is a two-year foundational program in the academic study of religion for students who wish to acquire the requisite skills to develop a research agenda for doctoral study, or to establish a basis for a career in such related fields as education, publishing, government service, non-profit work, etc.

The M.A. program is two years (6 full-time academic quarters) in duration. Students in the program may apply by course of study petition for Ph.D. admission in the winter quarter of their second year or in the winter quarter of the first or second year following receipt of the M.A. Students are required to complete fifteen courses during the six quarters of registration to receive the degree. This number of courses is considered optimal for achieving the program’s dual goal of genuine breadth of acquaintance with the methods of religious inquiry and some depth of knowledge in a specific area of concentration.

Requirements
1. Two years (6 quarters) of registration
2. Proof of competence in French or German (see under General Requirements)
3. Fifteen courses, including the following:
Satisfactory completion during the first year of study of the course “Introduction to the Study of Religion”.

Satisfactory completion of one additional course from each of the three committees of the faculty. Selected courses in each area of study have been designated by the faculty as introductory in that area of study and therefore appropriate in meeting this requirement. These courses have been so noted in the web-based listing of Divinity School courses for each academic quarter. However, any course that is appropriately associated with a given committee of the faculty may meet the distribution requirement.

Unless otherwise indicated, satisfactory completion signifies work completed at the level of B- or higher.

The Introduction to the Study of Religion Course

The academic study of religion(s) is complex not simply by virtue of its diverse subject matter, but because of the many different perspectives from which scholars investigate and define the subject. Scholars of religion throughout the academy engage in research that emphasizes historical, comparative, literary critical, philosophical, social scientific, or ethical methods and questions. The Divinity School faculty believes that the capacity to engage in this interdisciplinary conversation will enrich the student's scholarly agenda. For that reason, the M.A. program requires enrollment during the first year of the program in the DVSC 30400 Introduction to the Study of Religion course. Using a selected text, faculty from a variety of disciplines engage the text in dialogue with the lead instructor and students. This course accomplishes three purposes. First, it illustrates the types of questions that are pursued within the eleven areas of study of the faculty. Second, it situates these methods and questions in the wider sweep of Western inquiries into the nature of religion. Third, it assists the M.A. student in defining the distinctive character of his or her Ph.D. project, and the group of written examinations that would best enable the student to pursue that project.

Because all students in master's programs at the Divinity School are also required to take this course, the conversation is further enriched by the diverse perspectives of scholars who plan careers in the academy as well as leadership within a religious tradition.

Requirements for each course will be determined by the instructor. This course may not be taken pass/fail. Successful completion requires receipt of a letter grade of B- or higher. The following course information is specific to the 2016-2017 academic year:

DVSC 30400 Introduction to the Study of Religion. Sarah Hammerschlag.
This course will examine a seminal moment in the formation of the category “religion,” by focusing on Moses Mendelssohn’s *Jerusalem* (1783). Often considered the foundational text for modern Jewish thought, we will treat it here as a foundational text for the study of religion. We will consider the use that Mendelssohn makes of the category of religion as a means for comparing Judaism and Christianity, the model he proposes for the relationship between church and state, the function of the biblical canon in his claims, and the legacy of the Jewish exemplar for considering other processes of identity negotiation, not only in the West but in other colonial and postcolonial contexts. In order to flesh out these issues, we will read a few of Mendelssohn’s predecessors and his contemporary interlocutors, including Spinoza, Kant and Lessing, and recent attempts to rethink the legacy of *Jerusalem*, such as selections from Amir Mufti’s *Enlightenment in the Colony* and Leora Batnizky’s *How Judaism became a Religion*. The course will include a series of class lectures by Divinity School faculty members across the areas of study who will treat the text’s legacy by considering the persistence of its questions across multiple subfields and the differences in its refractions when engaged by various methods.

**Elective Course Work**

With the exception of the introductory course, DVSC 30400 “Introduction to the Study of Religion”, M.A. students elect their course work for the degree. A total of fifteen courses are required over the two years of the program. They consult with faculty about the courses that would be most useful in helping them to determine the focus and direction of their work. The following guidelines outline the types of work these students should pursue over the two years of the program:

1. Further courses emphasizing breadth in the study of religion—M.A. students must complete three additional courses beyond the introductory course, one from each of the three committees of the faculty.
2. Courses in the area of study in which the student wishes to concentrate Ph.D. study—the M.A. student who applies to the Ph.D. program must have completed three courses in the proposed area of concentration.
3. Language study, further elective course work in the Divinity School, or course work elsewhere in the University.

**Application to the Ph.D. Program**

The Divinity School’s M.A. program is its primary source of Ph.D. students. While admission to the M.A. does not guarantee admission to the Ph.D., the Divinity School does offer its M.A. students the opportunity to apply to the Ph.D. program by in-house petition, and a student’s performance in the M.A. program constitutes the central criterion for admission to the Ph.D program.

M.A. students apply to the Ph.D. program in the winter quarter of the second year or the winter quarter following receipt of the M.A. (The residence requirement
makes it impossible for the student to complete all M.A. degree requirements before applying to the Ph.D. program; Ph.D. admission is contingent upon successful completion of all M.A. requirements prior to registration as a Ph.D. student.)

To apply to the Ph.D. program, an M.A. student must accomplish the following:

1. Satisfactory completion of three courses, with grades recorded on the transcript, in the area in which the student proposes to concentrate Ph.D. study. These must be completed by the conclusion of the autumn quarter of the year prior to that in which the student makes application to the Ph.D. program.
2. Submission of an appropriate research paper written for a course offered by the area to which the student is applying. It must be submitted with the grade and original faculty comments.
3. Submission of a course of study petition requesting a faculty adviser, proposing written examinations—listing at least four Divinity School faculty members—and outlining a program of study at the Ph.D. level.

MASTER OF ARTS IN RELIGIOUS STUDIES (A.M.R.S.)

The M.A. program in Religious Studies is a concentrated program in the academic study of religion for those in other fields or professions (e.g., law, medicine, business, journalism, the arts), or those who seek greater knowledge in the study of religion. The A.M.R.S. program can be completed in one year, or students may choose to pursue the degree by enrolling in no less than one course per quarter over a period of no more than nine academic quarters.

In consultation with the faculty advisor and the Dean of Students, A.M.R.S. students are free to choose from the course offerings of the various areas of study in the Divinity School and other parts of the University to meet these requirements. In some cases, the consent of the instructor may be required.

Requirements

1. Registration for, and completion of, a minimum of nine courses. Students are normally enrolled for no more than the equivalent of 3 academic years.

2. Satisfactory completion of the course “Introduction to the Study of Religion.”

3. Satisfactory completion (B- or above) of courses in at least three areas of study in at least two of the committees of the faculty. Students should consult with the Dean of Students and their faculty advisor concerning an appropriate range of course work that meets this requirement.
4. Completion of a one-hour oral examination based on a paper that represents the student’s interests in the study of religion. This document is normally the revised version of a paper the student wrote to complete the requirements of a course. The oral examination is convened by the Dean of Students, and includes the student and two faculty members with whom the student has worked. The examination paper is chosen by the student, but the student’s choice must be approved well in advance by the faculty member under whose direction the paper was originally written. A student scheduling his or her examination must make application to do so no later than the third week of the quarter in which he or she intends to take it.

Students from a variety of professions have pursued the A.M.R.S. degree, each focusing his/her coursework in one or more of the Divinity School’s eleven areas of study. These students also take advantage of related coursework available across the University of Chicago, e.g., courses in the Humanities and Social Sciences Divisions. For some, the goal is focused study in one area. For others, their course selections reveal a desire to study broadly in the field of religion to learn more about particular religious traditions as well as developing skill in the theories and method that undergird the academic study of religion as a human phenomenon. Faculty may recommend language study as deemed appropriate for the student’s course of study.

A.M.R.S. students may pursue the degree in one, focused full-time year of study. Given the demands of their current professions, many more will choose to pursue the degree at a slower pace, earning 9 course credits over as many as three academic years. Tuition is charged on a per course basis, making this option attractive for active professionals who must balance their studies with a busy career. A.M.R.S. students are also encouraged to take advantage of graduate student workshops, lectures and academic clubs.

**DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY (P.H.D.) PROGRAM**

The Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) program prepares students for teaching and research in the area of religion. Instruction and research in the Ph.D. program is organized by means of the eleven areas of study: Anthropology and Sociology of Religion, Bible, History of Christianity, History of Judaism, History of Religions, Islamic Studies, Philosophy of Religions, Religions in America, Religion Literature and Visual Culture, Religious Ethics, and Theology. Ph.D. students concentrate their work in an area of study toward the end of achieving a high level of expertise and the capacity to pursue advanced research in it. Ph.D. students also must pursue substantial work in at least one other area of study to prepare broadly for their future careers and to locate their research in contexts outside of, but relevant to, their own concentration.

The Divinity School’s Committee on Degrees—composed of the Dean of Students and three faculty members from across each of the committees of the faculty—supervises the individual doctoral student’s course of study and dissertation
propose. (Students who enter the Ph.D. program from the M.A. in Divinity program must complete all requirements for the Ph.D. not completed as part of their M.A. curriculum.)

Requirements

1. Satisfactory completion (at least B- level) of significant coursework during at least the first two years of study. Normally, Ph.D. students are enrolled in a minimum of two courses per quarter during these first two years.

2. Successful completion of the required seminar for first year doctoral students, normally offered in the autumn quarter.

3. Approval from the Committee on Degrees of a course of study petition outlining the student's anticipated program of study through the qualifying examination. (For students in the Divinity School’s M.A. in Divinity program, this petition constitutes part of the application for doctoral admission.) Entering Ph.D. students must submit this petition during their first year in residence. (For further details, see the section “The Course of Study Petition.”)

4. Ph.D. students must demonstrate reading competence in two languages for scholarly research. Students must successfully meet all language reading exam requirements in order to be eligible to take doctoral qualifying exams. This includes any area-specific requirements for ancient and modern languages as well as French, German, or any approved substitution. Under normal circumstances, these languages will be French and German. Students may meet the requirement by taking the University’s language exams and receiving a grade of "high-pass" (P*), or by receiving a grade of "A" in the University’s "Reading and Research Purposes" courses offered in French and German. When a student, in consultation with her or his advisor for the course of study, comes to the judgment that there is in fact a modern scholarly language that is of more immediate relevance to said course of study, the student may petition the Committee on Degrees to replace French or German with that language. Only one such replacement may be requested. The petition must explain the rationale for the replacement, and demonstrate (a) that the replacement language is indeed of central scholarly importance to the student’s program (i.e., that the scholarly literature in the language is significant) and (b) that the language being replaced is not at least equally relevant. The petition should also indicate whether the University offers a reading examination in the language or, in cases when such an examination is unavailable, explain how the student will certify reading competence. Decisions of the Committee are final, and may not be appealed, i.e., such a petition will be reviewed by the Committee once. N.B.: All Ph.D. students must satisfactorily complete the foreign language reading exams before being allowed to sit for Ph.D. qualifying exams. This includes any area-specific language exam requirements.

5. Satisfactory completion of courses, colloquia, and assignments that may be stipulated in the specific guidelines of the student’s area of concentration.

6. Satisfactory completion of the second-year progress conference, normally held in the spring quarter of the second year, or the fall of the third year. Progress
conferences are held in accordance with the respective area’s guidelines, and will normally include assessment of coursework to date, cogency of the course of study petition, readiness for qualifying examinations, and development of the dissertation project. A report from the advisor and a timeline for the qualifying examinations is submitted to the Dean of Students following the conference.

7. Satisfactory completion of the qualifying examinations, which consists of:
   a. the four written examinations specified in the student’s petition and approved by the Committee on Degrees,
   b. a research paper written by the student and submitted to all examiners during the first week of the quarter in which the student takes the qualifying examination, and
   c. a concluding oral examination focused on the research paper and the written examinations. The oral examination committee must include at least four Divinity School faculty members. (For further details, see the section “The Qualifying Examination,” below.)

8. The completion of teaching assignments equivalent to a total of five (5) teaching points, consistent with the established point system for various levels of teaching appointments currently in effect. The current point value system is available from the Dean of Students. (For example, a teaching assistant appointment is worth one point, and a lecturer appointment is worth two (2) points.) Students ordinarily will begin teaching in the third year, completing two assignments in each of the third and fourth years. A student should consult with the academic advisor to plan for the timing of the qualifying exams and the completion of the teaching assignments.

9. The completion of an acceptable dissertation approved by the student’s established reading committee. The dissertation shall be an original contribution to scholarship in the area of religious inquiry. The dissertation proposal must be submitted no later than one calendar year after the successful completion of the qualifying exams.

10. The student should complete the qualifying examinations and submit the dissertation proposal by the end of the fourth year of residence.

11. Students entering the Ph.D. program prior to summer quarter 2016, are limited to a maximum 12 years of academic registration, inclusive of any leaves of absence or quarters in pro forma registration. Students who are admitted to candidacy but have not completed the Ph.D. by the end of the twelfth year will be administratively withdrawn from the University at the conclusion of that period, and will no longer have any privileges associated with active student registration. Such students who wish to ultimately complete the dissertation and graduate with the Ph.D. degree must petition the Committee on Degrees for permission to complete the dissertation. A timeline approved by the advisor must be submitted. Such students may graduate in a subsequent quarter, and will be enrolled at the prevailing pro forma tuition. Students must meet all other requirements for the completion of the PhD degree, including a successful midpoint review, approval of the dissertation by the dissertation committee,
and submission of the dissertation to the University’s Dissertation Office by the
stated deadlines.
12. Students entering the Ph.D. program effective summer 2016 and following
are limited to nine (9) years of academic registration. Leaves of absence or
quarters of pro forma registration, however, are not counted within the 9 year
limit. Students who are admitted to candidacy but have not completed the
Ph.D. by the end of the ninth year will be administratively withdrawn from
the University at the conclusion of that period, and will no longer have any
privileges associated with active student registration. Such students who wish
to ultimately complete the dissertation and graduate with the Ph.D. degree must
petition the Committee on Degrees for permission to complete the dissertation.
A timeline approved by the advisor must be submitted. Such students may
graduate in a subsequent quarter, and will be enrolled at the prevailing pro
forma tuition. Students must meet all other requirements for the completion
of the Ph.D. degree, including a successful midpoint review, approval of the
dissertation by the dissertation committee, and submission of the dissertation to
the University’s Dissertation Office by the stated deadlines.

The Course of Study Petition
The course of study petition includes the following:

1. A statement that identifies topics of scholarly interest and a proposal for
research.
2. A list of four written examinations drawn from among those offered by the
areas of study as best suited to the student’s program. (At least four Divinity
School faculty members must participate in the written examinations.)
3. The designation of one faculty member as adviser for the student’s course of
study.

The student submits the original hardcopy petition and one electronic copy to
the Dean of Students Office by the Friday of the sixth week of the appropriate
quarter. The petition is first reviewed by faculty working in the student’s area
of concentration, who then refer the petition to the Committee with their
recommendation for action.

The Qualifying Examination
Ph.D. students normally take the qualifying examination within three calendar
years of approval from the Committee on Degrees of the course of study petition.
(The precise timing is determined by the student in consultation with the adviser
and other faculty examiners.) The process of study leading up to the examination
provides an opportunity for systematic consideration of the student’s field of
professional competence in religious studies, as well as in at least one other related
field. The examination itself is intended to demonstrate the student’s general
knowledge of the scholarship in these professional fields of competence and also the
student’s readiness to pursue a dissertation. The qualifying examination contains both written and oral components. Students register for exams no later than the first week of the quarter in which the exams will be taken. To register, please contact the Assistant Dean of Students no later than the first week of the quarter in which the examinations are to be taken.

The written examinations test the student’s ability to organize, synthesize, and analyze a substantial body of knowledge and reading in response to questions set by the faculty. The student completes four written examinations selected from those offered by the areas of study in the Divinity School. The student will usually complete three examinations in his or her area of concentration and one from another area. Some areas may encourage students to complete two examinations in the area of concentration and two from other areas. Students should consult the respective Area Guidelines, available in the Dean of Students Office, for further details about examinations and oral statement papers.

Each written examination is four hours in length, and students pick up the questions at the Divinity School and return them there. Students may also choose to receive and submit their qualifying exams electronically. (Time will be allowed before and after each exam for pick-up and return. In exceptional cases, space will be provided to write exams in Swift Hall.) The Divinity School faculty regards the optimal length of a student’s answer to any one set of examination questions to be a total of 3,000 to 4,500 words, or ten to fifteen typed, double spaced pages. Students have the options of writing their answers by hand or a word processor.

Based on consultation between the student and the student’s advisor, the research paper will ordinarily have as its topic a subject in the student’s intended area of dissertation research, and should indicate the student’s capacity for writing a dissertation. The paper should be twenty-five to forty pages, typed and double-spaced, and should be submitted to all examiners early in (ideally during the first week of) the quarter in which the student plans to take the qualifying examination.

The oral examination tests the student’s ability to engage in discussion of issues relevant to his or her fields of competence. The written examinations, the published bibliographies for the exams the student is taking, and the research paper form the basis of the oral examination.

The student’s advisor for the course of study convenes the oral examination and is specifically responsible for communicating its result to the student at the conclusion of the examination. The Dean of Students writes to each examinee following the oral examination week to communicate formally the result of his or her qualifying examination.
A student who has not completed the qualifying examination within three years of the approval of the course of study must consult with the dean and the dean of students to establish a satisfactory deadline for its completion.

Although bibliographies for individual exams may change from time to time, a student is entitled to take the qualifying examination based on the bibliography in effect when his or her course of study petition is approved by the Committee on Degrees, so long as the student takes the examination within five years of that date. A student who has not taken the qualifying examination within that five-year period will ordinarily use the bibliographies in effect at the time the examination is taken. A student who has not completed the qualifying examination and has been out of residence for a total of five years or more must take the examination in effect at the time of resumption of residency.

To achieve a passing grade on the qualifying examination, a student must normally accomplish the following:

1. Score B or higher on all written examinations.
2. Complete the oral examination at a satisfactory level, as determined by the examining committee (this includes production of a satisfactory research document).

In cases where most or all of the written examinations are at the B level, a strong oral examination is necessary in order for the student to pass the qualifying examination. Grades on qualifying examinations are not subject to appeal, and failed qualifying examinations may not be retaken.

Procedures for Writing the Dissertation

Upon completion of the qualifying examination, the student proceeds to the dissertation. Three formal steps organize this process: the dissertation proposal colloquium and subsequent submission of the proposal to the Committee on Degrees, the midpoint review of dissertation research, and the oral defense of the completed dissertation. Throughout the process, the student is responsible for maintaining good contact with the dissertation committee and providing regular updates on progress.

1. The dissertation proposal colloquium, which takes place following completion of the qualifying examination, is a meeting of the student and the dissertation reading committee (normally three members of the faculty—an adviser from the Divinity School faculty and two readers) to review the dissertation proposal. It should be noted that the dissertation adviser may be someone other than the student’s program adviser hitherto. Further details on the dissertation proposal can be found in the “Guidelines of the Committee on Degrees,” available in the Dean of Students Office. During the colloquium the student and the committee should
discuss their expectations for their work together, including the timing of reading chapters and the format in which work should be submitted (by email or in hard copy).

When the members of the dissertation reading committee approve the proposal, the student submits the proposal in the form of a formal petition to the Committee on Degrees. Approval of this petition establishes the student as a Ph.D. candidate. A student who has not submitted a dissertation proposal to the Committee on Degrees by the end of the fourth year of residence must consult with the Dean and Dean of Students to establish a satisfactory deadline for submission of the proposal.

2. The midpoint oral review of dissertation research occurs at a time determined by the student in consultation with the adviser, usually after the student has written two chapters. It provides an opportunity for the student and the reading committee to discuss the work in progress, both to review what has been written and to discuss what needs to be done to complete the dissertation. The adviser should provide written notification of the successful completion of the oral review to the Dean of Students.

3. Students must submit a complete draft of the dissertation to the committee by the middle (5th week) of the quarter before the quarter in which they expect to graduate. Faculty will return comments to the student by the first day of the next quarter. This will allow the student 5 weeks to complete any necessary revisions and to obtain the committee’s final approval before submitting the final copy to the Dissertation Office in time to graduate that quarter. The oral defense of the dissertation is a requirement that may be waived upon the recommendation of the dissertation committee and the approval of the Dean. Guidelines for formatting, and dates of submission of the final dissertation to the Dissertation Office, can be found online at http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/phd/

The student must complete the dissertation within five calendar years after establishing Ph.D. candidacy, unless further extension is approved by the Committee on Degrees in consultation with the dissertation adviser. Extension of this five-year period will be granted only in extraordinary circumstances.

Guidelines for Progress in Ph.D. Studies

The Divinity School faculty has established a set of guidelines for normal progress through the Ph.D. program, as follows:

1. Approval of the course of study petition by the end of the first year of full-time residence.
2. Demonstration of competence in French and German by the end of the second year of full-time residence. This requirement must be successfully completed in order to take doctoral qualifying exams.
3. Completion of the progress conference, as stipulated by the area of study, normally by the end of the second year or the autumn of the third year of full-time residence. The progress conference must be completed in order to take doctoral qualifying exams.

4. Completion of the qualifying examinations, normally by the end of the third year of full-time residence.

5. Approval of the dissertation proposal by the end of the fourth year of full-time residence.

6. Completion of the dissertation within five calendar years of approval of the dissertation proposal.

7. Students entering the Ph.D. program prior to summer quarter 2016, are limited to a maximum 12 years of academic registration, inclusive of any leaves of absence or quarters in pro forma registration. Students who are admitted to candidacy but have not completed the Ph.D. by the end of the twelfth year will be administratively withdrawn from the University at the conclusion of that period, and will no longer have any privileges associated with active student registration. Such students who wish to ultimately complete the dissertation and graduate with the Ph.D. degree must petition the Committee on Degrees for permission to complete the dissertation. A timeline approved by the advisor must be submitted. Such students may graduate in a subsequent quarter, and will be enrolled at the prevailing pro forma tuition.

8. Students entering the Ph.D. program effective summer 2016 and following are limited to nine (9) years of academic registration. Leaves of absence or quarters of pro forma registration, however, are not counted within the 9 year limit. Students who are admitted to candidacy but have not completed the Ph.D. by the end of the ninth year will be administratively withdrawn from the University at the conclusion of that period, and will no longer have any privileges associated with active student registration. Such students who wish to ultimately complete the dissertation and graduate with the Ph.D. degree must petition the Committee on Degrees for permission to complete the dissertation. A timeline approved by the advisor must be submitted. Such students may graduate in a subsequent quarter, and will be enrolled at the prevailing pro forma tuition.

Students should plan their program of study in accordance with these guidelines, consulting as appropriate their faculty advisor and the Dean of Students. A student who anticipates difficulty in meeting one of the guidelines should discuss this with the faculty advisor and the Dean of Students.

The deans, in consultation with faculty in the appropriate area of study, may on rare occasions advise a student to discontinue doctoral studies. Such discussions may occur between approval of the course of study petition and the qualifying
examination, or between completion of the qualifying examination and approval of the dissertation proposal.

A student's Ph.D. studies may be terminated formally by failure to produce a satisfactory course of study petition that is approved by the Committee on Degrees; failure of the qualifying examination; failure to prepare a satisfactory dissertation proposal in an appropriate period of time (by the end of the fourth year of full-time residence); or failure to write a dissertation that is deemed satisfactory by the dissertation committee.

MINISTRY PROGRAMS

The Master of Divinity (M.Div.) program is a course of professional study, preparing students for careers in religious leadership, including congregational ministries, university chaplaincy, and spiritual care in hospitals, the military, and other institutional settings. The M.Div. program welcomes students from a wide variety of faith communities, including Christian, Jewish, Buddhist, Hindu, Muslim, and secular humanist students. In addition to the standard three-year Master of Divinity degree, the Divinity School offers dual-degree programs in cooperation with the University's Irving B. Harris School of Public Policy Studies, the Law School, and the School of Social Service Administration, enabling students to prepare for careers that combine ministry with public policy, law, or social work. Ph.D. students in the Divinity School with an interest in ministry may apply to complete a year of coursework and field work leading to the granting of a certificate in religious leadership.

M.Div. students at the Divinity School access the rich resources for scholarship provided by the entire curriculum of the Divinity School and the many graduate divisions of the University. They are also able to take courses offered by the city's several theological schools, and to engage in training and learning experiences throughout the Chicago metropolitan area. Within walking distance of the Divinity School are major theological institutions of the Lutheran, Roman Catholic, Presbyterian, United Church of Christ, and Disciples of Christ communions; it is a short commute to similar institutions representing the Unitarian, Episcopal, Methodist, and Evangelical traditions, and the American Islamic College, to name just a few. The city and its environs are home to countless religious communities, professional training centers (hospitals offering Clinical Pastoral Education [CPE] and chaplaincy training programs, counseling centers, etc.), social service centers, community organizations, and political action groups. The M.Div. program encourages students to engage robustly in the practical formation offered by these centers of life and work. International Study Grants enabling M.Div. students to study religious leadership in other global contexts are also available.

The M.Div. and certification programs are planned and supervised by the Committee on Ministry Studies of the Divinity School. The Director of Ministry
Studies acts as a general advisor to all students in ministry programs and assists them in establishing an advisory relationship with particular faculty members with whom the specialized components of the student's program are designed. The Director, in conjunction with the Director of Field Education and Community Engagement, also advises all students in the program on field placement and denominational requirements.

**MASTER OF DIVINITY (M.DIV.)**

The M.Div. program seeks to prepare religious and spiritual leaders representative of a variety of faith traditions who are equipped to serve in diverse contexts, and who will continue to learn and grow lifelong in the practice of ministry. To this end, the MDiv curriculum provides a sequence of studies that requires the student to (1) establish a breadth of competence in religious studies; (2) develop a thorough understanding of textual, historical, and theological foundations for ministry; and (3) integrate this classical program of learning with rigorous and reflective practice.

The field education component of the program offers students rich opportunities for practical experience in both congregational settings and alternative forms of ministry. First year students experience selected ministry sites through an introduction to Chicago's south side neighborhoods during their colloquium, Introduction to Ministry Studies. Second-year students spend one year of supervised field education in a faith community in the Chicago area, chosen by the student in consultation with the field education director and the community's leaders. This assignment aims to provide broad exposure to the life of a faith community and various practices of ministry. An additional fieldwork component offers the opportunity for students to engage in a unit of hospital chaplaincy, campus ministry, community advocacy, or other specialized training in some aspect of ministry. The fieldwork requirement may be satisfied by working at the site full time for three months or spreading out the work over a longer period for the same number of hours.

Three exercises in practical theological and spiritual reflection—one in each year of the M.Div. program—provide a common structure for the work of all students in the program. These include: Theology in the Public Square course (taken the first year, taught in winter quarter) along with the Introduction to Ministry Studies (a year-long integration seminar during the first year); the second-year Arts of Ministry sequence with the concurrent year-long Practicum; and the third-year Senior Thesis Seminar culminating in the Senior Ministry Project presentation.

Theology in the Public Square, taken by all first-year students, analyzes the historical and cultural contexts of particular instances of American religious communities and religious leadership, while in Introduction to Ministry Studies (also known as Colloquium) students identify, examine, and synthesize the components of practical reflection, the core of ministerial practice. Students are
encouraged to think about their preparation for leadership as one oriented towards multiple publics: the religious/spiritual community, the academy, and wider society.

The Arts of Ministry sequence in Worship and Preaching; Pastoral Care and Counseling; and Community, Leadership, and Change offers coursework in the practice of ministry. On the one hand, it relates these perennial features of ministry to the Divinity School’s theological and cultural exploration of religious and spiritual leadership, ritual and practice. On the other hand, it relates this reflective awareness of religious practices to the concrete experiences of the second-year field education settings.

The Senior Ministry Project consists of a thesis and a public presentation that draw together the student’s work in historical, systematic, and practical theology to arrive at an appropriate and intellectually plausible judgment about some aspect of religious/spiritual thought or practice. The specific balance among historical, systematic, and practical theological resources will vary according to the student’s interests and the faculty advisor with whom she or he works.

As students engage in these exercises of practical theological reflection and in fieldwork, they are also expected to extend their knowledge base in historical and theological studies with additional courses in the sacred texts and history of their faith tradition. They will also select an upper-level theology course for which they will produce a paper in constructive theology—addressing a central theological question, reckoning with the position of a major thinker, and coming to a critical judgment of the question. M.Div. students are also encouraged to investigate course offerings in other departments of the University which might broaden a student’s cultural competence or deepen the skill set in a particular area of interest. M.Div. students often find the coursework at SSA, the Harris School, the Division of Social Sciences, and the Committee on Human Rights particularly useful.

Requirements
The M.Div. degree requires registration for three full years of scholastic residence, with the completion of a minimum of 29 courses distributed across the Divinity School’s areas of study.

These requirements are most often completed during the first year of study:

1. The masters-level introductory course, “Introduction to the Study of Religion.” (Some students may choose to substitute “Classical Theories of Religion.”)

2. Theology in the Public Square
3. Coursework in the scripture and/or history of the student’s chosen tradition.

4. Introduction to Theology or a comparable course in philosophy or thought in the student’s chosen tradition

5. Participation in the weekly reflection seminar and field experience for first-year students, Introduction to Ministry Studies: Colloquium

6. Acquisition of basic skills in a relevant textual language such as Koine Greek, Biblical Hebrew, Quranic Arabic, Sanskrit, or Tibetan, followed by a course in scriptural or textual exegesis employing the language

2. These requirements are most often completed during the second year of study:

1. The Arts of Ministry: a three quarter sequence including Ritual and Preaching, Spiritual Care and Counseling, and Community, Leadership, and Change

2. Three quarters of field education in a community or practice, including successful completion of the practicum, Practice of Ministry, which meets weekly across the entire second year

3. One course, selected in consultation with the instructor and the Director of Ministry Studies, for which the student submits a constructive paper; to be completed before participation in the Senior Ministry Project seminar.

3. These requirements are most often completed during the third year of study:

1. Completion of the Senior Ministry Project, including enrollment in the Senior Ministry Thesis Seminar in the winter quarter. The project consists of two parts:

   1. A thirty-five page thesis

   2. The oral presentation of the project in an appropriate public forum that includes ministry students, members of the Committee on Ministry Studies, and wider audiences, as appropriate

4. These requirements may be completed at any time across the three years of M.Div. residence:

1. At least two history courses in the student’s chosen tradition
2. At least one course in a religious tradition other than the student’s own.

3. An additional unit of approved and supervised fieldwork.

M.Div. students may take up to four courses at Chicago-area theological schools, ordinarily for purposes of meeting ordination requirements. Each course must be approved in advance by the Director of Ministry Studies and the Dean of Students in the Divinity School. In special circumstances, with the approval of the Director and the Committee on Ministry Studies, students may take up to two additional courses in these schools.

All M.Div. students are expected to maintain a grade average of at least B-. A student whose grade average falls below B- may be placed on academic probation or asked by the Committee on Ministry Studies to terminate his or her program of study. Students are advised to avoid the accumulation of incompletes on their transcript. Students who have three or more incomplete courses on their transcripts may be restricted from registration until progress is made towards resolving incomplete work.

FINANCIAL AID

The Divinity School makes every effort to relieve a significant part of the financial burden involved in preparation for ministry. M.Div. students qualify for various forms of Divinity School financial assistance. These include:

1. Entering Fellowships in Ministry Studies.

2. Tuition scholarships that pay from half to full tuition. These awards are based on academic merit; they are also renewable.

3. Field education stipends of $2,000 per quarter to all second-year M.Div. students participating in the Arts of Ministry sequence while serving a local congregation.

4. Fieldwork stipends of $1,500 to support the completion of the fieldwork placement. When such placement requires a registration fee (e.g., for Clinical Pastoral Education), the Divinity School subsidizes such a charge up to $500.

CERTIFICATION IN MINISTERIAL STUDIES FOR PH.D. STUDENTS

The program of Certification in Ministerial Studies is intended for students whose ultimate educational and professional goals require scholarly attainment in one of the fields of religious studies, and who desire as well the professional educational qualifications for religious leadership. A sequence that is pursued during one full year of a student’s Ph.D. program, the certification program includes requirements
Degree Programs and Requirements

in field education, arts of ministry, and major papers in religious thought, religious community, and a particular issue in religious life or leadership. To enter the program, a student must have the consent of his or her academic adviser and the Director of Ministry Studies, and submit a petition to the Committee on Degrees in the winter quarter prior to the desired certification year. Before receiving the certification, the student must complete all requirements for the Ph.D. degree, including the dissertation. In general, the certification program will add one full year to the normal student career. The requirements for the Certification in Religious Leadership are as follows:

1. Completion of nine approved courses. The student is required to take the three-quarter sequence in the Arts of Ministry in the autumn, winter, and spring quarters.

2. Completion of three quarters of congregation-based fieldwork, and the Field Education Practicum.

3. Submission of three papers on religious leadership to an examining committee. One paper must be an exposition of foundational theological or philosophical resources on which the student draws in conceptualizing and performing spiritual leadership. A second paper must develop a normative understanding of religious community in relation to the foundational position. At third paper must explore a problematic context within which the religious community exists and its work is performed. This paper may focus upon the personal, societal, or cultural dimensions of a problem. The student should select courses in addition to those in the Arts of Ministry sequence to assist in the preparation of these three papers.

4. Successful completion of an oral examination based on the above three papers. The oral examination will be conducted by a committee of at least four faculty members, including a chairperson. The examining committee may recommend additional requirements to be fulfilled by the student before awarding the Certification in Religious Leadership.

5. The Certification in Religious Leadership is conferred upon successful completion of the above program and the successful completion of all requirements for the Ph.D. degree, including the dissertation. In no case will the Certification in Religious Leadership be given to a student who fails to complete all requirements of the Ph.D. program.

Dual Degree Programs

The Divinity School offers dual degree programs with the School of Social Service Administration and the Irving B. Harris School of Public Policy Studies. These programs serve students who wish to combine education for ministry with training for social work or expertise in public policy. In addition to making these pursuits formally possible at the University, the dual degree programs allow students to
complete a M.Div. and an A.M. in social work or public policy in four years, rather than five if the two degrees are pursued separately. Students in the dual degree programs register for eight quarters in the Divinity School and four quarters in the cooperating school. The recommended arrangement is the completion of two years (six quarters) at the Divinity School, followed by one year and one quarter (four quarters) at the SSA or Harris School, followed by two final quarters at the Divinity School. Students enrolled in a dual program complete all of the ordinary requirements for the M.Div., but need take only twenty four courses for the degree with SSA, or twenty-two courses for the degree with the Harris School, rather than twenty-eight.

The Divinity School and the Law School also offer dual degree programs for students whose professional plans require training both in religion and in law. Students may apply to do a dual A.M.R.S./J.D., A.M./J.D., M.Div./J.D., or Ph.D./J.D. For more information about these programs, please contact the Dean of Students Office.

APPLICATION

Applicants must gain acceptance to both schools to enroll in a dual degree program. Normally, the prospective student will apply to both schools prior to matriculation, and indicate on each application his or her intent to pursue the dual degree. First-year M.Div. students may, however, make application during that year to the relevant A.M. program and enter the dual degree program upon acceptance by the SSA or the Harris School. At each school, offers of admission are for the fall quarter. Admission to one program is advantageous, but does not guarantee admission to the other; be advised that these programs have admission limits and so it is important to apply to SSA or Harris School at least a year before you intend to begin there.

FINANCIAL AID

Students enrolled in the dual degree program are eligible for financial assistance from the institution at which they are registering, that is, for eight quarters of assistance from the Divinity School and four quarters from the SSA or Harris School. The financial aid policies of the three schools differ significantly, and students should anticipate that tuition charges and financial assistance will vary depending on where they are registered for a particular quarter. Registration Students in the dual degree program register for a total of eight quarters at the Divinity School and four quarters at the SSA or the Harris School. As mentioned above, the recommended sequence is for the student to spend the first two years (six quarters) at the Divinity School, the 26 third year (three quarters) and the first quarter (fall) of the fourth year at the at the SSA or Harris School, and the final two quarters (winter and spring) at the Divinity School. This arrangement has the greatest potential to ensure that the student will participate fully in each program. It is essential that the student devote a full academic year to the required curriculum of the SSA or the Harris School, and, given the collegial nature of the program, it is best for ministry
students to complete the first two years of the M.Div. in the company of their entering class. This sequence also has administrative advantages. Each school counts quarters of registration as a requirement for the degree, so the student must be registered for the required number of quarters at the respective school. It is also least disruptive to the student's registration and financial arrangements (for example, for loans and work/study eligibility) to minimize the number of times that the student officially transfers from one school to another.

FIELD WORK (SSA DUAL DEGREE ONLY)

The M.Div. from the Divinity School and the A.M. from the School of Social Service Administration each require students to complete two field education components. For the Divinity School, these requirements are (a) the field education internship (the second-year placement in a local congregation under the supervision of a Ministry Supervisor and the Director of Field Education and Community Engagement) and (b) another unit of field work (a more focused field experience, usually completed after the field education internship). The SSA requires two year-long field work assignments. Students in the dual degree program must meet the field education requirements of both schools, but are usually able to arrange for the second year-long field work requirement at the SSA to fulfill the second field work requirement of the Divinity School as well. They are thus able to complete the field education requirements for both degrees with three field placements, rather than the four that would be necessary if the degrees were completed separately. This arrangement is subject to the approval of the Director of Ministry Studies at the Divinity School. Approval should be secured before beginning the second year-long assignment for the SSA.

CURRICULUM AND INTEGRATION

The dual degree programs have much to recommend them, but they do not provide the student with as much latitude in arranging his or her curriculum as would be the case if the student were pursuing the degrees separately. Particularly in the fourth year, when completing the second year of study at the SSA or the Harris School, the Senior Ministry Thesis, and culminating coursework at the Divinity School, students can experience conflicts in scheduling that, while inevitable, nonetheless frustrate good intentions. It is wise for students to aim to complete a substantial portion of the coursework required for the M.Div. during the first two years at the Divinity School. We encourage students to use the Senior Ministry Thesis as a way to formally synthesize their work in the two programs. It is highly recommended that students retain coadvisers, one from the Divinity School, and one from the SSA or Harris School, to assist them in a Senior Ministry Thesis that will facilitate this integration.
DIVINITY - ANTHROPOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGY OF RELIGION COURSES

AASR 30232. Sociology of Religion. 100 Units.
What is religion? How can religion be studied sociologically? How did religion’s significance change as the world enters the modern age? What affects the different importance and position of religions in different societies? How do we account for the growth and decline of religious groups? What social factors and processes influence individuals’ religious beliefs, commitments, practices, conversions, and switching? In what ways can religion impact economy, politics, gender, and race relations in modern times? These are the core questions that this course intends to deal with. The course is designed to cultivate in students an understanding of the distinctively sociological approach to studying religion and familiarize students with the important theoretical approaches as well as major findings, problems, and issues in the field.
Instructor(s): Y. Sun Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): SOCI 30232, SOCI 20232

AASR 32900. Classical Theories of Religion. 100 Units.
This course will survey the development of theoretical perspectives on religion and religions in the 19th and early 20th centuries. Thinkers to be studied include: Kant, Hume, Schleiermacher, Feuerbach, Marx, Müller, Tiele, Tylor, Robertson Smith, Frazer, Durkheim, Weber, Freud, James, Otto, van der Leeuw, Wach, and Eliade.
Instructor(s): Christian Wedemeyer Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 32900, ANTH 35005

AASR 33900. Islam and Biomedicine. 100 Units.
While modern medicine is typically imagined as a solution to public health problems, it also transforms people’s experiences of their bodies, rearranges social relationships, and raises a range of moral questions and controversies. This course deals with the transformations and conundrums that biomedical practice has brought about in Muslim-majority societies, with particular attention to Islamic law, policy, and everyday life. We will read texts from anthropology and Islamic bioethics on a variety of topics, including but not limited to mental health, reproductive technologies, organ transplantation, and cloning.
Instructor(s): Elham Mireshghi Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 33900, RLST 26310

AASR 34410. Anthropology of Religion I. 100 Units.
This course surveys various methods and topics in the study of religion in the social sciences. We will begin with social evolutionist models, moving to the interpretive cultural turn and genealogical approaches. Classic analytics raised in the field of anthropology include ritual and tradition, semiotics, arts and performance, embodiment, authority and agency. We will also engage recent debates around the sociology of conversion, secularism, the idea of ‘world religions’, the politics of religious difference, religious violence and global religious movements.
Instructor(s): Angie Heo Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 34410, ANTH 35031
AASR 41004. Shi‘ism and Modernity. 100 Units.
This is a graduate seminar treating various themes in contemporary Shi‘ism. Topics include marja‘iya and authority; trans-nationalism and cosmopolitanism; revolutionary dissent and activism; state, science, and bureaucracy; and law and women’s rights.
Instructor(s): Alireza Doostdar Terms Offered: Spring
Note(s): Class limit to 15 students
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 41004, NEHC 41004, ANTH 41004

AASR 42410. Material Religion. 100 Units.
This course examines approaches to the material study of religion. What are the gains of studying religion through bodily practices and sensory perceptions? How have various scholarly disciplines examined ritual art, objects, things and the organization of space and time? What analytic directions for understanding the social life of religion has a materialist orientation enabled? The course will include readings on mediation, technology and public culture.
Instructor(s): Angie Heo Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): RLIT 42410

AASR 42802. Ethnographies of the Muslim World. 100 Units.
An examination of contemporary theoretical issues in the anthropology of Islam through close readings of recent ethnographic monographs. Topics may include ethical self-formation, state-making, embodiment and the senses, therapeutic spiritualities, indeterminacy and religious aspiration, and globalization.
Instructor(s): Alireza Doostdar Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): Class limit to 15 students
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 42802, ANTH 55030

AASR 42907. Contemporary Theories of Religion. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Christian Wedemeyer Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Must have taken “Classical Theories of Religion” HREL 32900/AASR 32900/ANTH 35005
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 42907

AASR 43005. Is Modernity Disenchanted? 100 Units.
One of the dominant topoi in twentieth-century social science was what Max Weber famously called the "disenchantment of the world,” the idea that with industrialization, the entrenchment of capitalism, the dominance of the modern bureaucratic state, and the rise of modern science, religion and "magicality” would gradually wither away. This course examines such arguments in relation to the pervasive evidence that magicality persists around precisely those sites most intimately associated with modernity’s rationality and progress: the market, science and technology, and the state. Readings will be from anthropology, history, religious studies, and social theory.
Instructor(s): Alireza Doostdar Terms Offered: Spring
Note(s): Class limit to 15 students
Equivalent Course(s): ANTH 43005
AASR 50081. Sem: Pragmatism and Religion. 100 Units.
The American philosopher William James is not only one of the founders of pragmatism, but also the inaugurator of a methodological revolution in the empirical study of religion, namely of an approach that deals with religion not so much as a set of doctrines or institutions, but as articulations of intense experiences of self-transcendence. Starting with James’s classical work "The Varieties of Religious Experience” of 1902, this class will also deal with the contributions of other pragmatist thinkers to the study of religion - ranging from classical authors (Peirce, Royce, Dewey) to contemporary thinkers (Putnam, Rorty, John Smith) and my own writings in this area.
Instructor(s): H. Joas Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): This is a 10 week course taught in 5 weeks
Equivalent Course(s): SCTH 50058, SOCI 50081

AASR 50207. Christianity and Korea. 100 Units.
Selected readings on the topics pertaining to the joint study of Christianity and of Korea.
Instructor(s): Angie Heo Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 50207

AASR 52808. Sovereignty, Intimacy, and the Body. 100 Units.
A close exploration of relationships between state power and everyday forms of embodied sociality, ethics, and intimacy. Readings will include selections from some or all of the following authors: Asad, Berlant, Foucault, Kantorowitcz, Santner, Siegel, and various ethnographies.
Instructor(s): Alireza Doostdar Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): At least 1 previous course in ANTH or AASR
Note(s): Class limit to 15 students
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 52808

DIVINITY - BIBLICAL STUDIES COURSES

BIBL 30800. Jewish Thought and Literature I: Introduction to the Hebrew Bible. 100 Units.
Instructor(s): J. Stackert Terms Offered: Autumn
BIBL 31000. Introduction to the Hebrew Bible. 100 Units.
The Hebrew Bible (Old Testament) is a complex anthology of disparate texts and reflects a diversity of religious, political, and historical perspectives from ancient Israel, Judah, and Yehud. Because this collection of texts continues to play an important role in modern religions, new meanings are often imposed upon it. In this course, we will attempt to read biblical texts apart from modern preconceptions about them. We will also contextualize their ideas and goals through comparison with texts from ancient Mesopotamia, Syro-Palestine, and Egypt. Such comparisons will demonstrate that the Hebrew Bible is fully part of the cultural milieu of the Ancient Near East. To accomplish these goals, we will read a significant portion of the Hebrew Bible in English, along with representative selections from secondary literature. We will also spend some time thinking about the nature of biblical interpretation.
Instructor(s): Jeffrey Stackert Terms Offered: Autumn
Note(s): This course may be used to fulfill the College’s general education requirement in civilization studies.
Equivalent Course(s): JWSC 20120, NEHC 20504, NEHC 30504, RLST 11004

BIBL 31200. Philosophy: Plato's Phaedrus. 100 Units.
The Phaedrus is one of the most fascinating and compelling of Plato's Dialogues. Beginning with a playful treatment of the theme of erotic passion, it continues with a consideration of the nature of inspiration, love, and knowledge. The centerpiece is one the the most famous of the Platonic myths, the moving description of the charioteer and its allegory of the vision, fall, and incarnation of the soul.
Instructor(s): E. Asmis Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): GREK 20300 or equivalent
Equivalent Course(s): GREK 31200, FNDL 21005, GREK 21200

BIBL 31300. Tragedy. 100 Units.
This course is an introduction to Aeschylean drama, seen through the special problems posed by one play, Prometheus Bound. Lectures and discussions are concerned with the play, the development and early form of Attic drama, and philosophical material. Modern Aeschylean scholars are also read and discussed.
Instructor(s): E. Asmis Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): GREK 20300 or equivalent
Equivalent Course(s): GREK 31300, GREK 21300
BIBL 31400. Jewish History and Society I. 100 Units.
The Archaeology of Israel: History, Society, Politics
The course will offer a historical and critical perspective on 150 years of archaeology in Israel/Palestine, beginning with the first scientific endeavors of the 19th century and covering British Mandate and pre-state Jewish scholarship, as well as developments in the archaeology of Israel since 1948. I will devote particular attention to the mutual construction of archaeological interpretation and Israeli identity and to the contested role of archaeology in the public sphere both within Israeli society and in the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. The course will conclude with a discussion of the plausibility and possible content of an indigenous post-conflict archaeology in Israel and Palestine, based on 21st century paradigm shifts in archaeological discourse and field work.
Instructor(s): R. Greenberg Terms Offered: Spring

BIBL 32602. Introduction to the New Testament. 100 Units.
This is an introductory course to the history and literature of the New Testament. Our primary focus will be to read select texts of the New Testament, with an emphasis on their literary nature, their historical problems and sources, their theological visions, and their historical, geographic, social, religious, political, and cultural contexts in early Jewish and Greco-Roman worlds. One will have the opportunity to situate one’s questions about and approaches to these texts in light of the history of scholarly research and through critical reflection about the methods and goals of interpretation. Discussions groups will meet on Fridays.
Instructor(s): Jeff Jay Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): RLST 12602, FNDL 28205

BIBL 32700. Law in Biblical Literature. 100 Units.
The course will survey topics of biblical law, recover biblical legal reasoning, compare biblical law with comparable ancient Near Eastern records and literature, reconsider the nature of biblical legal composition, interpret biblical legal passages within their larger compositions as pieces of literature, analyze several non-legal biblical texts for the legal interpretation embedded in them, and engage modern scholarship on all these aspects. In addition to preparing to discuss assigned biblical texts, students will also work towards composing an original piece of sustained analysis submitted at quarter’s end.
Instructor(s): Simeon Chavel Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Biblical Hebrew I-III + 1 text course
BIBL 33900. Introductory Biblical Hebrew I. 100 Units.
The Bible Area of the Divinity School each year offers a three-course sequence that introduces students to the essentials of vocabulary, grammar, syntax, and style of Biblical Hebrew and Koine Greek so that they can begin seriously reading the Hebrew Bible and New Testament in their original languages. Our curriculum emphasizes that philological excellence is simply mandatory for the study of these texts. These courses are geared in particular to the learning of the vocabulary, grammar and syntactical constructions that are prevalent in this literature, and to generating opportunities for students to read the biblical texts as soon as possible. The first and second quarters are devoted to those tasks, and constitute an inseparable sequence. Students may opt to take the third quarter (winter) which will emphasize advanced syntax and more rapid reading, as well as tools for exegesis, or they may choose to take an exegesis course conducted on the basis of the Hebrew or Greek text (or both)
Terms Offered: Autumn
Note(s): All students who enroll in these courses must be able to attend all class sessions and be in a position to devote themselves entirely to language study for the three-week period, both during the day and in night-time study. Previous language study is not required.

BIBL 34000. Introductory Biblical Hebrew 2. 100 Units.
The Bible Area of the Divinity School each year offers a three-course sequence that introduces students to the essentials of vocabulary, grammar, syntax, and style of Biblical Hebrew and Koine Greek so that they can begin seriously reading the Hebrew Bible and New Testament in their original languages. Our curriculum emphasizes that philological excellence is simply mandatory for the study of these texts. These courses are geared in particular to the learning of the vocabulary, grammar and syntactical constructions that are prevalent in this literature, and to generating opportunities for students to read the biblical texts as soon as possible. The first and second quarters are devoted to those tasks, and constitute an inseparable sequence. Students may opt to take the third quarter (winter) which will emphasize advanced syntax and more rapid reading, as well as tools for exegesis, or they may choose to take an exegesis course conducted on the basis of the Hebrew or Greek text (or both)
Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): BIBL 33900 in Autumn Quarter.
BIBL 34601. Prophecy in Ancient Israel. 100 Units.
This course examines the idea, practice, and literature of prophecy in the Hebrew Bible and contextualizes these issues by comparing biblical prophecy with its ancient Near Eastern analogues. Students will read and analyze biblical and extra-biblical prophetic texts as well as other texts related to prophecy in order to understand the purposes of ancient Near Eastern prophecy as well as the practices of the prophets themselves (such as analogical ritual performance, divination, and magic). The issues of the preservation of prophetic literature as well as the cessation of prophecy in ancient Israel will also be explored.
Instructor(s): Jeffrey Stackert Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): A critical Introduction to the Hebrew Bible (all biblical texts will be read in English).

BIBL 35100. Introductory Koine Greek I. 100 Units.
The Bible Area of the Divinity School each year offers a three-course sequence that introduces students to the essentials of vocabulary, grammar, syntax, and style of Biblical Hebrew and Koine Greek so that they can begin seriously reading the Hebrew Bible and New Testament in their original languages. Our curriculum emphasizes that philological excellence is simply mandatory for the study of these texts. These courses are geared in particular to the learning of the vocabulary, grammar and syntactical constructions that are prevalent in this literature, and to generating opportunities for students to read the biblical texts as soon as possible. The first and second quarters are devoted to those tasks, and constitute an inseparable sequence. Students may opt to take the third quarter (winter) which will emphasize advanced syntax and more rapid reading, as well as tools for exegesis, or they may choose to take an exegesis course conducted on the basis of the Hebrew or Greek text (or both)
Terms Offered: Autumn
Note(s): All students who enroll in these courses must be able to attend all class sessions and be in a position to devote themselves entirely to language study for the three-week period, both during the day and in night-time study. Previous language study is not required.

BIBL 35300. Introductory Koine Greek 2. 100 Units.
In this two-course sequence, students will learn the basic mechanics of Koine Greek and begin reading texts from the Greek New Testament and Septuagint. The autumn course and the first three-fourths or so of the winter course will introduce the vocabulary, grammar, syntax, and style of the Greek New Testament, and to a limited degree those of the Septuagint, after which point we will focus on reading and interpreting a New Testament document in Greek at length. Upon the conclusion of the sequence, students will be able to read and comprehend entire passages of Koine Greek text with the aid of a dictionary. This sequence aims to prepare students to successfully participate in a Greek exegesis course in Spring 2017 or thereafter.
Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Must have taken BIBL 35100 in Autumn quarter.
BIBL 36010. The Book of Psalms (Biblical Hebrew III) 100 Units.
The course will cover select psalms for their varied voice, topics, prosody, poetics, and religious ideas.
Instructor(s): Simeon Chavel Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Biblical Hebrew I-II

BIBL 36016. Epicureanism. 100 Units.
Epicureanism had a wide impact on Greek and Roman culture as a materialist system of philosophy that advocated pleasure as the goal of life. Lucretius turned its teachings into a poem with the aim of converting his fellow Romans; and it continued to inspire many readers subsequently. This course will focus on the response to Epicureanism in both antiquity and later. Beginning with the age of Epicurus himself, we will consider how individuals used the teachings in the light of their own experience and needs. Our study will take us to the rediscovery of Lucretius in the Renaissance, as well as the origins of modern atomism and the humanism of the nineteenth century.
Instructor(s): Elizabeth Asmis Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): CLCV 26016, CLAS 36016

BIBL 36916. Reading Greek Literature in the Papyri. 100 Units.
The earliest—and often the only—witnesses for Greek literary works are the papyri. This makes their testimony of great importance for literary history and interpretation, but that testimony does not come without problems. In this course we will cover some of the concepts and techniques needed to recover the literary treasure contained in this highly complex material: from the history of book forms, the textual tradition of literary works, and the creation of the canons to more philological aspects such as editorial practice, Textkritik, and paleography. Our literary corpus will include biblical texts, paraliterary (school and magical) texts, and translations of Egyptian texts into Greek. We will work with photographs of the papyri, and every part of the course will be based on practice. As appropriate we will also work with the University of Chicago’s collections of papyri.
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): At least two years of Greek
Equivalent Course(s): GREK 35116, HCHR 36916, GREK 25116

BIBL 37303. The Four-fold: Studies in Jewish Exegesis. 100 Units.
This course will focus on the emergence of the four-fold method of Jewish Bible interpretation in the medieval period (known as PaRDes), in light of internal Jewish features since and antiquity and comparative Christian exegesis. Particular attention will be placed on the work of the great medieval Spanish commentator Rabbi Bahya ben Asher (13th century). Consideration of modern adaptations of this method will be taken up at the end (notably, in M. Fishbane’s commentary on the Song of Songs and in his theological writings).
Instructor(s): Michael Fishbane Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of Hebrew required, but English translation will be provided.
Equivalent Course(s): HIJD 37303
BIBL 41000. Amos. 100 Units.
This course is an exegetical study of the biblical book of Amos (in Hebrew)
Instructor(s): Jeffrey Stackert Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Biblical Hebrew

BIBL 41508. I & II Chronicles. 100 Units.
This course is an exegetical study of the biblical book of chronicles (in Hebrew).
Instructor(s): Jeffrey Stackert Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Biblical Hebrew

BIBL 41801. Justin Martyr. 100 Units.
It is probably safe to say that Justin Martyr was the first truly philosophic
Christian theologian, unless one gives the author of the Epistle to the Hebrews
that distinction. This course will focus on a careful reading of the Greek text of the
First Apology and (as time permits) the Second Apology, with attention to Justin’s
language and literary style. We will also concentrate on Justin as an early defender
of and advocate for the Christian faith, the importance of his logos doctrine, his
demonology, and his sacramental ideas and theology of worship.
Instructor(s): D. Martinez Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): At least two years of Greek.
Equivalent Course(s): GREK 34500, FNDL 24504, NTEC 41801, GREK 24500

BIBL 42010. Ancient Sexualities and Early Christianity. 100 Units.
We will study ancient Greek and Roman and early Jewish and Christian attitudes
toward sex and constructions of sexuality, especially homosexuality and lesbianism,
as well as sexuality as it relates to gender, prostitution, marriage, and virginity. We
will closely examine and discuss many of the most important primary sources for
these issues from the non-Christian world, including texts by Aescheses, Plato,
Lucian, Plutarch, Ovid, Juvenal, Martial, Musonius Rufus, and Philo. In light of
these texts we will then focus on analyzing several Christian primary sources,
including parts of Paul’s epistles, the Gospel of John, and selections from Clement
of Alexandria and John Chrysostom. As we work our way through the primary
sources we will study the first two volumes of Michel Foucault’s *The History of
Sexuality*. We will have the opportunity to think about Foucault’s revolutionary
complication of the whole notion of "sexuality" as it relates to conceptions of desire,
pleasure, and the self as we interpret and analyze several of the primary sources
with which Foucault himself worked. We will also have the opportunity to assess
the scholarship of several leading scholars in this area, including the work of Arnold
Davidson, K.J. Dover, David Halperin, Martha Nussbaum, Craig Williams, Daniel
Boyarin, Bernadette Brooten, and Dale Martin.
Instructor(s): Jeff Jay Terms Offered: Autumn
BIBL 42210. The Gospel of John. 100 Units.
This is an exegesis course on the Gospel of John, which we will read in its entirety in Greek in conversation with select scholarship and commentators. In addition to philological analysis, we will forefront narrative criticism as a methodological lens for interpreting John as a story with close attention to the narrative functions of the narrator, settings, plot, characters, audience, irony, and metaphor.
Instructor(s): Jeff Jay Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Greek; Introductory Koine Greek in the Divinity School, or equivalent.

BIBL 42906. The Book of Ezekiel. 100 Units.
The course will focus on a selection of passages and attend to: the frame and self-situating of the book; its mood, message and religious ideas; comparable material, “prophetic” and other, in the Hebrew Bible and outside it; early Jewish reception; and modern scholarship.
Instructor(s): Simeon Chavel Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Biblical Hebrew I-III + text course

BIBL 43100. Interpreting The Gospel According to Matthew. 100 Units.
This year the Early Christian Biblical Interpretation seminar will focus on two caches of untranslated Greek homiletic texts: the Greek homilies on the Psalms by Origen of Alexandria (discovered in 2012, published in a critical edition in 2015), and homilies by John Chrysostom on “problem passages” in the Pauline epistles. Reading Origen and Chrysostom alongside one another will allow us to test the accuracy of the traditional divide between “Alexandrine allegory” and “Antiochene literalism,” while also focusing on the various ways that each employs the traditional school form of problemata kai lyseis (“problems and solutions”) in his interpretive work and its rhetorical presentation.
Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): BIBL32500 (Introduction to the New Testament) or equivalent. There are no language prerequisites, but there will be ample opportunity to exercise skills in Koine Greek and other languages of interpretation.
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 33200, NTEC 53500
BIBL 43200. Colloquium: Ancient Christianity. 100 Units.
A critical reading of influential narratives—both ancient and modern—of “the rise of Christianity” in the first four centuries, and the sources from which they are composed, asking the question: can such a narrative be told (if it can be told) in a way other than as a romance or a tragedy? Each week we shall analyze select primary sources (textual, artistic, architectural, on which students will give presentations) that illuminate crucial issues (e.g., demographics, conversion, persecution, martyrdom, asceticism, gender, ecclesiological and ritual structures, intellectual lineages, orthodoxy and heresy), personalities (e.g., Ignatius, Perpetua and Felicitas, Irenaeus, Antony, Eusebius, Constantine, Augustine) and events. Ongoing reflection on the nature of historiography as a science and an art, involving both discovery and invention.
Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Greek and Latin are not required for this course, but ample opportunity will be provided for those who have these skills to exercise them in their work.
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 43200

BIBL 43502. Ignatius of Antioch. 100 Units.
We will closely read in Greek the letters of Ignatius of Antioch, with special attention to questions of authenticity and date, his rhetoric in the context of the Second Sophistic, his theology of suffering and martyrdom, as well as his general importance as a source for understanding early Christian history, theology, and interpretation.
Instructor(s): Jeff Jay Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Intermediate Greek skills (Koine)

BIBL 45913. Sem: Ancient medical writings in context. 100 Units.
Ancient medicine is intimately linked with philosophical investigation. From the beginning, it fed philosophical theory as well as adapted it to its own use. It also offers a valuable insight into how ordinary humans lived their lives. Medical practice takes us into the homes of the Greeks and Romans, while shedding light on their fears and aspirations. The extant literature is voluminous. There is, first of all, the Hippocratic corpus, a diverse collection of medical writings that drew inspiration from the reputed founder of scientific medicine, Hippocrates. These writings offer a unique insight into the first stages of the creation of a science. Later, Galen established the foundation of Western medicine by his brilliant dissections. As it happens, he was extremely voluble; and he took care to have his spoken words passed on in writing. As a result, we learn much more than just medical theory: we know how physicians competed with one another, and how they related to their patients. In sum, this seminar will study a selection of medical writings, conjointly with some philosophical and literary writings, in an attempt to gage the intellectual and social significance of ancient medicine. Some knowledge of Greek will be useful. E. Asmis. Winter.
Instructor(s): E. Asmis Terms Offered: Winter.
Equivalent Course(s): CLAS 45913
BIBL 48116. Seminar: Cicero Orator. 100 Units.
Cicero's culminating essay on oratory is compared with Aristotle's Rhetoric, other rhetorical writings by Cicero, and some of the speeches with the aim of identifying distinctive preoccupations of Latin oratory at the end of the Republic. Topics considered include the influence of philosophy on rhetoric, practice versus theory, teleology in the history of Roman oratory, the construction of Roman auctoritas, and the relation of live performance to publication.
Instructor(s): Peter White
Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): CLAS 48116

BIBL 50805. Textual Knowledge & Authority: Biblical & Chinese Literature. 100 Units.
Ancient writers and their patrons exploited the textual medium, the virtual reality it can evoke and the prestige it can command to promote certain categories of knowledge and types of knowers. This course will survey two ancient bodies of literature, Hebrew and Chinese, for the figures they advance, the perspectives they configure, the genres they present, and the practices that developed around them, all in a dynamic interplay of text and counter-text. Excerpts from Hebrew literature include (a) royal wisdom in Proverbs & Ecclesiastes; (b) divine law in Exodus 19–24, Deuteronomy, and the Temple Scroll; and (c) other works found among the Dead Sea scrolls. Readings from Chinese literature include (d) speeches from the Shang shu (Book of Documents), (e) odes from the Shi jing (Book of Songs), and (f) commentaries from Han to Qing periods that elucidate, often in contradictory terms, the law-giving properties of these texts.
Instructor(s): Simeon Chavel / Haun Saussy
Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): KNOW 40101

BIBL 51800. Exegesis Seminar: 2 Corinthians. 100 Units.
An exegesis course on the Greek text of 2 Corinthians, in which we shall critically test one theory of literary partition through a close reading in succession of each of the five letter fragments now contained in the redacted canonical epistle. This allows for a fresh historical reconstruction of an unfolding conflict, and for due attention to how Paul's letters and their multiple meanings contributed to it, as he and his earliest readers struggle to control meaning in the context of suspicion, misunderstanding and dissent. Focal themes: epistolary theory and practice; the nature, logic and limitations of Pauline rhetoric; the cultural and religious repertoire upon which Paul draws in these letters (e.g., on boasting, reconciliation, military imagery, anthropology, consolation, heavenly journeys, fund-raising and gift-giving); the purpose and art of interpretation and its audiences.
Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Intermediate Greek skills (Koine)
BIBL 53500. Early Christian Biblical Interpretation. 100 Units.
This year the Early Christian Biblical Interpretation seminar will focus on two caches of untranslated Greek homiletic texts: the Greek homilies on the Psalms by Origen of Alexandria (discovered in 2012, published in a critical edition in 2015), and homilies by John Chrysostom on “problem passages” in the Pauline epistles. Reading Origen and Chrysostom alongside one another will allow us to test the accuracy of the traditional divide between “Alexandrine allegory” and “Antiochene literalism,” while also focusing on the various ways that each employs the traditional school form of problemata kai lyseis (“problems and solutions”) in his interpretive work and its rhetorical presentation.
Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Advanced Greek skills (Attic and Koine)
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 53500

DIVINITY - COMMITTEE ON THE MINISTRY COURSES

CHRM 30200. The Public Church in America. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 30500. Colloquium: Introduction to the Study of Ministry. 100 Units.
This year-long integration seminar grounds first year M.Div. students in habits and perspectives essential to the practice of ministry. Students will cultivate the discipline of attention—learning to read closely, to listen deeply, to interrogate their experience, and to participate in rigorous critical conversation. During the first quarter, students will explore the relationship of narrative and theology; the second quarter will engage students in a close encounter with urban ministry; during the third quarter, students will integrate tradition, reason, and experience as they articulate definitions of ministry.
Instructor(s): Cynthia Lindner Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): First year M.Div. students only.

CHRM 32500. Theology in the Public Square. 100 Units.
This course examines the religious thought of religious leaders such as Dorothy Day, Thich Nhat Hanh, Abraham Joshua Heschel, Martin Luther King, Jr., Malcolm X, and Reinhold Niebuhr in conversation with each other and as resources for American public life today.
Instructor(s): Kristine Culp Terms Offered: Winter
CHRM 35102. Arts of Ministry: Ritual, Worship, Preaching and Teaching. 100 Units.
This course is the first of a three-quarter sequence introducing students to essential aspects of religious leadership; the sequence is required for second-year M.Div students and complements their work in field education. In this course, students have the opportunity to visit and observe religious practice in several religious communities, as they are reading ritual theory and researching their own traditions' practices. Weekly "practice labs" offer students the opportunity to practice speaking to and on behalf of religious communities, instruct students on ritual performance, and invite students to engage their classmates in a life cycle ritual of their own construction.
Instructor(s): Cynthia Lindner Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Second year M.Div students, or by permission from instructor.

CHRM 35202. Arts of Ministry: Spiritual Care and Counseling. 100 Units.
This course is the second of a three-quarter sequence introducing students to essential aspects of religious leadership; the sequence is required for second-year M.Div. students and complements their work in field education. In this course, students explore and practice the requisite skills for spiritual care and counseling in congregations, hospitals, university chaplaincies and other settings. Participants will interrogate human experience through several lenses, including theological and philosophical anthropologies, family systems theory, and relational and self-psychologies, with special attention to theories of race, ethnicity and gender. Practice labs will help students hone listening skills and narrative therapies, diagnosis and referrals, and healing rituals.
Instructor(s): Cynthia Lindner Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Second year M.Div. students, or by permission of instructor

CHRM 35300. Arts of Ministry: Community Leadership and Change. 100 Units.
This course is the third of a three-quarter sequence introducing students to essential aspects of religious leadership; the sequence is required for second-year M.Div. students and complements their field education experience. In this final quarter of the year-long sequence, students study congregations as "communities-within-communities," examining the public life of congregations and their leaders as responsible agents of change, both within the religious community and in the wider context. Through research projects and case studies, students practice the skills of analysis, decision-making, negotiation and visioning that are essential to organizational vitality and constructive community engagement.
Instructor(s): Cynthia Lindner Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Second year M.Div. students or by permission of instructor

CHRM 35500. Arts of Ministry: Worship. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 35600. Arts of Ministry: Preaching. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 35700. Arts Of Ministry: Pastoral Care. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
CHRM 36000. Advanced Preaching Seminar. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 36700. Adv Sem In Pastoral Care. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 40600. Practice of Ministry I. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Instructor(s): Wesley Sun
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Open to Second Year M.Div students only.

CHRM 40700. Practice of Ministry II. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Wesley Sun
Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): Do not register for this course.

CHRM 40800. Practice of Ministry III. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Wesley Sun
Terms Offered: Spring

CHRM 41300. Nature in The Church. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 42500. Sem: Senior Ministry Project. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

CHRM 42800. Senior Ministry Thesis Seminar. 100 Units.
Required seminar for M.Div. students in the year in which they are writing and presenting their theses.
Instructor(s): Cynthia Lindner
Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Third or Fourth year M.Div. students only

CHRM 43000. Dying in the Modern World. 50 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Equivalent Course(s): PEDS 43000

CHRM 50400. Advanced Seminar in Spiritual Care: Death and Dying. 100 Units.
This elective seminar offers students the opportunity to study the complex relationship between spirituality and physical and mental health. The course will include guest speakers from a variety of professions, visits, case studies, and the opportunity for students to present their own research in some aspect of spiritual practice and health care.
Instructor(s): Cynthia Lindner
Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Arts of Ministry: Spiritual Care and Counselling or by permission of instructor.
**DIVINITY - HISTORY OF CHRISTIANITY COURSES**

**HCHR 30100. History of Christian Thought I. 100 Units.**
This first course in the History of Christian Thought sequence deals with the post New Testament period until Augustine, stretching roughly from 150 through 450CE. The aim of the course is to follow the development of Christian thought by relating its structural features to the historical context in which they arose without adhering to schematic models such as East vs. West, orthodoxy vs. heresy, Alexandrian vs. Antiochene exegesis. The following authors and themes will be analysed and discussed:

1. Martyrdom and the Authority of Christian Witness: Ignatius of Antioch, Justin Martyr 
2. Platonism and Exegesis: Philo and Origen 
3. Incarnation and Asceticism: Athanasius, Gregory of Nyssa 
4. Ecclesial Unity and Episcopal Authority: Cyprian, Ambrose and Chrysostom 
5. Projecting Historical Authority: Eusebius and Jerome 
6. Normative Belief and Gnostic Dissent: All About the Creeds 
7. Ancient Thought Baptized: Augustine of Hippo

Instructor(s): Willemien Otten Terms Offered: Spring  
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 30100,HIST 31000

**HCHR 30200. History Christian Thought-2. 100 Units.**
For course description contact Divinity.  
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 30200

**HCHR 30300. History of Christian Thought III. 100 Units.**
This course covers the early modern era from the 14th through the 16th century. The emphasis is on intellectual history, particularly that of the reformation and the Council of Trent. The course includes readings from 14th century mystics and late-medieval dissidents such as John Hus, Luther, Zwingli and Calvin, as well as Ignatius of Loyola and the Council of Trent. 
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Spring  
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 30300

**HCHR 30400. History of Christian Thought- IV. 100 Units.**
A survey of major figures and movements in European Christian thought from the late 17th through the 18th centuries. 
Instructor(s): Ryan Coyne Terms Offered: Winter 
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 30400
HCHR 30601. Introduction to Coptic. 100 Units.
This course introduces the last native language of Egypt, which was in common use during the late Roman, Byzantine, and early Islamic periods (fourth to tenth centuries CE). Grammar and vocabulary of the standard Sahidic dialect are presented in preparation for reading biblical, monastic, and Gnostic literature, as well as a variety of historical and social documents.
Instructor(s): Staff Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Second-year standing required; knowledge of earlier Egyptian language phases or Classical Greek or Koine Greek helpful but not required
Equivalent Course(s): EGPT 10201

HCHR 30602. Coptic Texts. 100 Units.
This course builds on the basics of grammar learned in EGPT 10201 and provides readings in a variety of Coptic texts (e.g., monastic texts, biblical excerpts, tales, Gnostic literature).
Instructor(s): Staff Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): EGPT 10201
Equivalent Course(s): EGPT 10202

HCHR 30700. History of Christianity, 1600-1900. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): W.Clark Gilpin

HCHR 30900. History of Christian Thought V: Modern Religious Thought. 100 Units.
This course traces the history of Modern Christian thought from Kant, Schleiermacher, and Hegel through Troeltsch and Barth.
Instructor(s): Kevin Hector Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 30700

HCHR 31000. History Of Christian Thought-VI Contemporary. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

HCHR 32900. The Italian Renaissance. 100 Units.
Florence, Rome, and the Italian city-states in the age of plagues and cathedrals, Dante and Machiavelli, Medici and Borgia (1250–1600), with a focus on literature and primary sources, the recovery of lost texts and technologies of the ancient world, and the role of the Church in Renaissance culture and politics. Humanism, patronage, translation, cultural immersion, dynastic and papal politics, corruption, assassination, art, music, magic, censorship, religion, education, science, heresy, and the roots of the Reformation. Assignments include creative writing, reproducing historical artifacts, and a live reenactment of a papal election. First-year students and non-history majors welcome.
Instructor(s): A. Palmer Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 32900,CLCV 22914,CLAS 32914,ITAL 22914,ITAL 32914,HIST 22900
HCHR 33200. Interpreting The Gospel According to Matthew. 100 Units.
This year the Early Christian Biblical Interpretation seminar will focus on two caches of untranslated Greek homiletic texts: the Greek homilies on the Psalms by Origen of Alexandria (discovered in 2012, published in a critical edition in 2015), and homilies by John Chrysostom on “problem passages” in the Pauline epistles. Reading Origen and Chrysostom alongside one another will allow us to test the accuracy of the traditional divide between “Alexandrine allegory” and “Antiochene literalism,” while also focusing on the various ways that each employs the traditional school form of problemata kai lyseis (“problems and solutions”) in his interpretive work and its rhetorical presentation.
Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): BIBL 32500 (Introduction to the New Testament) or equivalent. There are no language prerequisites, but there will be ample opportunity to exercise skills in Koine Greek and other languages of interpretation.
Equivalent Course(s): NTEC 53500, BIBL 43100

HCHR 34900. The Age of Walter Rauschenbusch: History & Historiography. 100 Units.
This course is an intensive analysis of the origins, development, and historical significance of the Social Gospel as a religious and social reform movement in America. Particular emphasis is devoted to the theological works of Walter Rauschenbusch and broader intellectual and cultural developments in the US from the 1880s to the 1920s. Some basic knowledge of the history of biblical interpretation is helpful to make sense of the theological and biblical controversies of the time period. Some attention in class and in the readings will be devoted to the origin of these developments as a factor in the emergence of the Social Gospel.
Instructor(s): Curtis Evans Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): RAME 34900

HCHR 36916. Reading Greek Literature in the Papyri. 100 Units.
The earliest—and often the only—witnesses for Greek literary works are the papyri. This makes their testimony of great importance for literary history and interpretation, but that testimony does not come without problems. In this course we will cover some of the concepts and techniques needed to recover the literary treasure contained in this highly complex material: from the history of book forms, the textual tradition of literary works, and the creation of the canons to more philological aspects such as editorial practice, Textkritik, and paleography. Our literary corpus will include biblical texts, paraliterary (school and magical) texts, and translations of Egyptian texts into Greek. We will work with photographs of the papyri, and every part of the course will be based on practice. As appropriate we will also work with the University of Chicago’s collections of papyri.
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): At least two years of Greek
Equivalent Course(s): GREK 35116, BIBL 36916, GREK 25116
HCHR 40608. Becoming Modern: Religion in America in the 1920s. 100 Units.
Terms such as “acids of modernity” and the “modern temper” were commonly used in the 1920s to describe a new phenomenon in American history. Historians still regard the 1920s as a significant moment in US History, even while revising older narratives that viewed such changes as leading to a decline in church attendance and religious practice. In the 1920s, the nation struggled with the effects of massive immigration, decades of urbanization, and significant cultural and social changes that had profound implications for religious practice and belief. This course takes an extended look at the 1925 Scopes Trial, the fundamentalist modernist controversy, and the intellectual and cultural challenges to traditional religious beliefs and practices.
Instructor(s): Curtis Evans Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): RAME 40608

HCHR 41401. Gender, Power, and Religion in Early Medieval Europe (800-1100) 100 Units.
This course will examine the intersection of religious and secular power and the way these were reflected in and shaped by the gender systems of early medieval Europe. Topics to be studied include Kantorowicz’s notion of "the king’s two bodies," royal men and women, women and memorial culture, lineage and gender, marriage, and monastic culture. We will examine the Carolingian world and its aftermath, Ottonian Germany, Anglo-Saxon England, Hungary, and the early Spanish kingdoms.
Instructor(s): Lucy Pick Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 42701, GNDR 41400

HCHR 41700. Calvin’s Institutes. 100 Units.
This course examines the key concepts of Calvin’s theology through his major work: the definitive 1559 edition of the Institutes of the Christian Religion.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Spring 2016-2017
Equivalent Course(s): FNDL 23113, RLST 20702, THEO 41300

HCHR 42901. Christianity and Slavery in America, 1619-1865. 100 Units.
This course examines the history of Christian thought and practice regarding slavery in the United States. Particular attention is paid to Christian missions to slaves, debates about the abolition of slavery, the pro-slavery Christian defense, and the practice and evolution of slave religion.
Instructor(s): Curtis Evans Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): RAME 42901
HCHR 43010. Art and Ritual in Byzantium. 100 Units.
What was the place of architecture, images and objects in the various rituals of Byzantium – public and private, sacred and secular? In what ways did works of art respond to the ritualistic purpose for which they were created? To what extent is the latter reflected in the design of buildings, their urban setting, their pictorial decoration, their furnishings and mobile equipment? These are the key questions underlying this course, to which must be added: What are the limitations encountered by those aiming to reconstruct the function of buildings that have survived in a fragmentary or refurbished state and of artifacts now isolated from their original context? We will approach this topic by critically confronting visual material surviving from Byzantium with various written sources. We will also explore these texts as a key source of information on works of art and architecture that no longer survive.

Instructor(s): K. Krause Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): RLIT 43010, ARTH 43010

HCHR 43200. Colloquium: Ancient Christianity. 100 Units.
A critical reading of influential narratives--both ancient and modern--of “the rise of Christianity” in the first four centuries, and the sources from which they are composed, asking the question: can such a narrative be told (if it can be told) in a way other than as a romance or a tragedy? Each week we shall analyze select primary sources (textual, artistic, architectural, on which students will give presentations) that illuminate crucial issues (e.g. demographics, conversion, persecution, martyrdom, asceticism, gender, ecclesiological and ritual structures, intellectual lineages, orthodoxy and heresy), personalities (e.g., Ignatius, Perpetua and Felicitas, Irenaeus, Antony, Eusebius, Constantine, Augustine) and events. Ongoing reflection on the nature of historiography as a science and an art, involving both discovery and invention.
Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Greek and Latin are not required for this course, but ample opportunity will be provided for those who have these skills to exercise them in their work.
Equivalent Course(s): BIBL 43200
HCHR 44004. The Veneration of Icons in Byzantium: History, Theory, & Practice. 100 Units.
In order to appreciate the pivotal religious significance icons had in Byzantium for private devotion, in the liturgy, in civic ritual, and in military campaigns, we will survey the visual evidence along with a vast array of written sources. We will explore the origins of the Christian cult of icons in the Early Byzantine period and its roots in the Greco-Roman world of paganism. Through close analysis of icons executed over the centuries in different artistic techniques, we will examine matters of iconography, style and aesthetics. We will also have a close look at Byzantine image theory, as developed by theologians from early on and codified in the era of Iconoclasm.
Instructor(s): Karin Krause Terms Offered: Winter 2017
Equivalent Course(s): RLST 28704, ARTH 44014, RLIT 44004

HCHR 44600. Renaissance and Reformation. 100 Units.
This class examines points of convergence and divergence during the era of the Renaissance and the Reformation spanning the time between Cusa and Bruno. The issues analyzed will go beyond strictly theological debates. We will examine views of reason and human nature, the revival of Platonism, the rise of historical thought, the study of law and philology, and the implications regarding the development of perspective on both thought and art. We will also examine the role of rhetoric, poetry, and moral philosophy; the rise of skepticism, the appeal to certitude, curriculum reform, and the reform of art as exemplified by Michelangelo.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 44601

HCHR 46606. Evangelicalism and Fundamentalism in 20th Century America. 100 Units.
Evangelicalism and Fundamentalism in 20th Century America: Interpretations. This seminar begins with George Marsden’s seminal *Fundamentalism and American Culture* (1980) as the major interpretive paradigm of the relationship evangelicalism to American culture and the various cultural, political and social factors in the emergence of fundamentalism in the early 20th century. The course looks at the evolution of scholarship on the meaning of fundamentalism, its relationship to evangelicalism, and fundamentalists’ and evangelicals’ changing understandings of America. Definitional problems are also addressed: what do we mean by evangelicalism and fundamentalism? How have evangelicals shaped discussions about Christianity in America?
Instructor(s): Curtis Evans Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): RAME 46606
HCHR 48700. Late Medieval Women: Authorship and Authority. 100 Units.
In recent decades there has been a great deal of interest in medieval vernacular theology, as complementing the more traditional division of medieval theological texts into monastic and scholastic. This course will focus on a number of medieval women writers, dealing mainly albeit not exclusively with vernacular texts. After a historical overview of the position of women in the early Middle Ages, the course will focus on Heloise and Hildegard of Bingen as transitional figures, and continue with four women writers writing in the vernacular, i.e., Mechtilde of Magdeburg, Hadewijch, Marguerite Porete and Julian of Norwich. The course will link the spectrum of vernacular languages which they represent to the diversity of their individual positions and analyze that diversity in terms of ecclesiastical developments, gender division, authorial identity, and theological criticism. The final aim is to come to an assessment of the constructive contribution of these vernacular treatises to the tradition of late medieval theology and spirituality.
Instructor(s): Willemien Otten Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 60909, THEO 48701

HCHR 48800. Multidisciplinary Study of American Culture. 100 Units.
This seminar surveys the study of American culture as it is currently practiced at the University of Chicago. Seminar members read and discuss recent work by faculty specialists from the Humanities, the Social Sciences, the Divinity School, and the Law School at Chicago. Though interested in how different disciplines frame questions and problems, we will be attuned to convergences in themes, approaches, and methods. During the last half of our seminar meetings our authors will join us for a focused discussion of their work. Many of our guests will also deliver public lectures the day before visiting the seminar.
Instructor(s): E. Slauter Terms Offered: Spring
Note(s): This is a Scherer Center Seminar. MAPH students can take this course. Consent required for MA and JD students.
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 62304, RLIT 48800, AMER 50001, LAWS 93803, ENGL 55405

HCHR 51510. Idolatry: Historical and Modern Perspectives. 100 Units.
This seminar examines the concept of idolatry as formulated in the Reformation disputes. We will analyze the way idolatry was understood by Luther, Calvin and Zwingli. We will also look at the occurrences of iconoclasm and religious violence in the 16th century; at the development of the concept of the modern ideas of idolatry, partly as a legacy of Francis Bacon; and at the view of idolatry in Karl Barth, Jacques Ellul and Nicholas Lash.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 51510
HCHR 51610. Between East and West: Venice in the Pre-Modern Period. 100 Units.
Venice’s long-standing ties with the Byzantine Empire have left their visible trace in the city’s art and architecture and have had an equally strong impact on Venetian myth-making in the pre-modern period. Until today the appropriation of Byzantine style is especially evident in the church of Saint Mark the Evangelist, as well as in the decoration of less-well known medieval churches of the Venetian Lagoon. During the so-called Fourth Crusade, the Sack of Constantinople has led to large-scale pillaging of the Byzantine capital and the transfer to Venice of countless Byzantine artifacts, among them are liturgical items, reliquaries, icons, and architectural spoils. How were these artifacts employed in the Venetian Lagoon for religious and political ends after being disassociated from their original contexts? What transformations did they experience with regard to usage and appearance? What kinds of new ceremonies, both religious and secular, did they inspire? What was their impact on artistic creativity and religious life in their new environment? How were they perceived intellectually, and what kinds of narratives evolved around them in Venice over the centuries? These are some of the key questions to guide our research. On a broader scale, we will investigate various phenomena of cultural transfer and ‘hybridity’ from the Middle Ages to the Baroque era.

Instructor(s): Karin Krause Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Reading comprehension of scholarship published in foreign languages, especially German, is essential (other language skills are desirable, esp. in Latin, French, and Italian). Undergraduates who have these skills are welcome to attend after obtaining consent from the instructor.
Equivalent Course(s): RLIT 51610, ARTH 41610

HCHR 53500. Early Christian Biblical Interpretation. 100 Units.
This year the Early Christian Biblical Interpretation seminar will focus on two caches of untranslated Greek homiletic texts: the Greek homilies on the Psalms by Origen of Alexandria (discovered in 2012, published in a critical edition in 2015), and homilies by John Chrysostom on “problem passages” in the Pauline epistles. Reading Origen and Chrysostom alongside one another will allow us to test the accuracy of the traditional divide between “Alexandrine allegory” and “Antiochene literalism,” while also focusing on the various ways that each employs the traditional school form of problemata kai lyseis (“problems and solutions”) in his interpretive work and its rhetorical presentation.

Instructor(s): Margaret M. Mitchell Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Advanced Greek skills (Attic and Koine)
Equivalent Course(s): BIBL 53500

DIVINITY - HISTORY OF ISLAM COURSES
**Divinity - History of Judaism Courses**

**HIJD 30150. Jewish Thought in the Medieval Islamic World. 100 Units.**
Jewish thinkers participated actively in the multicultural Islamic world of the ninth to thirteenth centuries. This course explores the impact of diverse cultural currents on the development of medieval Jewish thought. Specifically, the course will focus on such aspects of Jewish thought as philosophy, theology, and pietism, through the examination of individual thinkers in their cultural contexts.
Instructor(s): Sarah Stroumsa, Greenberg Visiting Professor of Jewish Studies
Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): RLST 20150, NEHC 20583, NEHC 30583, JWSC 20150

**HIJD 30589. Sefarad and Andalus: Jewish Thinkers in Islamic Spain. 100 Units.**
The period known as “the Golden Age” in Islamic Spain is associated with some of the most famous names in Jewish thought, such as Maimonides or Judah Halevi. Through readings of individual thinkers in their cultural context, this course will study the emergence of Jewish thought in Islamic Spain (al-Andalus), and its development within and beyond its borders.
Instructor(s): Sarah Stroumsa
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of foreign languages is not required (but readings can be adapted to students’ individual skills).
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 30589, NEHC 30589

**HIJD 35503. Midrash and Revelation. 100 Units.**
This course will focus on the presentation of the event of revelation at Sinai in midrashic sources from several periods (especially, Mekhilta de-Rabbi Ishmael; Pesikta de-Rav Kahana; Exodus Rabba; Song of Songs Rabba; and Tanhuma), as well as pertinent cases in the contemporary liturgical poetry. Particular attention will be given to the types, forms and content of exegetical theology involved.
Instructor(s): Michael Fishbane
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of Hebrew desired, but English translations will be provided.
Equivalent Course(s): RLIT 35503

**HIJD 37303. The Four-fold: Studies in Jewish Exegesis. 100 Units.**
This course will focus on the emergence of the four-fold method of Jewish Bible interpretation in the medieval period (known as PaRDes), in light of internal Jewish features since and antiquity and comparative Christian exegesis. Particular attention will be placed on the work of the great medieval Spanish commentator Rabbi Bahya ben Asher (13th century). Consideration of modern adaptations of this method will be taken up at the end (notably, in M. Fishbane’s commentary on the Song of Songs and in his theological writings).
Instructor(s): Michael Fishbane
Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of Hebrew required, but English translation will be provided.
Equivalent Course(s): BIBL 37303
HIJD 38607. Lament and Lamentation in Jewish Literature I. 100 Units.
This course will focus on the theme of lament and lamentation in ancient Jewish literature. It will begin with theories of lament and comparative sources from antiquity. It will then take up some representative Psalms from Scripture; portions of the book of Lamentation; selections from the Midrash on Lamentation (both from the proem and the commentary); and related material from contemporary liturgical poetry (Piyut).
Instructor(s): Michael Fishbane Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of Hebrew required (or consent of instructor)
Equivalent Course(s): RLIT 38607

HIJD 43108. Judaism, Islam, and the Study of Religion. 100 Units.
The Seminar will deal with the religious and intellectual contexts of the study of Judaism and Islam in modern Europe. It will focus upon the difficult birth, in the nineteenth century, of a comparative approach to Judaism, Christianity and Islam, and will analyze the complex interface between theology, orientalism, secularization, colonialism, and the rise of racist anti-Semitism.
Instructor(s): Guy Stroumsa Terms Offered: Autumn
Note(s): 28 September: The scholarly discovery of religion in modern times,5 October: The comparative study of religion and its history,12 October: Yom Kippur, No class,19 October: Three rings and three impostors,26 October: Ex oriente numen: the other oriental Renaissance,2 November: Renan on Judaism and Islam,9 November: Wellhausen and Robertson Smith on Judaism and Islam,16 November: Islam in the mind of Europe: Geiger, Goldziher, Massignon,23 November: Jewish students of Jesus,30 November: Bergson’s Two Sources and its sources
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 43108

HIJD 44900. Martin Buber’s I and Thou. 100 Units.
Martin Buber’s I and Thou. An analysis of the foundational text of Buber’s philosophy of dialogue and religion. The close reading - explication de texte -- will supplement by reference to Buber’s lectures "Religion as Presence" and "Zwiesprache" (Dialogue).
Instructor(s): Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 44900

HIJD 44908. The “Science of Letters” in Judaism and Islam. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): James Robinson Terms Offered: Winter 2017
Note(s): FNDL and NEHC forthcoming
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 44908, RLST 25120, ISLM 44908, FNDL 25120

HIJD 45302. Franz Rosenzweig’s Shorter Writings. 100 Units.
Among Rosenzweig’s shorter writings, we will read his epistolary exchange with Eugen Rosenstock-Huessy, “Judaism despite Christianity”; his programmatic essay “The New Thinking”; his satirical elaboration of his critique of philosophical idealism, Understanding the Sick and the Healthy, and his commentary on the poetry of Jehuda Halevy.
Instructor(s): Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: Winter
HIJD 45400. Readings in Maimonides’ Guide of the Perplexed. 100 Units.
A careful study of select passages in Maimonides’ Guide of the Perplexed focusing on the method of the work, its exegetical framework, and its major philosophical-theological themes, including divine attributes, creation vs. eternity, prophecy, the problem of evil and providence, law and ethics, and the final aim of human existence. There is no language requirement; all readings will be in English. There will be an extra optional session for students who want to read the text in the original.
Instructor(s): James Robinson Terms Offered: Spring 2017
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 45400,FNDL 24106,RLST 21107,RLIT 45402,NEHC 40470,JWSC 21107,HREL 45401

HIJD 45612. Religion in the European Enlightenment: Spinoza to Kant. 100 Units.
Readings in primary texts that are understood to constitute the historical phenomenon denominated “the Enlightenment,” with particular attention to major themes and the variations played upon them by thinkers at this time: the status of the Bible as sacred and/or historical text; conceptions of truth as revealed, as natural, and/or as revealed by nature; the emergence of the idea of “religious experience”; the category of the miraculous, and its relation to conceptions of providence and natural orders; and the place of religion in emerging political structures that have their basis in conceptions of citizenship and rights.
Instructor(s): Richard A. Rosengarten / Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: TBD
Equivalent Course(s): RLIT 45612

HIJD 45712. Judah Halevi’s Kuzari. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): James Robinson Terms Offered: Winter 2017
Note(s): FNDL and NECH forthcoming
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 45712,RLST 25903,FNDL 25903

HIJD 46100. Franz Rosenzweig’s Star of Redemption. 100 Units.
A close exegetical reading of Rosenzweig’s magnum opus, focusing on his deconstruction of German Idealism; the realignment of philosophy and theology; the revalorization of cardinal theistic concepts (Creation, Revelation, and Redemption); the religious phenomenology of the Jewish and Christian liturgical calendar; and “Messianic politics.”
Instructor(s): Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: Autumn

HIJD 47600. Gershom Scholem: The Theologian and Social Critic. 100 Units.
With the objective of determining whether Scholem’s scholarship on mysticism and antinomianism reflects a theological and ideological agenda, we will examine his diaries, memoirs, correspondence, especially with Walter Benjamin on how to read Kafka, Zionism, his poetry, and occasional essays on theology.
Instructor(s): Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: Winter
HIJD 50200. Readings in Arabic Religious Texts. 100 Units.
Selected texts from the Qur’an, the Arabic Bible, Islamic philosophy, Sufism, and other classical Arabic literature.
Instructor(s): Michael Sells Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): NEHC 40604, ISLM 50200

HIJD 53360. Philosophy of Judaism: Soloveitchik Reads the Classics. 100 Units.
Topics in the Philosophy of Judaism: Soloveitchik Reads the Classics. Rabbi Joseph B. Soloveitchik was one of the most important philosophers of Judaism in the twentieth century. Among his many books, essays and lectures, we find a detailed engagement with the Bible, the Talmud and the fundamental works of Maimonides. This course will examine Soloveitchik’s philosophical readings and appropriation of Torah, Talmud, and both the Guide and the Mishneh Torah. A framing question of the course will be: how can one combine traditional Jewish learning and modern philosophical ideas? What can Judaism gain from philosophy? What can philosophy learn from Judaism?
Instructor(s): A. Davidson Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): All students interested in enrolling in this course should send an application to jbarbaro@uchicago.edu by 12/16/2016. Applications should be no longer than one page and should include name, email address, phone number, and department or committee. Applicants should briefly describe their background and explain their interest in, and their reasons for applying to, this course.
Equivalent Course(s): DVPR 53360, KNOW 47002, PHIL 53360

DIVINITY - HISTORY OF RELIGIONS COURSES

HREL 30200. Indian Philosophy I: Origins and Orientations. 100 Units.
The early development of philosophical thought in India will be traced through readings in the Upanishads, early Buddhist works, and the primary texts of the Samkhya and Yoga traditions, together with readings from contemporary philosophical interpreters of these sources. The emergence of systems of logic and the philosophy of language will be among topics surveyed.
Instructor(s): Matthew Kapstein Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Although there is no formal prerequisite for the course, some background in Western philosophy is desirable.
Equivalent Course(s): SALC 20901, SALC 30901, DVPR 30201, RLST 24201

HREL 30300. Indian Philosophy II: The Classical Traditions. 100 Units.
Following on the Indian Philosophy I course offered winter term, this course will survey major developments in the mature period of scholastic philosophy in India — a period, beginning a little before the middle of the first millennium C.E., that is characterized by extensive and sophisticated debate (made possible by the emergence of a largely shared vocabulary of key philosophical concepts) among philosophers from a great variety of schools of thought.
Instructor(s): Dan Arnold Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Students are encouraged (but not required) to take Indian Philosophy I before taking this course.
Equivalent Course(s): SALC 20902, SALC 30902, DVPR 30302, RLST 24202

HREL 32900. Classical Theories of Religion. 100 Units.
This course will survey the development of theoretical perspectives on religion and religions in the 19th and early 20th centuries. Thinkers to be studied include: Kant, Hume, Schleiermacher, Feuerbach, Marx, Müller, Tiele, Tylor, Robertson Smith, Frazer, Durkheim, Weber, Freud, James, Otto, van der Leeuw, Wach, and Eliade.
Instructor(s): Christian Wedemeyer Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): ANTH 35005, AASR 32900

HREL 33702. Ethical and Theological Issues in Hinduism. 100 Units.
An exploration of Hindu attitudes to, and mythologies of, women, animals, people of low caste, members of various religious groups, homosexuals, foreigners, criminals, and in general violators of the codes of dharma. The course is designed around the new Norton Anthology of Hinduism, supplemented by a history of the Hindus. The readings will focus closely on a few texts, some Sanskrit and some from vernacular literatures, from several different historical periods. It will situate each major idea in the context of the historical events to which it responded: the Rig Veda in the Indo-European migrations, the Upanishads in the social crisis of the first great cities on the Ganges, and so forth, up to the present day BJP revisionist tactics. And it will emphasize the alternative traditions of women and the lower classes.
Instructor(s): Wendy Doniger Terms Offered: Spring 2017
Prerequisite(s): Permission of instructor. 15-20 page paper at the end of the course.
Note(s): A seminar suitable for BA, MA and PhD students
Equivalent Course(s): SALC 38304, SCTH 32202, RLST 23904

HREL 34410. Anthropology of Religion I. 100 Units.
This course surveys various methods and topics in the study of religion in the social sciences. We will begin with social evolutionist models, moving to the interpretive cultural turn and genealogical approaches. Classic analytics raised in the field of anthropology include ritual and tradition, semiotics, arts and performance, embodiment, authority and agency. We will also engage recent debates around the sociology of conversion, secularism, the idea of ‘world religions’, the politics of religious difference, religious violence and global religious movements.
Instructor(s): Angie Heo Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): ANTH 35031, AASR 34410
HREL 34705. Histories of Japanese Religion. 100 Units.
An examination of select texts, moments, and problems to explore aspects of religion, religiosity, and religious institutions of Japan’s history.
Instructor(s): J. Ketelaar Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 34700, EALC 24700, EALC 34700, Rlst 22505, HIST 24700

HREL 35000. The Mahabharata in English Translation. 100 Units.
A reading of the Mahabharata in English translation (van Buitenen, Narasimhan, Ganguli, and Doniger [ms.]), with special attention to issues of mythology, feminism, and theodicy. (C)
Instructor(s): W. Doniger Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): FNDL 24400, SALC 20400, SALC 48200, Rlst 26800

HREL 35306. Sex and Censorship in South Asia. 100 Units.
There have been many exceptional moments of political intolerance and censorship in South Asia in the last two decades. Bloggers have been murdered in Bangladesh, student activists have been arrested on university campuses across India, books have been banned, theaters and galleries have been vandalized, couples have been attacked across the country on Valentine’s Day as sexuality is supposedly foreign to “Indian Culture”, the Indian judiciary has refused to strike down Section 377 of the Indian Penal Code, which leaves homosexuality as a criminal activity that is constantly censored in film and literature. Restrictions on speech are a feature of democracies everywhere, from persecuting whistle-blowers in the US, to ban on religious symbols in France, to restrictions on Twitter in Turkey. What sets the South Asian experience apart? This introductory course will interrogate how a nexus of concerns about power, religion and sex, originating in the colonial experience, has shaped the particular dynamics of censorship in South Asia. By looking at a long history of banning and prohibition, we will also examine how censorship has molded South Asian cultural and political lives.
Instructor(s): Ahona Panda Terms Offered: Autumn
Note(s): This course should be of interest to students of gender and sexuality studies, cinema and media studies, literature, history, politics, human rights, anthropology and modern South Asian history and culture. It should also appeal to those interested in the past and present of law, censorship and democracy in the Non-West. Students at all stages of undergraduate study are encouraged to take this introductory course.
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 26710, GNSE 25306-01, SALC 25306

HREL 36000. Second-Year Sanskrit II. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): W. Doniger Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): SANS 20100 or consent of instructor
Equivalent Course(s): SALC 48400, SANS 20200
HREL 40301. The Discovery of Paganism. 100 Units.
How do we know what we know about ancient religions? Historians of religion often begin by turning to texts: either sacred texts, or, in the absence of such scriptures, descriptions of belief and practice by observers from outside the faith. Archaeologists focus their attention on the spaces and traces of religious practice—or at least those that survive—while art historians begin by examining images of deities and religious rites. Yet we often fail to see the extent to which the questions which we ask of all of these diverse sources are conditioned by Christian rhetoric about pagan worship. In this course, we compare two moments when Christians encountered "pagans": during the initial Christian construction of a discourse on paganism (and, more broadly, a discourse on religion) during the late Roman Empire and during the Spanish discovery of the New World. Our course examines silences and absences in the textual and material records, as well as the divergences between texts and objects, in order to further our understanding of ancient religious practice. We will begin to see the many ways in which, as scholars of religion, we are in effect still Christian theologians, paving the way for new approaches to the study of ancient religion.
Instructor(s): Clifford Ando and Claudia Brittenham Terms Offered: Spring Equivalent Course(s): KNOW 40301, CLAS 44916, LACS 40301, HMRT 64202, ARTH 40310, CDIN 40301

HREL 42907. Contemporary Theories of Religion. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Christian Wedemeyer Terms Offered: Spring Prerequisite(s): Must have taken “Classical Theories of Religion” HREL 32900/AASR 32900/ANTH 35005 Equivalent Course(s): AASR 42907

HREL 44701. Ritual in South Asian Buddhism. 100 Units.
This course will explore some ritual practices and theories of South Asian Buddhists in light of current theorization of ritual. What is it that Buddhists “actually” (physically and verbally) do? And, what do they say about what they do? Does what they do “mean” anything? If so, how? And, what significance might this have for anyone else? What happens when we consider these possibly meaningful forms of expression as “ritual?” Exemplaria will be drawn from India, Nepal, Burma and Tibet, with some comparative perspectives considered along the way.
Instructor(s): Christian Wedemeyer Terms Offered: Winter Prerequisite(s): Some prior study of South Asian religions Equivalent Course(s): SALC 44701

HREL 44908. The "Science of Letters" in Judaism and Islam. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): James Robinson Terms Offered: Winter 2017 Note(s): FNDL and NEHC forthcoming Equivalent Course(s): RLST 25120, ISLM 44908, FNDL 25120, HIJD 44908
HREL 45401. Readings in Maimonides' Guide of the Perplexed. 100 Units.
A careful study of select passages in Maimonides' Guide of the Perplexed focusing on the method of the work, its exegetical framework, and its major philosophical-theological themes, including divine attributes, creation vs. eternity, prophecy, the problem of evil and providence, law and ethics, and the final aim of human existence. There is no language requirement; all readings will be in English. There will be an extra optional session for students who want to read the text in the original.
Instructor(s): James Robinson Terms Offered: Spring 2017
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 45400,FNDL 24106,RLST 21107,RLIT 45402,NEHC 40470,JWSC 21107,HIJD 45400

HREL 45702. Sources and Methods in the Study of Chinese Buddhism. 100 Units.
A graduate-level introduction to the study of Chinese Buddhism and to the field of Chinese Buddhist studies, mainly as it has been practiced in North America and Europe over the last 50 years.
Instructor(s): P. Copp Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Working ability in literary Chinese helpful but not necessary.
Equivalent Course(s): EALC 45700

HREL 47416. Curses and Cursing in the Ancient Mediterranean World. 100 Units.
We will survey the evidence for cursing in the Ancient Mediterranean World, beginning briefly in Mesopotamia and Egypt and the focusing mainly on the circum-Mediterranean basin from the archaic period down until Late-Antiquity. These rituals will include the conditional self-curses attached to oath, revenge curses, binding-curses (defixiones), prayers for justice, “voodoo dolls” and erotic curses used for seduction.
Instructor(s): Christopher Faraone Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Some knowledge of Greek and Latin recommended
Equivalent Course(s): ANCM 47416,CLAS 37416

HREL 48910. Readings in Tibetan Buddhist Texts. 100 Units.
Readings in selected Buddhist doctrinal writings in Tibetan.
Instructor(s): Matthew Kapstein Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Open to students reading Tibetan at an advanced level.
Equivalent Course(s): SALC 48501,DVPR 48910

HREL 50104. Chinese Religious Manuscripts and Epigraphy. 100 Units.
An introduction to reading and working with Chinese religious manuscripts and stone inscriptions. Though we will read and discuss basic secondary works in paleography, codicology, and epigraphy, most of our time will be spent developing our own skills in these disciplines, including in trips to the Field Museum to examine their extensive collection of rubbings and inscribed Buddhist and Daoist statuary.
Instructor(s): P. Copp Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of literary Chinese required.
Equivalent Course(s): EALC 50100
HREL 50207. Christianity and Korea. 100 Units.
Selected readings on the topics pertaining to the joint study of Christianity and of Korea.
Instructor(s): Angie Heo Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): AASR 50207

HREL 52200. Problems in the History of Religions. 100 Units.
A seminar for students in the PhD program in the History of Religions working on their colloquium paper, orals statement for the Qualifying Examination, or dissertation chapter.
Instructor(s): Wendy Doniger Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Limited to Ph.D. students in the History of Religions

HREL 52201. Discourse & Practice: History of Religions Classic Researches. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Bruce Lincoln Terms Offered: Autumn

HREL 52808. Sovereignty, Intimacy, and the Body. 100 Units.
A close exploration of relationships between state power and everyday forms of embodied sociality, ethics, and intimacy. Readings will include selections from some or all of the following authors: Asad, Berlant, Foucault, Kantorowitcz, Santner, Siegel, and various ethnographies.
Instructor(s): Alireza Doostdar Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): At least 1 previous course in ANTH or AASR
Note(s): Class limit to 15 students
Equivalent Course(s): AASR 52808

HREL 56000. Dissertation Seminar. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Bruce Lincoln Terms Offered: Autumn

DIVINITY - PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGIONS COURSES

DVPR 30201. Indian Philosophy I: Origins and Orientations. 100 Units.
The early development of philosophical thought in India will be traced through readings in the Upanishads, early Buddhist works, and the primary texts of the Samkhya and Yoga traditions, together with readings from contemporary philosophical interpreters of these sources. The emergence of systems of logic and the philosophy of language will be among topics surveyed.
Instructor(s): Matthew Kapstein Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Although there is no formal prerequisite for the course, some background in Western philosophy is desirable.
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 30200, SALC 20901, SALC 30901, RLST 24201
DVPR 30302. Indian Philosophy II: The Classical Traditions. 100 Units.
Following on the Indian Philosophy I course offered winter term, this course will survey major developments in the mature period of scholastic philosophy in India — a period, beginning a little before the middle of the first millennium C.E., that is characterized by extensive and sophisticated debate (made possible by the emergence of a largely shared vocabulary of key philosophical concepts) among philosophers from a great variety of schools of thought.
Instructor(s): Dan Arnold Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Students are encouraged (but not required) to take Indian Philosophy I before taking this course.
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 30300, SALC 20902, SALC 30902, RLST 24202

DVPR 33812. Descartes on the Self and God, and His Opponents. 100 Units.
On the basis of Meditations on First Philosophy, with Objections and Replies, one will study how Descartes’s positions were understood both by his contemporaries (Hobbes, Pascal, etc.) as well as by later philosophers (Spinoza, Kant, Nietzsche, Husserl, Heidegger, Wittgenstein, etc.). Emphasis will be put on the misunderstandings of the ego, of the so-called “dualism” and of the definitions of God.
Instructor(s): Jean-Luc Marion Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 33812

DVPR 34806. Augustine’s On the Trinity. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Ryan Coyne Terms Offered: TBD
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 34806

DVPR 46616. Reason and Religion. 100 Units.
The quarrel between reason and faith has a long history. The birth of Christianity was in the crucible of rationality. The ancient Greeks privileged this human capacity above all others, finding in reason the quality wherein man was closest to the gods, while the early Christians found this viewpoint antithetical to religious humility. As religion and its place in society have evolved throughout history, so have the standing of, and philosophical justification for, non-belief on rational grounds. This course will examine the intellectual and cultural history of arguments against religion in Western thought from antiquity to the present. Along the way, of course, we will also examine the assumptions bound up in the binary terms "religion" and "reason."
Instructor(s): Shadi Bartsch and Robert Richards Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Consent required: Email sbartsch@uchicago.edu a few sentences describing your background and what you hope to get out of this seminar.
Equivalent Course(s): KNOW 40201, CLAS 46616, CHSS 40201, CDIN 40201
DVPR 47004. Religious Diversity as a Philosophical Problem. 100 Units.
The manifest diversity of religious traditions, many of which advance doctrinal claims that evidently contradict the claims of other traditions, raises significant philosophical problems — especially epistemological and ethical problems — regarding truth and justification, tolerance and exclusion, etc. Many take the competing and mutually exclusive claims of the world’s religious traditions as evidence of the falsity of some or all of them, or as recommending skepticism, relativism, or other such ways of accommodating the conflicting claims. This course will explore some of these issues, focusing particularly on issues of truth, justification, and toleration. In keeping with the theme of diversity, the course will consider not only some modern Western attempts to address the various philosophical problems, but also some examples of philosophical thought reflecting India’s historically different experience of religious diversity.
Instructor(s): Dan Arnold Terms Offered: Spring 2017

DVPR 47607. Buddhist Sutras Reading in Traditional Tiantai. 100 Units.
Buddhist Sutras Reading in Traditional Tiantai "Classification of Teachings" Rather Than Historical Order. Buddhist sutra literature is vast and complex, representing many historical periods and many diverse and even conflicting conceptions of Buddhist doctrine. A historical development of ideas can be traced in these texts by treating them in their historical order, each subsequent period responding to and developing ideas from previous periods. But Chinese Buddhist schools such as Tiantai understood the divergences of these texts to be part of a different order: the order in which they were traditionally regarded to have been preached by the Buddha, which stands in sharp contrast to their actual dates of composition. By reading them in the order stipulated by the Tiantai “classification of teachings,” as carefully designed parts of a five-part pedagogical program utilized by the Buddha, we come to have a clearer conception of how Tiantai understood the relation between provisional and ultimate truth, and the process of teaching and comprehending ideas, from which a different picture of Buddhism emerges. In this class we will read portions of the following sutra or classes of sutras, in the following order: 1) Avataṃsaka; 2) Āgamas, 3) Vaipulya (Vimalakīrti Nirdeśa and others); 4) Prajñāparamitā; 5) The Lotus Sutra and The Nirvana Sutra.
Instructor(s): Brook Ziporyn Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): All readings will be in English.

DVPR 48910. Readings in Tibetan Buddhist Texts. 100 Units.
Readings in selected Buddhist doctrinal writings in Tibetan.
Instructor(s): Matthew Kapstein Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Open to students reading Tibetan at an advanced level.
Equivalent Course(s): HREL 48910,SALC 48501

DVPR 50115. Seminar on the Black Notebooks: Heidegger & the Problem of Evil. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Ryan Coyne Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 50115
DVPR 50201. Seminar: Contemporary Critical Theory. 100 Units.
This course will examine some of the salient texts of postmodernism. Part of the question of the course will be the status and meaning of “post”-modern, post-structuralist. The course requires active and informed participation.
Instructor(s): Francoise Meltzer Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): Comp Lit core course. 2nd part of sequence.
Equivalent Course(s): CMLT 50201

DVPR 51404. The Pantheist Controversy: Spinoza to Hegel. 100 Units.
This course focuses on Spinoza’s system of thought and its reception in late 18th and early 19th century Germany. The first five weeks will be a careful reading of Spinoza’s Ethics, supplemented by selections from his Principles of Cartesian Philosophy, Short Treatise on God, Man and His Well-Being, and Emendation of the Intellect. The second half of the class will examine the interpretation and reception of and response to Spinoza’s ideas, mainly in Jacobi’s Letters on Spinoza, and the response to this response from Schelling and Hegel, above all in Hegel’s Faith and Knowledge. Time permitting, we will examine Hegel’s changed views on Spinoza in his mature works (post-1807). Our focus will be the on understanding the thought of both Schelling and Hegel in the early 1800s as a kind of Kantian Spinozism, a seeming oxymoron, and the consequences of their later abandonment of this position.
Instructor(s): Brook Ziporyn Terms Offered: Spring

DVPR 51410. Neo-Confucianism of the Song to Ming Dynasties. 100 Units.
This course will consist of close readings of the works of the key Neo-Confucian thinkers of the Song and Ming dynasties (11th to 17th centuries): Zhou Dunyi, Zhang Zai, Cheng Hao, Cheng Yi, Zhu Xi, Wang Yangming and perhaps others, focusing on their metaphysical and ethical ideas, especially Li (sometimes translated as “principle,” or as “pattern,” or as “coherence” or as “productive compossibility”), Qi (sometimes translated as “vital force” or “material force”), ren (“benevolence,” “humaneness,”), xin (“heart-mind”) and zhong (“center, the unexpressed, equilibrium”).
Instructor(s): Brook Ziporyn Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Some classical Chinese reading ability and some familiarity with classical Confucianism Desirable.

DVPR 51610. The Meanings of “Theology”: Introduction to the History of the Concepts. 100 Units.
Instructor(s): J. Marion Terms Offered: Spring
DVPR 53309. Saint Augustine: Apology and Eschatology, The City of God. 100 Units.
The *City of God*, although central to the theology of St. Augustine, does not seem, in his style and themes, exactly on line with his other greatest works. This can be explained if we read it as a follow up of the former attempts to perform theology as an apology – according to Justin and Tertullian (among others). In that view, one can understand better why and how St. Augustine has addressed political and historical as well as spiritual and biblical issues – they all focus on explaining how time (and times) should be understood from the view point of the eternity of God, which means eschatology.
Instructor(s): Jean-Luc Marion Terms Offered: Spring
Note(s): Recommended reading: *The City of God*, trans. H. Bettenson, Penguin, 2003., *De Civitate Dei*, eds. G.E. McCracken et al, Loeb, 7 Volumes <these volumes are available online via Hathi Trust at Regenstein Library>
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 53309

DVPR 53360. Philosophy of Judaism: Soloveitchik Reads the Classics. 100 Units.
Topics in the Philosophy of Judaism: Soloveitchik Reads the Classics. Rabbi Joseph B. Soloveitchik was one of the most important philosophers of Judaism in the twentieth century. Among his many books, essays and lectures, we find a detailed engagement with the Bible, the Talmud and the fundamental works of Maimonides. This course will examine Soloveitchik’s philosophical readings and appropriation of Torah, Talmud, and both the Guide and the Mishneh Torah. A framing question of the course will be: how can one combine traditional Jewish learning and modern philosophical ideas? What can Judaism gain from philosophy? What can philosophy learn from Judaism?
Instructor(s): A. Davidson Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): All students interested in enrolling in this course should send an application to jbarbaro@uchicago.edu by 12/16/2016. Applications should be no longer than one page and should include name, email address, phone number, and department or committee. Applicants should briefly describe their background and explain their interest in, and their reasons for applying to, this course.
Equivalent Course(s): HIJD 53360, KNOW 47002, PHIL 53360
DVPR 58804. Seminar: Dissertation Methodology. 100 Units.
A two-week seminar on the methodology of advanced research and writing for Ph.D. students in the dissertation stage of their program. Each student will present a selection from their current work, with special additional discussion focused on the concept of revelation related to their dissertation topics, followed by a response from Prof. Marion and a discussion-format critique. The presentations will be reserved primarily for students in ABD status. Those not yet dissertating but in the final stage of their qualifying exams and proposal submissions are encouraged to engage in the discussion portion of the seminar.
Instructor(s): Jean-Luc Marion
Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): The seminar will be scheduled over 2-3 hour sessions each week from January 24 to February 2, 2017. Some sessions may be evening or weekend hours to accommodate all participants. Enrollment by application to Dean Owens.
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 58804

DIVINITY - PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGY OF RELIGION COURSES

DIVINITY - RELIGION AND LITERATURE COURSES

RLIT 32400. Theory of Literature: The Twentieth Century. 100 Units.
This course will be a survey of 20th century literary criticism, considering the century’s most influential theories: phenomenology, hermeneutics, reception theory, Marxism, psychoanalysis, structuralism, post-structuralism, and new historicism. We will also consider some of the 19th century texts that serve as the philosophical sources for these movements as well as the political implications and movements that develop in conjunction with these theories.
Instructor(s): Sarah Hammerschlag
Terms Offered: Autumn

RLIT 35503. Midrash and Revelation. 100 Units.
This course will focus on the presentation of the event of revelation at Sinai in midrashic sources from several periods (especially, Mekhila de-Rabbi Ishmael; Pesikta de-Rav Kahana; Exodus Rabba; Song of Songs Rabba; and Tanhuma), as well as pertinent cases in the contemporary liturgical poetry. Particular attention will be given to the types, forms and content of exegetical theology involved.
Instructor(s): Michael Fishbane
Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of Hebrew desired, but English translations will be provided.
Equivalent Course(s): HIJD 35503
RLIT 38607. Lament and Lamentation in Jewish Literature I. 100 Units.
This course will focus on the theme of lament and lamentation in ancient Jewish literature. It will begin with theories of lament and comparative sources from antiquity. It will then take up some representative Psalms from Scripture; portions of the book of Lamentation; selections from the Midrash on Lamentation (both from the proem and the commentary); and related material from contemporary liturgical poetry (Piyyut).
Instructor(s): Michael Fishbane Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Knowledge of Hebrew required (or consent of instructor)
Equivalent Course(s): HIJD 38607

RLIT 39150. Veiling the Image: Sacred & Profane – Antiquity to Modernity. 100 Units.
This course will explore the fascinating culture of covering and veiling sacred icons, or images that were thought to cause trauma or outrage in the European tradition. It will begin in the ancient world and explore medieval, Renaissance and modern art – both paintings and sculptures, as well as images that represent the covering of images... It will attempt to restore the sensual, the tactile and the performative to the experience of viewing art and engaging with its powers, by contrast to the prevailing regime of disinterested contemplation encouraged by the modernist art gallery.
Instructor(s): J. Elsner Terms Offered: Spring. The course will be taught in an accelerated format twice per week for the first five weeks of the quarter.
Equivalent Course(s): ARTH 39150,RLST 28716,ARTH 29150

RLIT 40010. Ruins. 100 Units.
“Ruins” will cover texts and images, from Thucydides to WWII, via the Reformation. We will include films (e.g. Rossellini’s “Germany Year Zero”), art (e.g. H. Robert, Piranesi) archaeology, and the museum (Soane). On ruins writing, we will read Thucydides, Pausanias from within antiquity, the Enlightenment responses to the destruction and archaeological rediscovery of Pompeii, Diderot, Simmel, Freud on the mind as levels of ruins (Rome) and the analysis as reconstructive archaeologist as well as on the novel Gradiva and the Acropolis, the Romantic obsession with ruins, and the firebombing in WWII. We will also consider the photographing of ruins, and passages from the best-known works on photography (Benjamin, Sontag, Ritchen, Fried, Azoulay). The goal is to see how ruin gazing, and its depictions (textual, imagistic, photographic, etc.) change from the ancients (Greek and Roman), to the Romantic use of ruins as a source of (pleasurable) melancholy, to the technological “advances” in targeting and decimating civilian populations that describe the Second World War.
Instructor(s): Jas’ Elsner and Françoise Meltzer Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): CDIN 40010,ARTH 40010,CMLT 40010
RLIT 41504. Blake’s Theology in Poetry and Prints. 100 Units.
It has been well remarked of William Blake (1757-1827) that he was assuredly a Christian – and that he was a church of one. The course aims to approach Blake’s emphatic if idiosyncratic religiosity via particular attention to the remarkable interrelations of his poetry with his prints.
Instructor(s): Richard A. Rosengarten Terms Offered: Winter

RLIT 42410. Material Religion. 100 Units.
This course examines approaches to the material study of religion. What are the gains of studying religion through bodily practices and sensory perceptions? How have various scholarly disciplines examined ritual art, objects, things and the organization of space and time? What analytic directions for understanding the social life of religion has a materialist orientation enabled? The course will include readings on mediation, technology and public culture.
Instructor(s): Angie Heo Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): AASR 42410

RLIT 43010. Art and Ritual in Byzantium. 100 Units.
What was the place of architecture, images and objects in the various rituals of Byzantium – public and private, sacred and secular? In what ways did works of art respond to the ritualistic purpose for which they were created? To what extent is the latter reflected in the design of buildings, their urban setting, their pictorial decoration, their furnishings and mobile equipment? These are the key questions underlying this course, to which must be added: What are the limitations encountered by those aiming to reconstruct the function of buildings that have survived in a fragmentary or refurbished state and of artifacts now isolated from their original context? We will approach this topic by critically confronting visual material surviving from Byzantium with various written sources. We will also explore these texts as a key source of information on works of art and architecture that no longer survive.
Instructor(s): K. Krause Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 43010, ARTH 43010

RLIT 43301. Theory and Texts. 100 Units.
Study of the writing and the performance, as well as the receptions and the theories, of tragic drama as practiced in ancient Greece, Elizabethan England, and early twentieth-century Europe.
Instructor(s): Richard A. Rosengarten Terms Offered: Autumn
RLIT 43600. Comparative Mystical Literature: Islamic, Jewish and Christian. 100 Units.
This course will examine Islamic, Christian, and Jewish mystical literature, with one third of the class devoted to each of the three traditions. Our focus will be upon writings from the late 12th to early 14th centuries, CE by Ibn al-`Arabi, Meister Eckhart, Hadewijch, Marguerite Porete, and Moses de Loen (by attribution). We will also look at some selections from other writings, including Plotinus and Pseudo-Dionysius the Areopagite. Class format centers upon close readings of specific primary texts.
Instructor(s): Michael Sells Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Willingness to work in one of the following languages: Arabic, Latin, Greek, French, German, Hebrew, Aramaic or Spanish.
Equivalent Course(s): CMLT 40200,ISLM 43300

RLIT 44004. The Veneration of Icons in Byzantium: History, Theory, & Practice. 100 Units.
In order to appreciate the pivotal religious significance icons had in Byzantium for private devotion, in the liturgy, in civic ritual, and in military campaigns, we will survey the visual evidence along with a vast array of written sources. We will explore the origins of the Christian cult of icons in the Early Byzantine period and its roots in the Greco-Roman world of paganism. Through close analysis of icons executed over the centuries in different artistic techniques, we will examine matters of iconography, style and aesthetics. We will also have a close look at Byzantine image theory, as developed by theologians from early on and codified in the era of Iconoclasm.
Instructor(s): Karin Krause Terms Offered: Winter 2017
Equivalent Course(s): RLST 28704, ARTH 44014, HCHR 44004

RLIT 45402. Readings in Maimonides' Guide of the Perplexed. 100 Units.
A careful study of select passages in Maimonides’ Guide of the Perplexed focusing on the method of the work, its exegetical framework, and its major philosophical-theological themes, including divine attributes, creation vs. eternity, prophecy, the problem of evil and providence, law and ethics, and the final aim of human existence. There is no language requirement; all readings will be in English. There will be an extra optional session for students who want to read the text in the original.
Instructor(s): James Robinson Terms Offered: Spring 2017
Equivalent Course(s): ISLM 45400, FNDL 24106, RLST 21107, NEHC 40470, JWSC 21107, HREL 45401, HIJD 45400
RLIT 45612. Religion in the European Enlightenment: Spinoza to Kant. 100 Units.
Readings in primary texts that are understood to constitute the historical phenomenon denominated “the Enlightenment,” with particular attention to major themes and the variations played upon them by thinkers at this time: the status of the Bible as sacred and/or historical text; conceptions of truth as revealed, as natural, and/or as revealed by nature; the emergence of the idea of “religious experience”; the category of the miraculous, and its relation to conceptions of providence and natural orders; and the place of religion in emerging political structures that have their basis in conceptions of citizenship and rights.
Instructor(s): Richard A. Rosengarten / Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: TBD
Equivalent Course(s): HIJD 45612

RLIT 48800. Multidisciplinary Study of American Culture. 100 Units.
This seminar surveys the study of American culture as it is currently practiced at the University of Chicago. Seminar members read and discuss recent work by faculty specialists from the Humanities, the Social Sciences, the Divinity School, and the Law School at Chicago. Though interested in how different disciplines frame questions and problems, we will be attuned to convergences in themes, approaches, and methods. During the last half of our seminar meetings our authors will join us for a focused discussion of their work. Many of our guests will also deliver public lectures the day before visiting the seminar.
Instructor(s): E. Slauter Terms Offered: Spring
Note(s): This is a Scherer Center Seminar. MAPH students can take this course. Consent required for MA and JD students.
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 62304,HCHR 48800,AMER 50001,LAWS 93803,ENGL 55405
**RLIT 51610. Between East and West: Venice in the Pre-Modern Period. 100 Units.**

Venice’s long-standing ties with the Byzantine Empire have left their visible trace in the city’s art and architecture and have had an equally strong impact on Venetian myth-making in the pre-modern period. Until today the appropriation of Byzantine style is especially evident in the church of Saint Mark the Evangelist, as well as in the decoration of less-well known medieval churches of the Venetian Lagoon. During the so-called Fourth Crusade, the Sack of Constantinople has led to large-scale pillaging of the Byzantine capital and the transfer to Venice of countless Byzantine artifacts, among them are liturgical items, reliquaries, icons, and architectural spoils. How were these artifacts employed in the Venetian Lagoon for religious and political ends after being disassociated from their original contexts? What transformations did they experience with regard to usage and appearance? What kinds of new ceremonies, both religious and secular, did they inspire? What was their impact on artistic creativity and religious life in their new environment? How were they perceived intellectually, and what kinds of narratives evolved around them in Venice over the centuries? These are some of the key questions to guide our research. On a broader scale, we will investigate various phenomena of cultural transfer and ‘hybridity’ from the Middle Ages to the Baroque era.

**Instructor(s):** Karin Krause  
**Terms Offered:** Spring  
**Prerequisite(s):** Reading comprehension of scholarship published in foreign languages, especially German, is essential (other language skills are desirable, esp. in Latin, French, and Italian). Undergraduates who have these skills are welcome to attend after obtaining consent from the instructor.  
**Equivalent Course(s):** HCHR 51610, ARTH 41610

**DIVINITY - RELIGIOUS ETHICS COURSES**

**RETH 30100. Minor Classics in Ethics. 000 Units.**

This is an informal, non-credit reading group of RETH Faculty and all students interested in religious ethics to discuss minor classics in contemporary ethics, philosophy, and theology. Discussions address a pre-circulated article for each meeting. Selected articles have revitalized forgotten themes or have launched new problems for moral philosophy and religious ethics. The 2016-17 academic year marks the second of a two-year reading cycle. No background is required.

**Instructor(s):** Richard B. Miller  
**Terms Offered:** Autumn, Winter, Spring 2016-17  
**Note(s):** No Credit - DO NOT REGISTER FOR THIS COURSE, Please send email contact information to Professor Richard Miller (rbm1@uchicago.edu) to gain access to the Google Drive, which posts the reading list and the readings in PDF.
RETH 30300. The Problem of Evil: Disease? 100 Units.
The problem of evil remains a central problem for monotheistic religions: How can an omnipotent and benevolent God allow evil in the world? Disease represents an important “test case” for this question. Some argue that disease should not be called evil and would reserve this word for moral ills. Others argue that disease is a dysfunction of nature and therefore represents evil par excellence. In this course, we examine a variety of texts treating the question of disease as a philosophical issue and exemplar of the problem of evil. The texts include Scripture (Job) and selections from the writings of Aristotle, Thomas Aquinas, Feodor Dostoevsky, Albert Camus, and Thomas Mann.
Instructor(s): S. Meredith Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Third- and fourth-year students only. This course does not meet requirements for the biological sciences major.
Equivalent Course(s): BIOS 29321

RETH 30710. Roman Philosophers on the Fear of Death. 100 Units.
All human beings fear death, and it seems plausible to think that a lot of our actions are motivated by it. But is it reasonable to fear death? And does this fear do good (motivating creative projects) or harm (motivating greedy accumulation, war, and too much deference to religious leaders)? Hellenistic philosophers, both Greek and Roman, were preoccupied with these questions and debated them with a depth and intensity that make them still highly influential in modern philosophical debate about the same issues (the only issue on which one will be likely find discussion of Lucretius in the pages of The Journal of Philosophy). The course will focus on several major Latin writings on the topic: Lucretius De Rerum Natura Book III and extracts from Cicero and Seneca. We will study the philosophical arguments in their literary setting and ask about connections between argument and its rhetorical expression. In translation we will read pertinent material from Plato, Epicurus, Plutarch, and a few modern authors such as Thomas Nagel, John Fischer, and Bernard Williams.
Instructor(s): M. Nussbaum Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Ability to read the material in Latin at a sufficiently high level, usually about two years at the college level.
Equivalent Course(s): CLCV 24716, CLAS 34716, LAWS 96305, PHIL 30710, PLSC 22210, PLSC 32210, PHIL 20710
RETH 30802. Contemporary Religious Ethics I. 100 Units.
This is the first of a two-quarter survey of the rise and development of religious ethics. It will examine pioneering work that established a new style of scholarship during the “quiet revolution” when Religious Studies programs gained an institutional footing in North American colleges and universities, starting in the late 1960s. Readings probe ethical resources within specific religious traditions, methodological proposals for carrying out work in religious ethics, or new paradigms in the humanities and social sciences that catalyzed work in religious ethics. Much of the reading during the first quarter will focus on matters of theory and method. Readings for the second quarter will focus more on normative resources within religious traditions or on specific ethical problems. Students may enroll in either or both quarters. Doctoral students in the RETH area are encouraged to enroll in both quarters.
Instructor(s): Richard Miller Terms Offered: Autumn

RETH 30803. Contemporary Religious Ethics II. 100 Units.
This is the second of a two-quarter introduction to the rise and development of religious ethics. It will examine pioneering work that established a new style of scholarship during the “quiet revolution” when Religious Studies programs gained an institutional footing in North American colleges and universities, starting in the late 1960s. Readings for the second quarter will focus on normative resources within religious traditions or on specific ethical problems.
Instructor(s): Richard Miller Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): Students may enroll in either or both quarters. Doctoral students in the RETH area are encouraged to enroll in both quarters.

RETH 31100. History of Theological Ethics I. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 31100

RETH 31200. History of Theological Ethics II. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 31200

RETH 41000. Feminist Philosophy. 100 Units.
The course is an introduction to the major varieties of philosophical feminism. After studying some key historical texts in the Western tradition (Wollstonecraft, Rousseau, J. S. Mill), we examine four types of contemporary philosophical feminism: Liberal Feminism (Susan Moller Okin, Martha Nussbaum), Radical Feminism (Catharine MacKinnon, Andrea Dworkin), Difference Feminism (Carol Gilligan, Annette Baier, Nel Noddings), and Postmodern “Queer” Gender Theory (Judith Butler, Michael Warner). After studying each of these approaches, we will focus on political and ethical problems of contemporary international feminism, asking how well each of the approaches addresses these problems.
Instructor(s): M. Nussbaum Terms Offered: Spring
Prerequisite(s): Undergraduates may enroll only with the permission of the instructor.
Equivalent Course(s): HMRT 31900, LAWS 47701, PLSC 51900, PHIL 21901, GNSE 29600, PHIL 31900
RETH 43302. The Ethics of Belief. 100 Units.
This seminar will examine authors who ask: Is religious belief and practice good for its adherents and for society more generally? We will examine critics who pose normative questions about religious belief and practice, focusing on thinkers ranging from the early modern European period to the early part of the twentieth century. Throughout the course, we will explore how religion is theorized in the critical discourses surrounding it. Authors include Las Casas, Locke, Hume, Schleiermacher, Marx, James, Freud, Dewey, and DuBois.
Instructor(s): Richard Miller Terms Offered: Winter

RETH 45404. Ethical Issues in Care at the End of Life. 100 Units.
In this course we will delve deeply into topics in the ethics of care at the end of life, reading both classical and contemporary works, on issues including: suffering and the goals of medicine, the withholding and withdrawing of life-sustaining treatments, the distinction between killing and allowing to die, euthanasia and assisted suicide, the medical application of the rule of double-effect, palliative sedation, brain death, organ donation after cardiac death, advance directives, surrogate decision making, therapy, healing, and death, and the ethics of attending to the spiritual needs of dying patients. The class will be conducted in classical seminar style, with students assigned to lead class discussions of particular texts. Our interdisciplinary conversation will exemplify and provide a context for the interdisciplinary nature of the field of bioethics. The course is open to Law, Medical, and Divinity students.
Instructor(s): Daniel Sulmasy Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): LAWS 80405, MEDC 45404

RETH 46502. Comparative Religious Environmental Ethics. 100 Units.
Environmental issues have been studied by religious ethicists of many long-established religious traditions as well as emerging nature religions. While common themes often emerge in terms of the ethical ideas used (justice, responsibility) or the subjects studied (species extinction, population, water, food, climate change, etc.), religious ethicists draw on a wide range of ethical methods, theories, and sources of authority to develop their environmental ethics. To illustrate this diversity we will explore several ethical methods as applied to environmental ethics. These approaches may include the use of the Bible, Church teachings, virtue ethics, and natural law theory in Eastern Orthodox, Roman Catholic, and Protestant environmental ethics; how the Islamic legal tradition can be applied to environmental issues; the use of prayer, meditation, and ethical analysis in Buddhist environmental ethics; the ethics of the nature religion of deep ecology; and/or the quest for a global environmental ethic as expressed in the Earth Charter initiative.
Instructor(s): Sarah Fredericks Terms Offered: Spring
RETH 50706. Enhancing Life: Theological and Ethical Dimensions. 100 Units.
This graduate seminar is an examination, theologically and ethically, of the question of “enhancing life” and some of the strategies proposed to do so. Topics to be address include, among others, medical and technological enhancement; the status of appeals to “nature” as a norm for assessing the enhancing of life; the question about the grounds and validity of obligations to future generations in the face of technological cognitive and non-cognitive enhancement; and theological conceptions of human perfection and enhancement.
Instructor(s): William Schweiker Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Previous doctoral work in theology or ethics required.
Equivalent Course(s): THEO 50706

RETH 51301. Law-Philosophy Workshop. 100 Units.
Topic: Current Issues in General Jurisprudence. The Workshop will expose students to cutting-edge work in “general jurisprudence,” that part of philosophy of law concerned with the central questions about the nature of law, the relationship between law and morality, and the nature of legal reasoning. We will be particularly interested in the way in which work in philosophy of language, metaethics, metaphysics, and other cognate fields of philosophy has influenced recent scholarly debates that have arisen in the wake of H.L.A. Hart’s seminal The Concept of Law (1961).

Students who have taken Leiter’s “Jurisprudence I” course at the law school are welcome to enroll. Students who have not taken Jurisprudence I need to understand that the several two-hour sessions of the Workshop in the early fall will be required; they will involve reading through and discussing Chapters 1-6 of Hart’s The Concept of Law and some criticisms by Ronald Dworkin. This will give all students an adequate background for the remainder of the year. Students who have taken jurisprudence courses elsewhere may contact Prof. Leiter to see if they can be exempted from these sessions based on their prior study. After the prepatory sessions, we will generally meet for one hour the week prior to our outside speakers to go over their essay and to refine questions for the speaker. Confirmed speakers so far include Leslie Green, St.

Instructor(s): M. Nussbaum, B. Leiter, M. Etchemendy Terms Offered: Autumn,Winter,Spring
Prerequisite(s): Students are admitted by permission of the two instructors. They should submit a C.V. and a statement (reasons for interest in the course, relevant background in law and/or philosophy) to the instructors by e-mail. Usual participants include graduate students in philosophy, political science, divinity and law.
Note(s): Students must enroll for all three quarters.
Equivalent Course(s): LAWS 61512,GNSE 50101,HMRT 51301,PLSC 51512,PHIL 51200
RETH 51404. Global Inequality. 100 Units.
Global income and wealth are highly concentrated. The richest 2% of the population own about half of the global assets. Per capita income in the United States is around $47,000 and in Europe it is around $30,500, while in India it is $3,400 and in Congo, it is $329. There are equally unsettling inequalities in longevity, health, and education.

In this interdisciplinary seminar, we ask what duties nations and individuals have to address these inequalities and what are the best strategies for doing so. What role must each country play in helping itself? What is the role of international agreements and agencies, of NGOs, of political institutions, and of corporations in addressing global poverty? How do we weigh policies that emphasize growth against policies that emphasize within-country equality, health, or education?

In seeking answers to these questions, the class will combine readings on the law and economics of global development with readings on the philosophy of global justice. A particular focus will be on the role that legal institutions, both domestic and international, play in discharging these duties. For example, we might focus on how a nation with natural resources can design legal institutions to ensure they are exploited for the benefit of the citizens of the country. Students will be expected to write a paper, which may qualify for substantial writing credit.

Instructor(s): M. Nussbaum, D. Weisbach Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): Non-law students are welcome but need permission of the instructors, since space is limited.
Equivalent Course(s): PLSC 51404, LAWS 92403, PHIL 51404

RETH 51604. John Stuart Mill. 100 Units.
A careful study of Mill’s Utilitarianism in relation to his ideas of self-realization and of liberty. We will study closely at least Utilitarianism, On Liberty, the essays on Bentham and Coleridge, The Subjection of Women, and the Autobiography, trying to figure out whether Mill is a Utilitarian or an Aristotelian eudaimonist, and what view of “permanent human interests” and of the malleability of desire and preference underlies his political thought. If time permits we will also study his writings about India.

Instructor(s): M. Nussbaum Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): An undergraduate major in philosophy or some equivalent solid philosophy preparation. This is a 500 level course. Ph.D. students in Philosophy and Political Theory may enroll without permission. I am eager to have some Economics graduate students in the class, and will discuss the philosophy prerequisite in a flexible way with such students.
Note(s): Admission by permission of the instructor. Permission must be sought in writing by September 15.
Equivalent Course(s): LAWS 51207, PLSC 51204, PHIL 51204
RETH 51802. Climate Change Ethics. 100 Units.  
Anthropogenic climate change is the largest challenge facing human civilization. Its physical and temporal scale and unprecedented complexity at minimum require extensions of existing ethical systems, if not new ethical tools. This course will begin by examining natural and social-scientific studies of climate change and its current and predicted effects (e.g. the reports of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and the Stern Review). Most of the course will examine how religious and philosophical ethical systems respond to the vast temporal and spatial scales of climate change and its inherent uncertainties. For instance, common principles of environmental ethics such as justice and responsibility are often reimagined in climate ethics. We will also explore the degree to which the assumptions of many modern Western ethical systems including linear causality, an emphasis on individuals, and purely rational decision-making foster or inhibit climate ethics. In the course, we will take a comparative approach to environmental ethics, examining perspectives from secular Western philosophy, Christianity (Catholic and Protestant), Buddhist, and Islamic thought.
Instructor(s): Sarah Fredericks

RETH 52104. Augustine, Kierkegaard, and the Problem of Love. 100 Units.  
This advanced seminar will examine how Augustine and Kierkegaard theorized about the virtues and obligations of love, focusing on their respective theologies, moral psychologies, and normative accounts of interpersonal relationships. We will also examine how their ideas about love served as a basis for their political and cultural criticism. To sharpen our analyses of the primary sources, we will read influential receptions and interpretations of their works by Hannah Arendt and M. Jaime Ferreira.
Instructor(s): Richard Miller Terms Offered: Autumn
Prerequisite(s): Background in Philosophy or Theology recommended but not required.

DIVINITY - SPECIAL COURSES IN DIVINITY COURSES

DVSC 30100. Intro Relig/Human Sciences. 100 Units.  
For course description contact Divinity.

DVSC 30200. Intro: Historical Studies in Religion. 100 Units.  
For course description contact Divinity.

DVSC 30300. Introduction to Constructive Studies. 100 Units.  
For course description contact Divinity.
DVSC 30400. Introduction to the Study of Religion. 100 Units.
This course will examine a seminal moment in the formation of the category "religion," by focusing on Moses Mendelssohn's *Jerusalem* (1783). Often considered the foundational text for modern Jewish thought, we will treat it here as a foundational text for the study of religion. We will consider the use that Mendelssohn makes of the category of religion as a means for comparing Judaism and Christianity, the model he proposes for the relationship between church and state, the function of the biblical canon in his claims, and the legacy of the Jewish exemplar for considering other processes of identity negotiation, not only in the West but in other colonial and postcolonial contexts. In order to flesh out these issues, we will read a few of Mendelssohn's predecessors and his contemporary interlocutors, including Spinoza, Kant and Lessing, and recent attempts to rethink the legacy of *Jerusalem*, such as selections from Amir Mufti's *Enlightenment in the Colony* and Leora Batnizky's *How Judaism became a Religion*. The course will include a series of class lectures by Divinity School faculty members across the areas of study who will treat the text's legacy by considering the persistence of its questions across multiple subfields and the differences in its refractions when engaged by various methods.
Instructor(s): Sarah Hammerschlag
Terms Offered: Autumn 2016-2017
Prerequisite(s): This is the supporting course required of all AMRS / MA / MDIV students. Discussion groups will be held.

DVSC 42000. Divinity School: German Reading Exam. 000 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.

DVSC 45100. Reading Course Special Topic. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Terms Offered: Autumn,Winter,Spring
Prerequisite(s): Petition with bibliography signed by instructor; enter section number from faculty list.

DVSC 49900. Exam Preparation: Divinity. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Terms Offered: Autumn,Winter,Spring
Prerequisite(s): Open only to PhD students in quarter of qualifying exams. Department consent. petition signed by Advisor.

DVSC 50100. Research: Divinity. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Terms Offered: Autumn,Winter,Spring
Prerequisite(s): Petition signed by instructor; enter section number from faculty list.

DVSC 59900. Thesis Work: Divinity. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Terms Offered: Autumn,Winter,Spring
Prerequisite(s): Petition signed by instructor; enter section number from faculty list.
DIVINITY - THEOLOGY COURSES

THEO 30100. History of Christian Thought I. 100 Units.
This first course in the History of Christian Thought sequence deals with the post New Testament period until Augustine, stretching roughly from 150 through 450CE. The aim of the course is to follow the development of Christian thought by relating its structural features to the historical context in which they arose without adhering to schematic models such as East vs. West, orthodoxy vs. heresy, Alexandrian vs. Antiochene exegesis. The following authors and themes will be analysed and discussed:

1. Martyrdom and the Authority of Christian Witness: Ignatius of Antioch, Justin Martyr
2. Platonism and Exegesis: Philo and Origen
3. Incarnation and Asceticism: Athanasius, Gregory of Nyssa
4. Ecclesial Unity and Episcopal Authority: Cyprian, Ambrose and Chrysostom
5. Projecting Historical Authority: Eusebius and Jerome
6. Normative Belief and Gnostic Dissent: All About the Creeds
7. Ancient Thought Baptized: Augustine of Hippo

Instructor(s): Willemien Otten Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): HIST 31000, HCHR 30100

THEO 30200. History Christian Thought- II. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 30200

THEO 30300. History of Christian Thought III. 100 Units.
This course covers the early modern era from the 14th through the 16th century. The emphasis is on intellectual history, particularly that of the reformation and the Council of Trent. The course includes readings from 14th century mystics and late-medieval dissidents such as John Hus, Luther, Zwingli and Calvin, as well as Ignatius of Loyola and the Council of Trent.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 30300

THEO 30400. History of Christian Thought- IV. 100 Units.
A survey of major figures and movements in European Christian thought from the late 17th through the 18th centuries.
Instructor(s): Ryan Coyne Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 30400

THEO 30700. History of Christian Thought V: Modern Religious Thought. 100 Units.
This course traces the history of Modern Christian thought from Kant, Schleiermacher, and Hegel through Troeltsch and Barth.
Instructor(s): Kevin Hector Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 30900
THEO 31100. History of Theological Ethics I. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Equivalent Course(s): RETH 31100

THEO 31200. History of Theological Ethics II. 100 Units.
For course description contact Divinity.
Equivalent Course(s): RETH 31200

THEO 31600. Introduction to Theology. 100 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the language, controversies, and
types of theology, and to encourage students to improve their own theologizing by
considering its public relevance, intelligibility, and justifiability.
Instructor(s): Kevin Hector Terms Offered: Spring

THEO 33812. Descartes on the Self and God, and His Opponents. 100 Units.
On the basis of Meditations on First Philosophy, with Objections and Replies,
one will study how Descartes's positions were understood both by his
contemporaries (Hobbes, Pascal, etc.) as well as by later philosophers (Spinoza,
Kant, Nietzsche, Husserl, Heidegger, Wittgenstein, etc.). Emphasis will be put on the
misunderstandings of the ego, of the so-called “dualism” and of the definitions of
God.
Instructor(s): Jean-Luc Marion Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): DVPR 33812

THEO 34806. Augustine’s On the Trinity. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Ryan Coyne Terms Offered: TBD
Equivalent Course(s): DVPR 34806

THEO 40102. Womanist Theology: 1st Generation. 100 Units.
Womanist Theology is a contemporary theological discipline in the American
academy. It emerged in 1979 and has differentiated into various other disciplines,
foci, and methodologies. All scholars agree that womanist theology does the
following work: (1) expands the theory and method of the academy; (2) broadens
the intellectual conversation; (3) welcomes new voices into theological explorations;
and (4) challenges the very notion of assumed epistemology. In 1979 Jacquelyn
Grant wrote what has now been recognized as the first “womanist” article, “Black
Theology and the Black Woman”. In that essay, Grant astutely pointed out certain
blind spots in black theology of liberation, the larger discussions about the academic
study of religion, and the relation between theology and faith communities.
Instructor(s): Dwight Hopkins Terms Offered: Autumn
THEO 40500. Black Theology: 1st Generation. 100 Units.
This quarter we look at the origin of contemporary black theology, with its beginnings on July 31, 1966. Black theology, on that date, was created by African American clergy who offered one interpretation of the new black consciousness movement. The latter began June 16, 1966 in Greenwood, Mississippi. Already, we can see that, perhaps, black theology might be the only theological discipline in the USA that did not originate in the academy. Instead, it was birthed out of people’s everyday lives searching for human dignity and a better community on earth. As the new body of knowledge progressed, thinkers saw the necessity to clarify its conceptual, theoretical, and theological positions. An entire body of literature, almost fifty years of writing, has arisen defining the methodological contours of this recent creation. This course explores the responses and critiques internal to black theology. How did this discipline seek to correct itself with debate among the first generation of founders?
Instructor(s): Dwight Hopkins Terms Offered: Autumn

THEO 40600. Black Theology: 2nd Generation. 100 Units.
Contemporary black theology, with its beginnings on July 31, 1966, was created by African American clergy who offered one interpretation of the new black consciousness movement of the 1960s. Already, we can see that, perhaps, black theology might be the only theological discipline in the USA that did not originate in the academy. Instead, it was birthed out of people’s everyday lives searching for human dignity and a better community on earth. The course examines the 2nd generation of black theologians, starting with 1979. As the new body of knowledge progressed, thinkers saw the necessity to clarify its conceptual, theoretical, and theological positions. An entire body of literature, over half a century of writing, has arisen defining the methodological contours of this USA creation. This course explores the responses and critiques internal to black theology. Specifically, with a firm foundation set by the 1st generation of black religious scholars (1960s), we will now review the 2nd generation (1979 onward). How did this discipline seek to correct itself with debate among the 2nd generation of black theologians?
Instructor(s): Dwight Hopkins Terms Offered: Spring

THEO 41300. Calvin’s Institutes. 100 Units.
This course examines the key concepts of Calvin’s theology through his major work: the definitive 1559 edition of the Institutes of the Christian Religion.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Spring 2016-2017
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 41700,FNDL 23113,RLST 20702

THEO 43302. Contemporary Theological Anthropologies. 100 Units.
This course will examine a variety of recent theological anthropologies, paying special attention to their handling of science and diversity.
Instructor(s): Kevin Hector Terms Offered: Autumn

THEO 43303. Contemporary Christologies. 100 Units.
This course will examine a variety of recent Christologies, paying special attention to their handling of science, history, politics, and context.
Instructor(s): Kevin Hector Terms Offered: Spring
THEO 44601. Renaissance and Reformation. 100 Units.
This class examines points of convergence and divergence during the era of the Renaissance and the Reformation spanning the time between Cusa and Bruno. The issues analyzed will go beyond strictly theological debates. We will examine views of reason and human nature, the revival of Platonism, the rise of historical thought, the study of law and philology, and the implications regarding the development of perspective on both thought and art. We will also examine the role of rhetoric, poetry, and moral philosophy; the rise of skepticism, the appeal to certitude, curriculum reform, and the reform of art as exemplified by Michelangelo.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 44600

THEO 44704. Womanist Theology: New Voices. 100 Units.
Using Alice Walker’s phrase “womanist”, womanist theology is the name adopted by a group of black American women who affirmed the positive relation between them and their “God” beliefs, and, simultaneously, distanced themselves from white feminist and black male systems of religious thought. This course engages a newer generation of womanist theologies. The 1979 founding and first generation of womanist scholars, especially Jacquelyn Grant, Delores Williams, and Katie Cannon, presented foundational scholarly issues, methods, and epistemologies just to begin a new academic (and life) discipline. This course will look at recent womanist scholars who build on the first generation but carry the discipline of womanist theology into some new and, at times, quite challenging directions that call into question some of the cornerstone tenets of the discipline.
Instructor(s): Dwight Hopkins Terms Offered: Spring 2016-17

THEO 44900. Martin Buber’s I and Thou. 100 Units.
Martin Buber’s I and Thou. An analysis of the foundational text of Buber’s philosophy of dialogue and religion. The close reading - explication de texte -- will supplement by reference to Buber’s lectures "Religion as Presence" and "Zwiesprache" (Dialogue).
Instructor(s): Paul Mendes-Flohr Terms Offered: Autumn
Equivalent Course(s): HIJD 44900
THEO 48701. Late Medieval Women: Authorship and Authority. 100 Units.
In recent decades there has been a great deal of interest in medieval vernacular theology, as complementing the more traditional division of medieval theological texts into monastic and scholastic. This course will focus on a number of medieval women writers, dealing mainly albeit not exclusively with vernacular texts. After a historical overview of the position of women in the early Middle Ages, the course will focus on Heloise and Hildegard of Bingen as transitional figures, and continue with four women writers writing in the vernacular, i.e., Mechtilde of Magdeburg, Hadewijch, Marguerite Porete and Julian of Norwich. The course will link the spectrum of vernacular languages which they represent to the diversity of their individual positions and analyze that diversity in terms of ecclesiastical developments, gender division, authorial identity, and theological criticism. The final aim is to come to an assessment of the constructive contribution of these vernacular treatises to the tradition of late medieval theology and spirituality.
Instructor(s): Willemien Otten Terms Offered: Spring
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 48700,HIST 60909

THEO 48806. Creation and Human Creatures: Theological Explorations. 100 Units.
How have creatures and “nature” or “creation” served as reference points—symbols, exemplars, even counter-examples—for interpreting divine creation and transformation? Exploration will include the enduring theological themes of human creatures as the imago dei or image of God and of nature as a mirror or image of God’s providence and majesty. Can such historical theological strategies inform contemporary concerns about the enhancement and endangerment of life? Readings may include the Psalms, John Calvin on creation and providence, 18th and 19th century American writings about the glory of God and the glory of creation, Langdon Gilkey on creation, recent feminist works on vulnerability and materiality.
Instructor(s): Kristine Culp

THEO 50115. Seminar on the Black Notebooks: Heidegger & the Problem of Evil. 100 Units.
No description available.
Instructor(s): Ryan Coyne Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): DVPR 50115

THEO 50706. Enhancing Life: Theological and Ethical Dimensions. 100 Units.
This graduate seminar is an examination, theologically and ethically, of the question of “enhancing life” and some of the strategies proposed to do so. Topics to be address include, among others, medical and technological enhancement; the status of appeals to “nature” as a norm for assessing the enhancing of life; the question about the grounds and validity of obligations to future generations in the face of technological cognitive and non-cognitive enhancement; and theological conceptions of human perfection and enhancement.
Instructor(s): William Schweiker Terms Offered: Winter
Prerequisite(s): Previous doctoral work in theology or ethics required.
Equivalent Course(s): RETH 50706
THEO 51510. Idolatry: Historical and Modern Perspectives. 100 Units.
This seminar examines the concept of idolatry as formulated in the Reformation disputes. We will analyze the way idolatry was understood by Luther, Calvin and Zwingli. We will also look at the occurrences of iconoclasm and religious violence in the 16th century; at the development of the concept of the modern ideas of idolatry, partly as a legacy of Francis Bacon; and at the view of idolatry in Karl Barth, Jacques Ellul and Nicholas Lash.
Instructor(s): Susan Schreiner Terms Offered: Winter
Equivalent Course(s): HCHR 51510

THEO 51610. The Meanings of “Theology”: Introduction to the History of the Concepts. 100 Units.
Instructor(s): J. Marion Terms Offered: Spring

THEO 53309. Saint Augustine: Apology and Eschatology, The City of God. 100 Units.
The City of God, although central to the theology of St. Augustine, does not seem, in his style and themes, exactly on line with his other greatest works. This can be explained if we read it as a follow up of the former attempts to perform theology as an apology – according to Justin and Tertullian (among others). In that view, one can understand better why and how St. Augustine has addressed political and historical as well as spiritual and biblical issues – they all focus on explaining how time (and times) should be understood from the viewpoint of the eternity of God, which means eschatology.
Instructor(s): Jean-Luc Marion Terms Offered: Spring
Note(s): Recommended reading: The City of God, trans. H. Bettenson, Penguin, 2003, De Civitate Dei, eds. G.E. McCracken et al, Loeb, 7 Volumes <these volumes are available online via Hathi Trust at Regenstein Library>
Equivalent Course(s): DVPR 53309
THEO 58804. Seminar: Dissertation Methodology. 100 Units.
A two-week seminar on the methodology of advanced research and writing for Ph.D. students in the dissertation stage of their program. Each student will present a selection from their current work, with special additional discussion focused on the concept of revelation related to their dissertation topics, followed by a response from Prof. Marion and a discussion-format critique. The presentations will be reserved primarily for students in ABD status. Those not yet dissertating but in the final stage of their qualifying exams and proposal submissions are encouraged to engage in the discussion portion of the seminar.
Instructor(s): Jean-Luc Marion Terms Offered: Winter
Note(s): The seminar will be scheduled over 2-3 hour sessions each week from January 24 to February 2, 2017. Some sessions may be evening or weekend hours to accommodate all participants. Enrollment by application to Dean Owens.
Equivalent Course(s): DVPR 58804
COMMITTEES OF THE FACULTY AND AREAS OF STUDY

The Divinity School is organized into three committees of the faculty and eleven areas of study that support the School’s degree programs. Brief descriptions are provided here; further guidelines and exam bibliographies for each area may be found online at the Divinity School’s website (http://divinity.uchicago.edu). The courses listed are illustrative; new courses are offered regularly. In addition, some of the courses listed in a specific area may be cross-listed in other areas. Ministry courses are listed in the section on Ministry Programs. The courses of instruction in the various areas of study are numbered as follows:

- 30000–39900 Basic courses at the graduate level
- 40000–49900 Advanced and specialized courses at the graduate level
- 50000–59900 Reading, seminar, research, and dissertation courses

These courses are preceded by the following abbreviations for their areas of study:

- AASR Anthropology and Sociology of Religion
- BIBL Bible
- DVPR Philosophy of Religions
- HCHR History of Christianity
- HIJD History of Judaism
- HREL History of Religions
- ISLM Islamic Studies
- RAME Religions in America
- RETH Religious Ethics
- RLIT Religion, Literature, and Visual Culture
THEO Theology

COMMITTEES OF THE FACULTY

COMMITTEE ON CONSTRUCTIVE STUDIES IN RELIGION
The Committee on Constructive Studies in Religion brings together faculty and students who understand their work to be largely in the service of constructive (rather than purely historical or exegetical) goals. Students will be expected to focus their work within one of the three areas comprised by the Committee, but they will also be expected to gain an understanding of the relations among these areas, and to do at least one of their written examinations outside the Committee.

The Committee on Constructive Studies in Religion supplements the written Ph.D. examinations offered in its areas with three Committee-wide examinations:

1. Metaphysics,
2. Hermeneutics and Religious Reflection, and
3. Issues in Contemporary Theory.

Subject to the requirements of his or her area of concentration, a Ph.D. student in the Divinity School may stipulate a Committee-wide examination as one of his or her four written examinations.


COMMITTEE ON HISTORICAL STUDIES IN RELIGION
The Committee on Historical Studies in Religion concentrates on the development of Western religious traditions, primarily Judaism and Christianity, from their origins to the present. Special areas of interest include the formation and interpretation of the Jewish and Christian scriptures, the history of Jewish thought, as well as the social, cultural, and intellectual history of Christianity in all periods.

The Committee on Historical Studies in Religion supplements the written Ph.D. examinations offered in its areas with one Committee-wide examination: History of Comparative Exegesis: Jewish and Christian. Subject to the requirements of his or her area of concentration, a Ph.D. student in the Divinity School may stipulate the Committee-wide examination as one of his or her four written examinations.

COMMITTEE ON RELIGION AND THE HUMAN SCIENCES

The Committee on Religion and the Human Sciences engages in the humanistic study of religious traditions and phenomena, and studies literature and society in relation to religion. Faculty and students associated with the Committee give primacy to humanistic and social scientific methods of study that have become established in the academic community during the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. They examine, evaluate, and utilize many of the analytic tools and conceptual categories of the human sciences. Though each of the areas that constitutes part of the Committee may draw on both the methods and materials of the other areas, each has its own distinctive profile. History of Religions emphasizes historical, phenomenological, and comparative studies; Anthropology and Sociology of Religion concentrates on the social and cultural context of religious experiences, communities, and practices; and Religion and Literature focuses on the critical and interpretive study of literary texts.


AREAS OF STUDY

ANTHROPOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGY OF RELIGION

The ASR area studies religious phenomena from a social scientific point of view. This view is based on the strategy to explain all social phenomena as if they were nothing but products of the dynamics of social relations. This perspective has been rather successful and has been appropriated by many other, especially historical, disciplines. However, it should not be mistaken for an ontological statement.

The dynamics of social relations can be analyzed from a more social structuralist or more culturalist perspective. Social structuralists (from systems theories to network theories) tend to explain cultural phenomena more or less as derivative of structures of social relations. Culturalists (from anthropological theories of culture to interpretative sociological approaches) maintain that structures of social relations and cultural structures of meaning mutually constitute and influence each other and therefore have to be studied in their dialectical relationship.

The ASR area regards structures of social relations alone as an insufficient foundation for the understanding and explanation of social phenomena. If human action is centrally based on interests, these interests are shaped not only by the position of actors in a social structure but also by the ways in which actors interpret
that position. In other words, “interests” are not naturally given but culturally and socially shaped as well as subjectively appropriated and interpreted.

Firmly grounded in an approach that treats the study of social structures and culture as interrelated, the ASR area’s major questions revolve around topics like the following: What is the role played by religious actors and institutions in a given social/cultural setting? What is the contribution of religions in the legitimation or contestation of authority? How are domains of religious interests socially and culturally configured? How does religion impact processes of social transformation or is impacted by them? How do religions contribute to the shaping of a specific habitus?

Accordingly, the ASR area studies religious phenomena as social and cultural facts and constructs, which can be apprehended through textual sources or through the ethnography of contemporary social settings, or through a combination of both methods.

Written Examinations

Students have to take two exams in the area, and two exams in other areas of the Divinity School, chosen in consultation with their advisor.

ASR offers six examinations. ASR1 and ASR2 assess the ways in which “religion” as an analytical concept has been defined and theorized in anthropological and sociological literature. The first exam focuses on classical theoretical perspectives on religion from the early mid-twentieth century; the second examines theories from the middle of the nineteenth to the mid-twentieth century to the present. ASR3 addresses the formation and transformation of religious groups and ideas in the contexts of colonialism, post-colonialism and globalization. ASR4 focuses on theorizing the relationship between Islam and power in sociology, anthropology as well as political science. ASR5 explores different religious visions of history, like utopianism, millenarianism, messianism, and fundamentalism. ASR6 focuses on French sociology and anthropology of religion.

1. Classical Theories
2. Contemporary Theories
3. From Colonialism to Globalization
4. Modern Islam and Power
5. Religious Ideologies and Utopias
6. French Sociology and Anthropology of Religion
Previously Offered Courses

Course offerings vary by year. For current course listings, and an archive of past courses, please see our website. (http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses)

- Magic, Science and Religion. Doostdar
- Religion and the Cold War. Heo
- The Anthropology of Religion. Doostdar
- Interpretation of Ritual. Lincoln
- Modern Enchantments: The Occult, the Paranormal and the Extraterrestrial. Doostdar
- Spirits of Capitalism. Heo
- Sociology of Religion in Urban Contexts. Staff
- Ethnographic Methods. McRoberts
- Urban Structure and Process. McRoberts
- Feminism and Islamic Studies. Doostdar
- Classical Theories of Religion. Wedemeyer
- Comparative and Global Christianities. Heo
- Witchcraft. Doostdar
- Shi’ism and Modernity. Doostdar
- Revelation or Revolution? The Question of Interior Worlds. Bayer
- Psychology and Religion: Two Problem Children of Modernity. Fong
- New Narratives of Secularization and Sacralization. Joas
- Urban Structure and Process. McRoberts

BIBLE

The Bible area seeks to understand and interpret the Jewish and Christian scriptures and related texts in their historical and cultural settings as well as in their subsequent roles as canonical texts for Judaism and Christianity. Contributing to these goals are four distinct areas of research: the historical contexts of these scriptures from ancient Israel to the Roman empire, the history and transmission of biblical and post-biblical literature, the history and methods of exegesis, and biblical and post-biblical theology.


Written Examinations

1: History and Religion of Israel and its Ancient Near Eastern Setting
2: Literature of Israel and its Ancient Near Eastern Setting
3. Christian Origins  
5. Special field for Hebrew Bible and Ancient Near East  

Selected Bible Courses

This list is a sample of courses offered in this area. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses

- Introduction to Judaic Civilization. Robinson
- Ritual, Cult, and Magic in the Hebrew Bible. Stackert
- I Corinthians. Mitchell
- Lucian of Samosata. Martinez
- Jewish History and Society: Introduction to the Hebrew Bible. Chavel
- Greek Tragedy. Asmis
- Family Matters in Ancient Israel. Chavel
- Law in Biblical Literature. Chavel
- Studies in Midrash: Leviticus Rabba. Fishbane
- Israelite Love Lyrics: the Song of Songs. Chavel
- Wrath of God in the Hebrew Bible. Fishbane
- Plutarch: Isis and Osiris. Martinez
- Song of Songs. Fishbane
- Amos. Stackert
- Justin Martyr. Martinez
- Ancient Sexualities and Early Christianity. Jay
- The Thessalonian Letters. Mitchell
- Isaiah 40-66: Babylon and Yehud. Chavel
- Colloquium: Ancient Christianity. Mitchell
- Science and Scripture: Jewish Philosophical Exegesis in the Middle Ages. Robinson
- The Question of Jewish Intellectual Culture. Fishbane
- The Pastoral Epistles. Mitchell
- Philo of Alexandria. Martinez
- Studies in Midrash: Pirke De-Rabbi Eliezer. Fishbane
- The Bible and Its Ancient Interpreters. Fishbane
- Reconsidering Patristic Biblical Interpretation. Mitchell
- Early Christian Rhetoric. Mitchell
The History of Christianity area focuses on one major western religious tradition, in itself and in its interactions with other religions and cultures across time. The area fosters knowledge of the range of communities claiming an identity as “Christian” from the first through the twenty-first centuries, as well as allowing for individual specialization in a particular movement or historical moment, including ancient Christianity (to Constantine), late antique and medieval Christianity, the Reformation and early modernity, the Puritan movement, and American Christianity and American religion in general. Coursework and guided research emphasize the acquisition of essential skills of documentary and artifactual interpretation, critical appraisal of a range of methodological approaches to the material, and a sophisticated appreciation of the tasks, goals and audiences of historiographical writing. The construction of this area is based on the assumption that there are major issues that apply and extend to all periods (such as forms of biblical interpretation, means of adjudicating “orthodoxy” and “heresy,” the relationship between Christian communities and the social order, forms of institutional and personal piety), as well as particular expressions of those dynamics in different chronological and geographical settings. It also assumes the need for integration of intellectual, social, institutional and cultural histories for interpreting the body of existing evidence and adequately addressing most important questions about this particular religious tradition in its various manifestations. Students in the HC area are encouraged to formulate an interdisciplinary approach to their research, through coursework throughout the areas of the Divinity School and the University (including the Department of History).

Written Examinations

A student in the area is expected to take three of the four examinations, and must complete at least one major course in the area of the examination they are not taking.

The History of Christianity area offers four written examinations:

1. Ancient (to 600 CE)
2. Medieval (600-1300)
3. Early Modern (1300-1600)
4. Modern (1600-present)
SELECTED HISTORY OF CHRISTIANITY COURSES

This list is a sample of courses offered in this area and is for informational purposes only. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses

• History of Christian Thought I. Otten
• History of Christian Thought II. Otten
• History of Christian Thought III. Schreiner.
• History of Christian Thought V: Modern Religious Thought. Hector
• Byzantium: Art-Religion-Culture. Krause
• Interpreting the Gospel according to Matthew. Mitchell
• The Age of Walter Rauschenbusch: History and Historiography of the Social Gospel Movement. Evans
• The Christian Right: History and Historiography. Evans
• Race and Religion in 20th Century America. Evans
• Religion in America: From the Revolution to the Civil War. Howell
• Comparative and Global Christianities. Heo
• Christianity and Slavery in America, 1619-1865. Evans
• Art and Ritual in Byzantium. Krause
• Early Modern Catholicism. Schreiner
• Early Christian Art. Krause
• Colloquium: Ancient Christianity. Mitchell
• Dialogue in the Middle Ages. Pick
• The Veneration of Icons in Byzantium: History, Theory and Practice. Krause
• Renaissance and Reformation. Schreiner.
• Virginity and the Body from Late Antiquity to the Middle Ages. Pick
• Historical Theological Debates: Predestination and the Augustinian Legacy in the Carolingian Era. Otten
• Early Spain: Visigoths, Umayyads, and Asturians. Pick
• Late Medieval Women: Authorship and Authority. Otten
• Early Christian Rhetoric. Mitchell
• Colloquium: The Psalms in Medieval Liturgy and Exegesis. Fulton Brown
• Idolatry: Historical and Modern Perspectives. Schreiner
• HCHR 53500 Early Christian Biblical Interpretation. Mitchell

HISTORY OF JUDAISM

In the History of Judaism Area we concentrate on Jewish thought, from antiquity to the present. Midrash and piyyut, Biblical interpretation and belles-lettres, Sufism and Kabbalah, philosophy and theology – these are the main subjects that we
explore, in historical and hermeneutical context. The main focus is textual, the 
study of ideas as they emerge in the vast and varied literary production of the Jews 
throughout time. Although students are required to gain expertise in one historical 
period and geographical realm, they are encouraged also to acquire a sense for the 
development of ideas through the ages, from Biblical to Second Temple, Hellenistic 
and Rabbinic Judaism, into the Medieval period – in the Islamic world and Christian 
Europe – into Modern times, in Germany, France, Italy, Israel and America.

In addition to the courses listed below, students are encouraged to consult course 
offerings in the Departments of History, Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations, 
and Philosophy; the Committee on Social Thought; and the Law School, where 
deemed relevant.

Written Examinations
Ph.D. students concentrating in History of Judaism take two of the three exams 
and select their remaining exam from a different area.

1. Ancient Judaism
2. Medieval Judaism
3. Modern Judaism

Recent History of Judaism Courses
This list is a sample of courses offered in this area and is for informational 
purposes only. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/
courses

• Jewish Liturgical Poetry (Fishbane)
• The Study of Modern Jewish Thought: Theory and Method (Mendes-Flohr)
• Job and Theology: Between Biblical Hermeneutics and Philosophical Theology 
  (Fishbane)
• Philosophy, Talmudic Culture, and Religious Experience: Soloveitchik 
  (Davidson)
• Spinoza and Mendelssohn (Mendes-Flohr)
• The Bible in Arabic (Robinson)
• Franz Rosenzweig’s Star of Redemption Part I and II (Mendes-Flohr)
• Maimonides on the Problem of Evil (Robinson)
• Poetics of Midrash (Fishbane)
• The Jewish Interpretation of the Bible in the Middle Ages (Robinson)
• Advanced Readings in Midrash (Fishbane)
• Maimonides as Mystic (Robinson)
• The Citation in Jewish Religious Culture (Fishbane)
• Studies in Rabbinic Midrash: Pesikta de-Rav Kahana (Fishbane)
• Levinas and Talmud (Fishbane)
• Philosophy and Theology of Judaism (Davidson)
• Martin Buber’s Philosophy of Religion (Mendes-Flohr)
• HBrauer Seminar: Jewish and Christian Responses to Biblical Criticism (Stackert and Mendes-Flohr)
• Jewish Writings of Hannah Arendt (Mendes-Flohr)
• Levinas and Talmud (Fishbane)
• Messianism in Modernity (Hammerschlag)
• Readings in Maimonides’ Guide of the Perplexed (Robinson)
• Jewish Responses to Continental Philosophers: Kant, Hegel, Nietzsche, and Heidegger (Mendes-Flohr)
• The Other and the “Exotic” in Postwar Jewish Writing (Hammerschlag)
• Animal Spirituality in the Middle Ages (Robinson)
• Topics in the Philosophy of Religion: Challenge of Suffering from Job to Primo Levi (Davidson)
• Medieval Commentaries on Ecclesiastes (Robinson and Fishbane)
• Readings in Arabic Religious Texts (Robinson and Sells)

HISTORY OF RELIGIONS

The History of Religions area approaches religion as an exclusively human phenomenon, via the methods of the social sciences and the humanities. It is concerned to theorize at a high level of generalization, informed by broadly comparative and empirical research, and to carry out high-level empirical research informed by theoretical reflection. It pays self-conscious and explicit attention to problems of epistemology, terminology, category formation, method and motive. Irreverent by temperament and sometimes on principle, it insists that:

1. the Western monotheisms should not be the only paradigms and/or objects of legitimate study,
2. religion cannot be reduced to belief, but also includes issues of practices, institutions, communities, habitus and other factors that often operate below the level of consciousness, and
3. interpretation involves critical probing and systematic interrogation of the idealized self-representations of any religious phenomenon.

Those who work within the History of Religions are expected to become thoroughly acquainted with the development of the History of Religions as an academic discipline, and to have a sophisticated understanding of the theories and methods that are relevant to contemporary research in the field. Each student must deal creatively with the tension that results from an emphasis on the importance of
historically contextualized studies on the one hand, and of wide-ranging theoretical and comparative research on the other.

Students in the History of Religions develop a special expertise in the study of at least one particular religious tradition. This involves learning to read and/or speak the relevant language (or languages) and becoming familiar with the relevant historical and cultural background. In addition, each student is expected to become informed about a variety of other religious traditions, both historical and contemporary. Students utilize the extensive resources provided by the University as a whole, enhancing their study of particular religious traditions by work in Area Studies departments (such as SALC, NELC, EALC, and Classics) and refining their critical method by work in disciplinary departments (such as History and Anthropology).

Written Examinations
1. Special Area
2. Theory
   a. Classical Theory
   b. Contemporary Theory
3. Another special area or thematic exam
4. An exam in another area of study

Selected History of Religions Courses

This list is a sample of courses offered in this area. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses

- Microhistory and the Study of Religions. Lincoln
- Tibetan Buddhism. Wedemeyer
- Ethical and Theological Issues in Hinduism. Doniger
- Spanish Civil War: Religious Issues. Lincoln
- Music, Meaning, and Mantra in Aspects of Indian Thought. Kapstein
- Tantra in Practice. Kapstein
- Mahayana Sutra Literature. Wedemeyer
- Christianity and Korea. Heo
- American Mythologies: Screwball Comedies. Lincoln/Doniger
- Religions of Tang China and the Eastern Silk Road. Copp
- Ancient Empire and the Ideology of Salvation. Lincoln
- Interpretation of Ritual. Lincoln
Committees of the Faculty and Areas of Study

- Buddhist Narratives. Collins
- Representation and Ideology in the Study of South Asian Religions. Wedemeyer
- Religious Law, Secular Law, and Sexual Deviation in Ancient India. Doniger
- Seminar: Buddhist Thought in Tibet. Kapstein
- Contemporary Perspectives on the History of Religions. Wedemeyer
- Spirits of Capitalism. Heo

**Islamic Studies**

The Islamic Studies area engages in the study of Islam as a textual tradition inscribed in history and as understood particular cultural contexts. The area seeks to provide an introduction to and a specialization in Islam through a variety of expressions (literary, poetic, social, and political) and through a variety of methods (literary criticism, hermeneutics, history, sociology, and anthropology). It offers opportunities to specialize in fields that include Qur’anic studies, Sufi literature, Islamic law and theology and Islamic philosophy. In addition to the courses listed below, students are encouraged to consult related course offerings in other areas of the Divinity School and in other university departments such as History, Near Eastern Languages and Civilizations, and South Asian Languages and Civilizations.

Students without an advanced degree apply for admission to the A.M. program of the Divinity School. Students applying from within the University of Chicago M.A. program will be expected to have completed three courses in the Islamic Studies area or the equivalent (to be established by consultation and petition) by the end of the M.A. All applicants for Ph.D. admission should have a strong preparation for the study of Islam, including reading knowledge of classical and Modern Standard Arabic, significant background in the study of the human or social sciences, and previous coursework in Islamic history, religion, civilization, or literature. The application letter should specify the applicant’s background in the study of Arabic. If at the time of application the applicant has not already completed the equivalent of three years of Arabic, the candidate should indicate the program of current study (including possible summer study) that will demonstrate that at the time of matriculation, he or she will have completed the equivalent of three years of Arabic.

Students at the Ph.D. level are expected to have completed coursework in advanced Arabic, in which there is a sustained engagement with Arabic primary sources, or to have carried out significant independent study at an equivalent level, before submission of a dissertation proposal. After consultation with a faculty advisor in Islamic Studies, students may petition to replace either French or German with one of the major languages of literature and scholarship within Islam.
Written Examinations

The Ph.D. qualifying examinations consist of four written examinations and an oral examination based on a research paper submitted for the occasion, in consultation with the student’s advisor in the Islamic Studies area. At least two of the four written examinations should be taken in the area of Islamic Studies. At least one of the four examinations should be taken in an area outside of Islamic Studies.

Examinations in Islamic Studies include:

S1-Qur’anic Studies
IS2-Sufi Literature
IS3-Islamic Philosophy
IS4-Islamic Modernities
IS5-Islamic Origins
IS6-Special Topic

Selected Islamic Studies Courses

This list is a sample of courses offered in this area. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses

- Introduction to the Qur’an. Casewit
- Introduction to Islamic Law. El Shamsy
- Persian Poetry: Shanameh 2. Lewis
- Persian Poetry: Mathnavi or Rumi 1/2. Lewis
- What is a Madrasa Education. Casewit
- Persian Poetry: Mathnavi of Rumi 2. Lewis
- Women Writing Persian: Survey of Poetry and Prose. Lewis
- Early Islamic Historiography. Donner
- Islamic History and Society 1: Rise of Islam and the Caliphate. Donner
- Islamic Origins. Donner
- Islamic History and Society II: The High Caliphate. Donner
- Shi’ism: History, Memory, Politics. Doostdar
- Readings in Qur’an, Tafsir, and Sira. Sells
- Islamic Love Poetry. Sells
- Islamic Thought in al-Andalus. Casewit
- Readings in the Text of the Qur’an. Sells
- Animal Spirituality in the Middle Ages: A Medieval Menagerie. Robinson
- Comparative Mystical Literature. Sells
- Muslim Perceptions of the Bible. Casewit
- Crusade and Holy War in the Medieval World. Pick
- The Light Verse in Islamic Exegetical Tradition. Casewit
• Anthropological Readings of Contemporary Islam. Agrama
• Readings in Maimonides’ Guide of the Perplexed. Robinson
• Introduction to Arabic and Islamic Studies. Casewit
• Christians, Muslims, and Jews in Late Medieval Spain. Nirenberg
• Theorizing Secularism. Agrama
• Religion in Modern Iran. Doostdar
• Walter Benjamin. Doostdar and Lincoln
• Tradition, Temporality and Authority. Agrama
• Islam, Media, Meditation. Doostdar
• Islamic and Jewish Neoplatonism. Robinson
• Maimonides, Eight Chapters and Commentary on Avot. Robinson
• Seminar in the Writing of Ibn al-‘Arabi. Sells
• Readings in Arabic Religious Texts. Sells.
• Arabic Sufi Poetry. Sells
• Seminar on `Afif al-Din al-Tilimsani. Casewit
• Islamic Classics and the Printing Press. El-Shamsy
• Readings in Al-Mizan, ‘Allama Tabataba’I’s Qur’anic Exegesis. Doostdar
• Ethnographies of the Muslim World. Doostdar

PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGIONS

The Philosophy of Religions area considers philosophical issues arising from various religious beliefs and practices, and from critical reflection upon them. Work in this area requires historical understanding of the discipline as it developed in the West, but students also specialize in the philosophical thought of a non-Western religious tradition, as well as to do constructive philosophical work that draws upon the resources of more than one tradition.

Written Examinations

Ph.D. students concentrating in the Philosophy of Religions area are required to take three exams offered by the area. All students are required to take PR1, “The Modern Background,” and one of two exams focused on particular thinkers and trends from the twentieth century: either PR2, “ Anglo-American Philosophy of Religions in the Twentieth Century,” or PR3, “Continental Philosophy of Religions in the Twentieth Century.” A third exam emphasizing work in the field is also required, and its selection will typically be a function of the student’s particular area of focus. For students pursuing a program of comparative work, this will normally be one of the exams under the rubric of PR4, “Comparative Philosophy of Religions” (e.g., an exam in Indian Buddhist philosophy); for students not pursuing a program of comparative work, the third exam will normally be the other of the two twentieth-century exams. In some cases, students not pursuing a program in comparative work may select as the third exam one of those offered by the Committee on Constructive Studies (“Metaphysics,” “Hermeneutics and Religious
Reflection,” or “Issues in Contemporary Theory”). The student’s examining committee should include at least four faculty examiners, three of whom should be members of the Philosophy of Religions faculty.

1. The Modern Background
2. Anglo-American Philosophy of Religions in the Twentieth Century
3. Continental Philosophy of Religions in the Twentieth Century
4. Comparative Philosophy of Religions

Selected Philosophy of Religions Courses

This list is a sample of courses offered in this area. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses

- Buddhist Sutras Reading in Traditional Tiantai "Classification of Teachings" Rather than Historical Order. Ziporyn
- Indian Philosophy I & II. Kapstein/Arnold.
- Death: Some Aspects. Arnold/Brudney
- Spiritual Exercises and Moral Perfectionism. Davidson
- Spinoza and the Question of Being. Marion
- Derrida’s ‘Of Grammatology’. Hammerschlag.
- Seminar on the Black Notebooks: Heidegger and the Problem of Evil. Coyne
- Readings in Tibetan Buddhist Texts. Kapstein
- Topics in the Philosophy of Judaism: Soloveitchik Reads the Classics. Davidson
- De-theologizing Christianity. Coyne
- Knowledge of the Other. Marion
- Anglo-American Philosophy of/and Religion. Hector
- Recent Work on Self and Non-Self in Indian Philosophy. Kapstein
- Philosophy of Language Seminar: Quotations, Pictures, Words. Stern
- Topics in Philosophy of Judaism: Ethics and Halakhah. Davidson
- Buddhist Thought in Tibet. Kapstein
- Simone Weil. Meltzer
- Philosophical Thought and Expression, Twentieth-Century Europe. Davidson
- Twentieth-Century Continental Philosophy and Theology. Davidson
- The End of Metaphysics. Marion
- Madhyamaka. Arnold
- Saints: Economies of Transgression. Metlzer/Elsner
- Modern Ideas of Human Freedom. Coyne
• American Religious Naturalism following James. Arnold.
• “Imaginaire” and “Imaginal” in the History and Philosophy of Religions. Kapstein
• Lacan’s Ethics. Coyne
• The Philosophical Career of Vasubandhu. Arnold
• Music, Meaning, and Mantra in Aspects of Indian Thought. Kapstein
• Franciscan Thought and Images. Davidson
• Religious Diversity as a Philosophical Problem. Arnold
• Theories of Desire. Meltzer
• Brauer seminar: Intentionality and Belief. Arnold/Coyne

RELIGION, LITERATURE, AND VISUAL CULTURE

Religion, Literature, and Visual Culture studies the interactions of the religions with cultural forms and practices, with particular reference to art. It pursues this study utilizing the tools of poetics, aesthetics, and theories of interpretation to understand both the ways that the religions harness the human imagination, and the ways that the human recourse to imaginative expression often some would say always—engages religion. Although this phenomenon is arguably concurrent with all of human history, the academic enterprise of Religion and Literature is by comparison young. It took its initial explicit form in response to the conviction, articulated most forcefully by Paul Tillich in the mid-twentieth century, that in order to understand religion we must engage our “cultural condition.” In its relatively short life the field has witnessed the more widely recognized shifts in the study of religion that had their advent just as Tillich’s own remarkable career was concluding, and the field has since aimed toward more self-conscious engagements with comparison (both within a culture and across cultures) and with history. We recognize the texts and artifacts we study to be both more knowingly pluralistic, and often more intentionally eclectic, than had been assumed. We aim to address the pressure this exerts on conventional rubrics of cultural study such as nation, language, “high art” and—not incidentally— the self-proclaimed provenances of the religions. As a consequence a comparative frame of reference, both within a culture and across cultures, has become essential. This broader compass of cultural practice has also led to a revision of the area’s interests in the history of interpretive theory, to engage not only literary criticism but hermeneutics, biblical interpretation, and aesthetics. The area seeks to be interdisciplinary in its work, so that students pursue sustained work in other areas of study in the Divinity School and in other departments and committees of the University as informed and directed by the area’s emphasis on the acquisition the skills of close, sustained interpretive analysis and broad engagement with issues in the theory of interpretation.

Written Examinations

RLVC Examination 1: Theories of Criticism
RLVC Examination 2: Genres of Literature and Case Studies

Previously Offered Courses

Course offerings vary by year. For current course listings, and an archive of past courses, please see our website. (http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses)

- Jewish Liturgical Poetry (Fishbane)
- Levinas and Derrida on Religion and Literature (Hammerschlag)
- Irony (Hammerschlag and Rosengarten)
- Comparative Mystical Literature: Islamic, Jewish, and Christian (Sells)
- Styles of Catholicism: Kahlo, O’Connor, Weil (Rosengarten)
- Poetics of Midrash (Fishbane)
- Art and Religion in Late Antiquity (Elsner)
- The Citation in Jewish Religious Culture (Fishbane)
- Illuminating the Bible in Byzantium (Krause)
- Art and Ritual in Byzantium (Krause)
- Arabic Sufi Poetry (Sells)
- The Narration of America in Literature and Film (Rosengarten and Howell)
- Interactions Between Jewish Philosophy and Literature During the Middle Ages (Robinson)
- The Other and the ‘Exotic’ in Postwar Jewish Writing (Hammerschlag)
- Autobiography (Wedemeyer and Rosengarten)
- Theory of Literature: The Twentieth Century (Hammerschlag)
- Pilgrimage in Antiquity and the Early Christendom (Elsner)
- Animal Spirituality in the Middle Ages (Robinson)
- History of Criticism: 16th-19th Centuries (Rosengarten)
- Between Vienna and Hamburg: From Deutschland to America: The Writing of Art History Between 1900 and 1960 (Elsner)
- The Veneration of Icons in Byzantium: History, Theory, and Practice (Krause)
- Byzantine Art: Special Topics in Iconography (Krause)
- Derrida’s ‘Of Grammatology’ (Hammerschlag)

RELIGIONS IN AMERICA

Religions in America is an interdisciplinary program that focuses on religious ideas, practices, institutions, and movements in colonial North America (1600-1787) and the United States (1787-present). The program is interdisciplinary, bringing together faculty and students with historical, sociological, ethnographic, comparative, and theoretical interests in American religion. Students in the program can write dissertations on a wide variety of topics: for example, Native American religion, black Muslims in America, the rise of new forms of religious media, Jewish and Christian attitudes toward the American claim to be a "new Israel," the meaning
of American "secularism" in the late twentieth century, the response of different
religious communities to free-market capitalism, the emergence of New Thought
in the late-nineteenth century, and the Hindu, Muslim, or Buddhist experience in
America.

Religions in America stands at the crossroads of several other areas of study at the
Divinity School, and interdisciplinary collaboration is expected. Students who are
particularly interested in American Christianity have the choice of concentrating in
either Religions in America or the History of Christianity area in the Divinity School,
which considers American Christianity in relationship to the longer Christian
tradition from antiquity to the present. Similarly, students who are interested in
other global traditions in America (for example, Buddhism or Hinduism), can
choose to concentrate in either Religions in America or the History of Religions area.

Requirements for the Ph.D. in Religions in America are:

1. Course Work and Residency: There is a four-year scholastic residency
requirement for every doctoral student in the Divinity School. With supervision by
the primary academic advisor, students develop a course of study that will help
them prepare for comprehensive exams, taken by the end of the fourth year.

2. Languages: All doctoral students at the Divinity School are required to pass
the University of Chicago language examinations in French and German with a
"High Pass" (P+). (Students can petition to substitute another language for French
or German if the other language is crucial to reading scholarship in their field.)
One must pass the required language exams before taking the doctoral exams and
submitting a dissertation proposal. Students who intend to do research on non-
English speaking or immigrant groups (for example, Hindus in America) must gain
appropriate competency in the relevant language or languages.

3. Comprehensive Exams: All doctoral students in the Divinity School are
required to take four comprehensive examinations followed by a cumulative oral
examination on the written exams and a piece of their own research, the "orals
paper." All students in "Religions in America" will take the following two field
exams:

- I. The Religious History of the United States and Colonial North America
  (administered by Curtis Evans).
  This exam approaches American religion from a historical perspective and
  includes a wide variety of books on both particular religious traditions (e.g.
  Christianity, Judaism, and Buddhism) and themes (e.g. millennialism and
  missions).
- II. Secularization, Pluralism, and Migration in America (administered by Omar
  McRoberts).
This exam approaches American religion from a sociological and ethnographic perspective, focusing particularly on the themes of secularization, pluralism, and migration.

The student should choose the other two exams in consultation with the advisor, and will articulate that plan in a course of study petition submitted to the Committee on Degrees. A student who plans to focus on Christian traditions in the United States must take a third exam that focuses on Christianity in another area at the Divinity School: for example, the History of Christianity, Ethics, Theology, or Religion and Literature. A student focusing on non-Christian traditions must take a third exam (e.g. in History of Religions or Philosophy of Religions) focusing on that tradition: for example, Buddhism or Hinduism.

The student must submit an "orals paper" prior to taking exams that will be discussed during the oral defense. The orals paper should represent a significant piece of original research that demonstrates the student's intellectual interests.

4. Dissertation Proposal: Upon successful completion of the comprehensive exams, the student must formulate and submit a dissertation proposal together with a dissertation committee of at least three faculty members: a primary adviser and two readers. Students interested in studying non-Christian traditions (for example, Judaism, Hinduism, or Buddhism) are strongly encouraged too have two dissertation advisors from the Divinity School—an Americanist and a specialist in the particular tradition they intend to study. The dissertation proposal is submitted to the Committee on Degrees for formal approval.

5. Dissertation: The final requirement of the Ph.D. is the dissertation, which must represent substantial and original research in the student's chosen field of expertise.

Selected Courses
This list is a sample of courses offered in this area. For current and upcoming courses, visit http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses

- Religion in Modern America, 1865-1920. Evans
- Religion in Twentieth-Century America. Evans
- Religion and the City. McRoberts.
- Religion in America From the Revolution to the Civil War. Howell
- Christianity and Slavery in America, 1619-1865. Evans
- Ethnographic Methods. McRoberts
- Urban Structure and Process. McRoberts
- The Second Great Awakening. Howell
• The Age of Walter Rauschenbusch: History and Historiography of the Social Gospel Movement. Evans
• African American Religion in the Twentieth Century: History and Historiography. Evans
• Issues in Black Sacred Music. Staff
• Evangelicalism and Fundamentalism in 20th Century America: Interpretations. Evans
• Becoming Modern: Religion in America in the 1920s. Evans

Religious Ethics
The Religious Ethics area is concerned with the meaning of religion for the conduct of the lives of persons and the ordering of societies, and, therefore, with problems of the good life, justice, and the common good. Study in the history and methods of religious and non-religious ethics is essential to work in the area. The examination of specific moral problems and the study of comparative religious ethics require work in the relevant languages, social and historical sciences or in the professions. Students are thereby encouraged to pursue work in pertinent areas of the University outside of the Divinity School.

Written Examinations
A student concentrating in Religious Ethics will take three examinations in the area, including at least two of the following:

1. Philosophical Ethics;
2. Theological Ethics;
3. Ethics and Political Life.

The student must select another, third examination from those offered by the area. A fourth examination must be selected from another area of study.

A student concentrating in Religious Ethics will submit for the oral examination a twenty- to twenty-five-page paper that typically engages one major thinker, relevant primary materials, and also important secondary scholarship with respect to a question pertinent to the student’s scholarly aspirations. This paper should, accordingly, explicate and assess the thinker(s) chosen and also advance, through that engagement, a constructive argument on the question.

The paper should be distributed to examiners at least two weeks prior to the oral examination.
The distinctive purpose of the oral examination is to engage the submitted paper and pursue other lines of inquiry, especially, but not limited to, the written examinations.

1. Philosophical Ethics
2. Theological Ethics
3. Ethics and Political Life
4. Ethics and the Social Sciences
5. Comparative Religious Ethics
6. Moral Problems

Previously Offered Courses

Course offerings vary by year. For current course listings, and an archive of past courses, please see our website (http://divinity.uchicago.edu/courses). (http://divinity.uchicago.edu/religious-ethics)

- Introduction to Theological Ethics. Schweiker
- Theories of Medical Ethics. Sulmasy
- Sustainability. Fredericks
- History of Theological Ethics I and II. Schweiker
- The Letters of Cicero and Seneca. Nussbaum
- Religion and Political Liberalism. Nussbaum
- The Ethics of War: Foundational Texts. Miller
- Beyond Morality: Nietzsche and Kierkegaard. Schweiker
- Feminist Philosophy. Nussbaum
- Modern Roman Catholic Moral Theology. Schweiker
- Anger and Hatred in the Western Philosophic Tradition. Nussbaum
- Collective Guilt, Shame and Responsibility. Fredericks
- Methods and Theories in Comparative Religious Ethics. Schweiker
- Religion, Medicine, and Ethics. Miller
- Ethical Issues in Care at the End of Life Sulmasy
- Seminal Texts in the History of Medical Ethics. Sulmasy
- Self, World, Other: The Thought of Paul Tillich. Schweiker
- Amartya Sen’s Philosophical Work. Nussbaum
- Climate Change Ethics. Fredericks
- Augustine, Kierkegaard, and the Problem of Love. Miller
THEOLOGY

The Theology area is concerned with the historical study of the self-understanding of a religious tradition, mainly Christianity and Judaism, and with the constructive interpretation of its meaning and truth for the contemporary world. Students in theology must, thereby, address questions of the history of theology, the definitive characteristics of theological claims and discourse, the criteria of meaning and of truth within a tradition, methods of theological reflection, the warrant (if any) for revision within traditions, and the manifold ways to answer or to sustain the criticism of theological ideas and religious beliefs. Students in theology thereby demonstrate their historical competence, methodological sophistication, and also grounding in some specific form of theological reflection.

Written Examinations

Students concentrating in Theology take three exams from those offered by the area. These choices should be determined, in consultation with the relevant faculty, on the basis of the student’s intended scholarly focus in the field. All students are required to take at least two of the three offered examinations in the History of Christian Thought (i.e., exams 1, 2, and 3). In all Theology examinations attention will be given to the use of scripture in the pertinent tradition as a theological source and norm, and the student will be expected to know the exegetical foundations of the theological positions discussed. The examinations will also test historical understanding and the ability to deal critically and, when appropriate, constructively with theological texts. Students must also choose a fourth examination from another area of study.

Given the purpose of the examinations in the Theology area stated above, all examinations will have “set bibliographies,” meaning thereby that examinations are not tailored to the student’s dissertation topic. Additionally, a student may not take an examination of a perspective, theologian, or doctrine that is the principle focus of his or her intended dissertation.

1. History of Christian Thought, 150–1325 (Ancient and Medieval)
2. History of Christian Thought, 1277–1600 (Early Modern)
3. History of Modern Religious Thought (1600–1950)
4. A Constructive Theological Perspective (e.g., liberation, feminist, mystical, process theologies)
5. Theological Ethics/Moral Theology
6. A Major Theologian or Doctrine (e.g., Augustine; Christology)

Research Paper

In addition to taking the written examinations, a student concentrating in Theology will submit for the oral examination a research paper that typically engages a thinker or problem, relevant primary materials, and also important
secondary scholarship with respect to the student’s scholarly aspirations. This paper is to be no longer than twenty-five, double-spaced pages, and must follow rubrics of *The Chicago Manual of Style*. Students should consult with their adviser about the most suitable paper for submission for the examination. If possible, the paper should represent some preliminary thoughts about a possible thesis topic.

As a preface research paper, the Theology area would like each student to submit a one-page summary of the significance of the paper in light of the student’s future work in the area. This statement should include:

1. a summary of the thesis of the paper;
2. a statement of how this paper relates to the student’s current theological interests.

The completed paper with preface should be distributed to all of the examiners at least two weeks prior to the time of the oral examination.

Previously Offered Courses

Course offerings vary by year. For current course listings, and an archive of past courses, please see our website (http://divinity.uchicago.edu/theology).

- Introduction to Phenomenology: Husserl. Marion
- Theologies from the Underside of History. Hopkins
- Theological Criticism: Eschatology and Embodiment. Otten
- Kant on Religion and Rational Theology. Coyne
- Politics and Culture of Black Religion. Hopkins
- Saint Augustine: Apology and Eschatology, "The City of God". Marion
- Approaches to Suffering: Theological Perspectives and Contemporary Meditations. Culp
- Contemporary Trinitarian Theology. Hector
- Womanist Theology: A New Generation. Hopkins
- Topics in Philosophy of Judaism: Ethics and Halakhah. Davidson
- Augustine on the Trinity. Marion
- Theology and Black Folk Culture. Hopkins
- African Thought and Worldview. Hopkins
- Spirituality of the Sixteenth Century. Schreiner
- Moral Problems: Poverty and Social Justice. Schweiker
- The Concept of ‘Religion’ in Modern Theology. Hector
- Protest and Liberation: Protestant Theologies. Culp
- Theological Criticism: Eschatology and Embodiment. Otten
- Calvin’s Institutes. Schreiner
• Modern Roman Catholic Moral Theology. Schweiker
• The Problem of God-Talk. Hector
• Justin Martyr. Martinez
• The Catholic Reformation. Schreiner
• Contemporary Trinitarian Theology. Hector
• Luther and the Old Testament. Schreiner
• Pilgrimage and Exodus as Christian Theological Themes. Culp
• Black Theology and Womanist Theology. Hopkins
• World Christianity (1): Asian Theologies. Hector
• Self, World, Other: The Thought of Paul Tillich. Schweiker
• Protest Theologies. Hector
• Hermann Cohen’s Religion and Reason. Mendes-Flohr
• Virginity and the Body from Late Antiquity to the Middle Ages. Pick.
• Seminar on the Black Notebooks: Heidegger and the Problem of Evil. Coyne
• Historical Theological Debates: Predestination and the Augustinian Legacy in the Carolingian Era. Otten / Allen
• Idolatry: Historical and Modern Perspectives. Schreiner
• Seminar: Dissertation Methodology. Marion
• Creation and Human Creatures: Theological Explorations. Culp
• Late Medieval Women: Authorship and Authority. Otten
• Jewish Hermeneutical Theology. Fishbane
• Philosophy and Theology of Judaism. Davidson
• Levinas and Talmud. Fishbane
• Descartes on the Self and God, and His Opponents. Marion
While the faculty that recommends the award of a degree establishes its academic requirements, the University establishes the residence requirements for those degrees. The unit of residence is the academic year, which normally consists of three consecutive quarters of enrollment, beginning with the autumn quarter.

Graduate students at the University register according to registration requirements.

1. M.A. students are registered for two years to meet the degree requirement. M.Div. students are registered for three years.

2. Ph.D. students are registered for no more than nine years (if enrolled effective summer 2016 or later), or twelve years (if enrolled prior to summer 2016.)

A.M.R.S. students enroll in a minimum of one course per quarter, and must complete nine courses for the degree. These students are not registered in Scholastic Residence, but will normally complete the degree within nine academic quarters.

M.Div. students who do not complete the degree during the period of Scholastic Residence may register for up to one year of residence for the purpose of completing outstanding requirements of the degree. Such registration must be approved by the Dean of Students and the Director of Ministry Studies.

Ph.D. students and registration

Ph.D. students are eligible for all the privileges and rights of full-time students, such as access to the Student Care Center (the University’s student health service) and medical insurance coverage, University housing, computer facilities, libraries, career and placement services, and athletic facilities. Provided they are not employed more than 20 hours a week or more in a job unrelated to their dissertation research, and subject to other federal and state student loan policies, students are eligible for student loans and deferment of loan payments.

A Ph.D. student whose dissertation research requires residence away from Chicago may register Pro Forma, upon recommendation from the advisor and approval by the Dean of Students. Normally students applying for Pro Forma status will have been admitted to candidacy and have had their dissertation topic approved by the Committee on Degrees. Renewal for a second year requires approval from the Dean of Students. Quarters registered in Pro Forma are counted
toward the 12 total academic years in which a student may be enrolled in the Ph.D.
program.

Leave of Absence is a formal status for students who suspend work toward a
degree but who expect to resume work after a maximum of one academic year, with
the possibility of approval of an additional year. Such leave must be approved by
both the student’s area of study and the Dean of Students. If, at the conclusion of an
approved Leave of Absence, studies are not resumed, the student will be withdrawn
from the University. After any Leave of Absence, the student resumes residence at
the point at which studies were interrupted.

A female student who becomes pregnant may request a one-quarter leave of
absence for childbirth. The one quarter maternity leave of absence may be taken in
the quarter of childbirth or an adjacent quarter. Such a leave may be granted by the
Dean of Students.

Availability of student health insurance during a leave of absence, and other issues
that may arise about that coverage, will be governed by the operative student health
insurance rules and policies at the time the leave is taken. Other University facilities
and services are not available to students on leaves of absence.

The registration and residence requirements reflect a structure of graduate tuition
that links charges to residence status. Students will be assessed the prevailing full
tuition rate only for the period of Scholastic Residence. A lower level will apply to
any years of Advanced Residence. Tuition is not charged for Pro Forma registration,
though a fee is assessed each quarter. No tuition is assessed when a student is on a
Leave of Absence.

PhD Student Academic Progress and Completion of the Degree

All Divinity School Ph.D. students must also complete an annual progress report,
which includes the advisor’s evaluation of student progress. The progress report
form is submitted in the Spring quarter of each year to the Dean of Students for
review by the appropriate area faculty.

Divinity School Ph.D. students who are in year six or higher must submit a plan
for completion, along with a letter of approval from the student’s dissertation
advisor, to the Dean of Students by the end of Winter Quarter of that academic
year. Failure to submit a plan of completion in the sixth year of study will result in
restriction on the student’s enrollment.
Students who were enrolled prior to summer 2016, and who have not completed their doctoral program after 12 years of registration are subject to the policy below:

For students who were enrolled prior to summer quarter 2016:

Divinity School students who do not complete the Ph.D. program by the end of the 12th year of registration must submit a request to complete the degree by submitting a timeline for completion to the Divinity School’s Committee on Degrees. The timeline and petition must be approved by the academic advisor, and must be submitted to the Dean of Students according to the published deadlines for submission of materials to the Committee on Degrees. This petition must be submitted no later than the end of the 12th year of registration. Students whose requests are approved will be allowed to register in the quarter in which they will graduate, and be charged the pro forma fee currently in effect. Students must meet all other requirements for the completion of the Ph.D. degree, including a successful midpoint review, approval of the dissertation by the dissertation committee, and submission of the dissertation to the University’s Dissertation Office by the stated deadlines.

For students who enrolled in summer 2016 or later:

Divinity School students who do not complete the Ph.D. program by the end of the 9th year of registration must submit a request to complete the degree by submitting a timeline for completion to the Divinity School’s Committee on Degrees. The timeline and petition must be approved by the academic advisor, and must be submitted to the Dean of Students according to the published deadlines for submission of materials to the Committee on Degrees. This petition must be submitted no later than the end of the 9th year of registration. Students whose requests are approved will be allowed to register in the quarter in which they will graduate, and be charged the pro forma fee currently in effect. Students must meet all other requirements for the completion of the Ph.D. degree, including a successful midpoint review, approval of the dissertation by the dissertation committee, and submission of the dissertation to the University’s Dissertation Office by the stated deadlines.
These are representative courses. Specific course offerings may be found in the on-line quarterly *Time Schedules* which can be found at: http://timeschedules.uchicago.edu/

### SUPPORTING COURSES

Registration in these special courses allows advanced students to pursue individualized studies within the Divinity School:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DVSC 45100</td>
<td>Reading Course Special Topic</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVSC 49900</td>
<td>Exam Preparation: Divinity</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVSC 50100</td>
<td>Research: Divinity</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVSC 59900</td>
<td>Thesis Work: Divinity</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reading and independent study courses are intended to supplement regular course offerings and not to duplicate them.

### THE JERALD BRAUER SEMINAR

Established by friends of the Divinity School to encourage interdisciplinary teaching and research, the Brauer Seminar is co-taught periodically by two Divinity School faculty members. The topic changes according to the interest of the instructors. Up to ten students may participate with the consent of the instructors, and each student receives a stipend of $1,000 to support participation. A seminar budget supports the honorarium and travel expenses for the Brauer Fellow, a visiting scholar who represents a disciplinary perspective on the seminar topic that complements those of the instructors. The Brauer Fellow leads one or two seminar sessions and delivers a public lecture at the Divinity School. In 2012 Professors Wendy Doniger and Jeffrey Stackert offered the Brauer Seminar, entitled “Translation.” In 2014 “Intentionality and Belief” was offered by Professors Daniel A. Arnold and Ryan Coyne. In 2015, Professors Jeffrey Stackert and Paul Mendes-Flohr offered "Jewish and Christian Responses to Biblical Criticism."

### PROGRAMS IN CLINICAL PASTORAL EDUCATION

The University of Chicago Hospitals offers programs in Clinical Pastoral Education (CPE) throughout the year for a limited number of students. These are accredited by the Association for Clinical Pastoral Education, Inc. For further information, write to:
EXCHANGE SCHOLAR PROGRAM

The University participates in the Exchange Scholar Program with the following universities: University of California at Berkeley, Brown University, Columbia University, Cornell University, Harvard University, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, University of Pennsylvania, Princeton University, Stanford University, and Yale University. Students wishing to participate in the Exchange Scholar Program should discuss plans with their advisers and with the Dean of Students, and, if approved, obtain an application at UChicago Grad. Credits earned at the host university are automatically accepted at the University of Chicago.

GRADUATE WORKSHOPS IN THE HUMANITIES, SOCIAL SCIENCES AND DIVINITY SCHOOL

The University sponsors graduate research workshops in the humanities, social sciences and the Divinity School that meet throughout the academic year. Organized by faculty and students with common research interests, they vary in format, but participants in a typical seminar come from diverse schools, departments, and divisions of the University. The following list is a sample of some of the 2015-2016 Council on Advanced Studies (CAS) workshops.

For more information on these, visit the Council on Advanced Studies Workshops at http://grad.uchicago.edu/career-development/cas-workshops.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workshop</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>African Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Cultures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ancient Greek and Roman Philosophy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ancient Societies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthropology of Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art and Politics of East Asia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparative Behavioral Biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparative Politics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparative Politics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contemporary European Philosophy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Christian Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Modern</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
East Asia: Politics, Economy, and Society
East Asia: Trans-Regional Histories
Eighteenth- and Nineteenth-Century Cultures
Eth Noise!: Ethnomusicology Workshop
Gender and Sexuality Studies
History, Philosophy, and the Sociology of Science
Human Rights
Interdisciplinary Approaches to Modern France and the Francophone World
Interdisciplinary Archaeology
Islamic Studies
Late Antiquity and Byzantium
Latin American History
Mass Culture
Medieval Studies
Middle East History and Theory
Philosophy of Religions
Poetry and Poetics
Political Theory
Renaissance
Reproduction of Race and Racial Ideologies
Rhetoric and Poetics
Semiotics: Culture in Context
Social History
Social Theory
Theory and Practice in South Asia
Visual and Material Perspectives on East Asia

**PH.D. APPLICATION FOR HYDE PARK SEMINARY STUDENTS**

By virtue of an agreement between the Divinity School and the Lutheran School of Theology at Chicago, McCormick Theological Seminary, and the Catholic Theological Union, a student enrolled in the Master of Divinity (M.Div.) degree program at one of these seminaries may undertake to coordinate studies with the intent of gaining admission to the Ph.D. program at the Divinity School. A student at one of these seminaries may pursue the normal course of M.Div. studies at the home institution while completing certain requirements for application to the Divinity School’s Ph.D. program. This program does not guarantee admission to the Divinity School’s Ph.D. program.
After completing two years of full-time study at one of these Hyde Park seminaries, the student may apply for admission to the Ph.D. program in the Divinity School in the winter quarter of the third year if the following conditions have been met:

1. prior endorsement of the dean of the student’s home seminary;
2. completion of sufficient course work at the Divinity School, including at least three courses of bi-registration at the Divinity School in the area of proposed Ph.D. concentration.

A student who wishes to pursue this should contact the Dean of Students in the Divinity School and declare this intention, reviewing the requirements at his or her earliest convenience. Links to the web sites of the various Hyde Park seminaries can be found at http://divinity.uchicago.edu/affiliated-institutions.

The Divinity Student-at-Large Program
The Divinity Student-at-Large program is designed for adults who would like to take courses in the academic study of religion, and may be considering pursuing a master’s or doctoral degree in the field. Divinity Students-at-Large take courses only in the Divinity School. Up to three courses taken in the Divinity School may be counted toward a subsequent degree program at the Divinity School.

The Graduate Student-at-Large Program
The Graduate Student-at-Large program is designed for adults who would like to return to school to work toward a master’s or doctoral degree but are uncertain about the best school or division in which to do their work. Any graduate course may be selected. The program also serves people who have no immediate degree plans but for whom quality grade and credit study would be appropriate. Full academic credit is given and copies of transcripts may be requested whenever needed. A Student-at-Large who later wishes to become a degree candidate must supply additional credentials and meet all the usual requirements for regular admission to the University. If admitted as a regular student, up to three courses taken as a Student-at-Large may be transferred, with the approval of the degree-granting department, to a degree program at the University of Chicago.

Students enrolled in institutions that do not have formal exchange or traveling scholar programs with the University should apply as Graduate Students-at-Large if they wish to study at the University for a specific period of time and have the work transferred for credit to their home institution.
Further information and applications for the Graduate Student-at-Large program are available from:

GSAL/RS Programs
Graham School of Continuing Liberal and Professional Studies
1427 East 60th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637
phone: 773-702-1726
fax: 773-702-6814
e-mail: gsalinfo@uchicago.edu
web site: http://grahamschool.uchicago.edu
Prizes

Each year, the Divinity School awards prizes for specific student achievements:

1. The Milo P. Jewett Prize is awarded annually in the spring quarter “to that member of the student body of the Divinity School who shall be pronounced by competent judges to have submitted the best-written paper translating, interpreting, or applying to a contemporary situation the Holy Scriptures, or a passage therefrom, regard being had to the most effective expression to the meaning and spirit of the sacred text.” In recent years, the money has also funded travel for research by advanced students concentrating in Bible. Recent winners of the Jewett Prize include:
   a. 2014 Steven Michael Grafton Philp
   b. 2013 Kelly Anne Gardner
   c. 2012 Jordan Skornik

2. The John Gray Rhind Award has been presented annually since 1979 to an advanced student in the ministry program at the Divinity School whose excellence in academic and professional training gives notable promise of a significant contribution to the life of the church. Recent winners of the Rhind Award include:
   a. 2016 Marcus Christian Lohrman
   b. 2015 Mary Ellen Jebbia and Kathryn Barnard Ray
   c. 2014 Leah Marie Boyd and Steven Michael Grafton Philp

3. The Susan Colver-Rosenberger Educational Prize is awarded annually in rotation to a Ph.D. student in education, theology, or sociology. The object of the prize is to stimulate constructive study and original research and to develop practical ideas for the improvement of educational objectives and methods or for the promotion of human welfare. The most recent Divinity School graduates to receive the Colver-Rosenberger Prize are:
   a. 2004 Jonathan Gold and Paul Kollman

4. The J. Coert Rylaarsdam Prize is awarded annually to reward a deserving Divinity School student who has made special efforts to promote interfaith relations with particular reference to the Christian, Jewish, and Muslim traditions. These efforts may be curricular or extracurricular. Recent winners of the Rylaarsdam Prize include:
   a. 2012 Rachel Graaf Leslie
   b. 2011 Devin O’Rourke
5. The Tikva Frymer-Kensky Memorial Prize is awarded annually to the student who has written the most accomplished essay integrating the materials and insights of at least two of the fields to which Professor Frymer-Kensky’s own scholarship contributed: Hebrew Bible, biblical law, ancient Near Eastern studies, and ritual and/or feminist theology.
   a. 2014 Liane Marquis
   b. 2013 Liane Marquis
   c. 2012 Jessica Andrucci
   d. 2010 Matthijs Den Dulk

6. The Divinity School Prize for Excellence in Teaching is to recognize and encourage the superior preparation of our doctoral students for careers in teaching. This award is given annually on the basis of self-nomination and the evaluation of a candidate's teaching portfolio.
   1. 2014 Mary Emily Duba
   2. 2013 Rick Elgendy
GRADING SYSTEM AND Official Records

Grading System

The course marks used in the Divinity School are A, B, C, D, P, F, and I or NGR. The marks A, B, C, D, with or without + or - modifiers, and the mark P are passing marks for courses in which students have registered for course credit.

The mark F indicates unsatisfactory work and carries no course credit.

The mark P may be used only for general course examinations following a quarter of instruction or for seminar and research courses numbered 30000 and above.

The mark I indicates that the student registered for course credit but has not submitted all the evidence required for a qualitative grade, and has made satisfactory arrangements with the instructor to complete the work. The mark I is given only under special circumstances, and the final determination to do so rests with the instructor. The policy in the Divinity School is that grades of I may be replaced with a letter grade up to one year following the completion of the course. After one year, the I becomes permanent, and any grade submitted will be placed next to the I. Students who wish to be eligible for federal student loans are only able to employ the incomplete policy with a grade of I.

The Divinity School does not allow students to register for audit credit (grade of "R"). Students may observe classes without credit, with permission of the instructor.

Masters levels students (M.A. or M.Div.) with more than three Incompletes on their transcript at the beginning of a quarter may not register for that quarter.

Satisfactory Academic Progress

All full-time students, following federal financial aid regulations, must be enrolled quarterly in course work and must maintain satisfactory academic progress in their program of study. Satisfactory academic progress for doctoral students is determined annually by the area faculty in the spring quarter for academic purposes and by the Student Loan Administration in the summer for federal loan eligibility in compliance with federal financial aid regulations. Satisfactory academic progress for students in the M.A. and M.Div. programs is determined annually by the program for academic purposes and by the Student Loan Administration in the summer for federal loan eligibility in compliance with federal financial aid regulations. Satisfactory academic progress for students in the A.M.R.S. program is determined quarterly by the program for academic purposes and quarterly by the Student Loan Administration.
Administration for federal loan eligibility in compliance with federal financial aid regulations.

All doctoral students who are enrolled in fewer than 300 units (typically 3 courses) will be enrolled automatically in an "Advanced Studies" course, which will carry up to 300 units.

All students enrolled in this course must receive a grade for the course for every quarter and the grade will be recorded by the Dean of Students on behalf of the faculty advisor. The grade to be assigned to this course will either be a grade of "satisfactory" (S) or "unsatisfactory" (U).

For the autumn and winter quarters, the area’s faculty can determine whether the assigned grade will be either an "S" grade or whether the grade will be left blank until the spring quarter when the annual progress review is conducted by area faculty. A grade of "U" is to be entered in a particular quarter if a student's academic advisor communicates to the Dean of Students that the student is not making satisfactory progress or if a student has not met specific academic requirements set by an area or the academic advisor. A student scheduled to graduate in a particular quarter is to be assigned a grade by the convocation grade deadline for that quarter.

The faculty advisor will communicate with the student who is not making satisfactory academic progress what the expectations are each quarter for the student to return to good academic standing. If at any time during the probationary period the student fails to meet specified expectations, the faculty will determine whether the student should be withdrawn from the program.

In general, students are making satisfactory academic progress when they have a cumulative GPA of at least 2.0 and have at least one passing grade entered per quarter enrolled. Students who receive a grade of I or NGR must complete coursework with a grade entered within one year of the quarter in which the course was taken. A Plan of Action for Incomplete Courses must be submitted to the Dean of Students if 1) a master's student has three or more incomplete grades, or 2) any student has not received a grade for coursework within one calendar year of the course enrollment.

To determine whether a student in a one-year masters program is making satisfactory progress and remains eligible for federal loans, by the end of each quarter grades must have been entered for all courses in which the student was enrolled.
For more information about the federal aid regulations and satisfactory academic progress, please see the Student Loan Administration’s policy at: https://sla.uchicago.edu/finaid/SAP.html

COURSE CREDITS

A student who is registered for a course and successfully completes the requirements as prescribed by the instructor receives credit for the course on the records of the University. The student’s record, indicating the units of instruction successfully completed together with the marks received in the various courses, may be used for transferring course credits to another university.

TRANSFERS BETWEEN DEGREE PROGRAMS

Because a student’s academic and professional interests can change, even at the doctoral level, the Divinity School provides procedures for transfers between degree programs. In general, transfers will be considered within the quarter they are presented. Any petition by a student to transfer to another program after admission but before registration is subject to review by the Committee on Admissions and Aid in consultation with the appropriate persons in the respective programs.

An enrolled student who wishes to transfer from one degree program to another should submit an application for transfer to the Dean of Students Office. The application must be approved by both the releasing and accepting programs.

In some circumstances, a Ph.D. student who already has had the course of study petition approved by the Committee on Degrees may wish to change the academic focus of that program from one to another of the ten areas of Ph.D. study. Such a change requires the submission of a new course of study petition outlining the revised course of Ph.D. study, and requesting transfer to the new area. Students should be advised that admission to the Ph.D. programs by specific area, and that petitions to transfer from one area to another require the approval of both areas and are not automatic. Financial aid for transfers is subject to review by the Committee on Admissions and Aid, which will take into account the recommendations of the releasing and accepting programs or areas of study.

APPLICATION FOR DEGREE

The University confers degrees at the conclusion of each academic quarter. A student who has completed the requirements of his or her degree program—M.A., A.M.R.S., M.Div., Ph.D.—may apply to receive the degree as soon as the next quarter. After the Autumn 2016 Convocation ceremonies, the University will hold University-wide Convocation ceremonies only in June of each year at the conclusion of the Spring quarter.
To receive the degree, the student must file an application for degree online no later than the Friday of the first week of the quarter in which he or she expects to receive the degree. If the student does not receive the degree that quarter, a new application must be filed for the quarter in which it is next expected.

In some cases, a Ph.D. candidate may wish to apply to receive the degree prior to having received final approval of the dissertation from the dissertation reading committee. Ph.D. candidates should consult with their dissertation advisor and the Dean of Students about the advisability of making such application under the specific circumstances.

Ph.D. candidates who deposit the dissertation by the 7th week of one quarter with the intent to graduate in the next quarter will not be registered as students for that quarter in which they graduate.

**TRANSCRIPTS**

A student may request a transcript of his or her academic record or certification of student status by contacting:

Office of the University Registrar  
5801 South Ellis Avenue, Room 103  
Chicago, Illinois 60637  
web site: http://registrar.uchicago.edu/transcripts

A lifetime fee for transcripts is assessed once upon matriculation.
In keeping with its long-standing traditions and policies, the University of Chicago considers students, employees, applicants for admission or employment, and those seeking access to University programs on the basis of individual merit. The University does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national or ethnic origin, age, status as an individual with a disability, protected veteran status, genetic information, or other protected classes under the law (including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972). For additional information regarding the University of Chicago’s Policy on Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Misconduct, please see: http://harassmentpolicy.uchicago.edu/page/policy.

The University official responsible for coordinating compliance with this Notice of Nondiscrimination is Sarah Wake, Assistant Provost and Director of the Office for Equal Opportunity Programs. Ms. Wake also serves as the University’s Title IX Coordinator, Affirmative Action Officer, and Section 504/ADA Coordinator. You may contact Ms. Wake by emailing swake@uchicago.edu, by calling 773.702.5671, or by writing to Sarah Wake, Office of the Provost, The University of Chicago, 5801 S. Ellis Avenue, Suite 510, Chicago, IL 60637.

Under normal circumstances, persons are eligible to apply for master’s level study in the Divinity School if they hold a bachelor’s degree, or its equivalent, from an accredited college or university. Applicants to master’s level programs are not required to have majored or to have done concentrated work in religious studies in their undergraduate programs, although broad training in the liberal arts is expected. United States citizens and permanent residents who do not hold the bachelor’s degree or its equivalent, or whose degree is from an unaccredited college or university, should contact the Dean of Students concerning eligibility for admission. International applicants should contact the Dean of Students in sufficient time to determine eligibility and to complete the application process.

Applicants to the doctoral program must have completed, or be in the process of completing, a master’s degree from an accredited institution in order to be considered for admission—and the master’s coursework should conduce to the student’s stipulated doctoral research agenda and to graduate level competency in the academic study of religion, broadly.

All inquiries concerning admissions should be addressed to the Office of the Dean of Students in the Divinity School by emailing divinityadmissions@uchicago.edu. Applications must be submitted online at https://apply-divinity.uchicago.edu/apply. The application round opens in September of each year and concludes in May;
Admissions

Round 2017 application submission deadlines for the School’s four degree programs are as follows:

- **Doctor of Philosophy (PhD):** December 15, 2016, for Autumn Quarter 2017 admission.
- **Master of Arts (MA):** January 8 [priority deadline] or May 15 [final deadline], 2017, for Autumn Quarter 2017 admission.
- **Master of Divinity (MDiv):** January 15 [priority deadline] or May 15 [final deadline], 2017, for Autumn Quarter 2017 admission.
- **Master of Arts in Religious Studies (AMRS):** October 14, 2016, for Winter Quarter 2017 admission; January 20, 2017, for Spring Quarter 2017 admission; May 15, 2017, for Autumn Quarter 2017 admission.

For full consideration in the Divinity School’s scholarship aid awards process, M.A. and M.Div. applicants should submit applications on or before the priority deadline for each program [January 8 and January 15, respectively]; scholarship aid may still be available for applicants who submit applications for these programs’ final deadline but is not guaranteed.

**General Procedures for Application**

To be considered for admission, applicants who are US citizens or permanent residents must submit the following documentation to the Dean of Students in accordance with the protocols specified in the online application (international applicants should see the following section for applicable variations, especially regarding test scores):

1. A completed online Divinity School Application for Graduate Admission, including the application fee ($75).
2. A candidate statement, of no more than 2500 words, that outlines the applicant’s proposed program of inquiry and discusses the candidate’s preparation and qualification for a rigorous program of graduate inquiry in the study of religion, intellectual influences and professional goals, and reasons for thinking that the Divinity School is a good context for her or his graduate work.
3. Academic records (including courses taken, grades, and degree awarded or sought) from every postsecondary institution of higher education the applicant has attended.
4. Three or four letters of recommendation. At least two of the recommendation letters should speak to the candidate’s academic experience and aptitude; in some cases the other one or two letters may be of broader scope and concern the applicant’s interests and motivations, character, and general intellectual abilities. M.Div. applicants should include at least one letter that discusses their experience in and/or aptitude for public religious leadership.
5. A valid official score report for the Graduate Record Examination (GRE) General Test. For more details on and registration information for this examination, see http://www.ets.org/gre. The institutional code for the GRE examination is 1832; it is no longer necessary to specify a departmental code. GRE scores are valid for five (5) years.

6. Ph.D. applicants should submit a sample of academic writing of no more than twenty-five typed, double-spaced pages (including notes); they may submit an excerpt from a longer work with a contextualizing note at the front. Master’s applicants have the option of submitting, and are encouraged to submit, a sample of academic writing; the recommended length is fifteen (15) typed, double-spaced pages.

Additional Information for International Applicants

International applicants should follow the “General Procedures for Application” as listed in the previous section but should note the following variations with respect to the test score requirement.

- Native English speakers from Australia, the English-speaking provinces of Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, English-medium universities in South Africa, and the United Kingdom should submit an official GRE score report.
- All other international applicants should submit, instead, an official score report for the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) or the International English Language Testing System (IELTS) Academic Reading/Writing Test. See http://www.ets.org/toefl (TOEFL) or https://www.ielts.org (IELTS) for more information, including registration details.
- Caveat: international applicants who have, within the past five years, conducted full-time study for a year or more in an English-medium college or university in Australia, Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, the United Kingdom, or the United States may elect to submit GRE scores in lieu of TOEFL or IELTS scores.
- Applicants who have recently studied full-time in English-medium colleges and universities in other countries—e.g., India, Pakistan, the Philippines, Hong Kong, Singapore—must submit TOEFL or IELTS scores.

The institutional code for TOEFL score reporting is 1832; it is not necessary to specify a departmental code. Students submitting IELTS scores should specify electronic submission to The University of Chicago – Graduate Enrollment. International applicants who will submit TOEFL or IELTS scores as part of the application (see above) should note that the Divinity School adheres to the University’s minimum score stipulations for these examinations. The minimum score for the internet-based (iBT) TOEFL is 104 overall with sub scores of at least 26 each in the examination’s four component tests. For the paper-based TOEFL, the minimum score is 600 with sub scores of 60 or better in each of the examination’s
component tests. The minimum scores for the IELTS examination are an overall band score of 7 and sub scores of 7 each in the examination’s component tests. Please note that applicants are required to take the Academic Reading/Writing version of the IELTS rather than the General Training Reading/Writing version.

ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION FOR INTERNATIONAL APPLICANTS

Applicants to programs leading to a master’s degree (AMRS, MA, MDiv) should hold a US bachelor’s degree or an equivalent foreign credential comprising at least sixteen years of primary, secondary, and postsecondary (or university) education. Applicants to the doctoral program should hold, additionally, a US master’s degree or an equivalent foreign credential.

TRANSCRIPTS AND CERTIFICATION OF RECORDS

International applicants must submit official academic records (transcripts or mark sheets) with grading scales for each year of post-secondary (college or university) education. If detailed transcripts are unavailable, the certificates must be accompanied by official statements showing the class or quality of the degrees or diplomas as well as marks actually received on degree examinations as compared with the maximum marks obtainable. Official copies of credentials must be validated by a school administrative officer, such as the registrar, or an official of the issuing body. Academic records should be issued in their original language; all documents not issued in English must be accompanied by official translations. The translation should be prepared or verified by a person whose position requires knowledge of both English and the pertinent language, e.g., a professor of English at a French university or an official translator.

To clarify the University’s expectations regarding previous educational achievements of international applicants, specific guidelines for eligibility are as follows:

Applicants from Europe should submit official records of all university courses and examinations taken and the grades received. Photocopies of each student book, where available, should be certified by a school official.

Applicants from French-patterned educational systems, including Francophone Africa, should have completed, or expect to complete, the Maîtrise or a qualification such as a Diplôme des Grandes Ecoles.

Applicants from British-patterned educational systems, including Anglophone Africa, should have an Honours Bachelor’s Degree in First or Upper Second Division and should present photocopies of their graduate and post-graduate diplomas. A
statement showing the division or grade of the degree is necessary, as is an official list enumerating the subjects studied.

_Applicants from India, Bangladesh, and Pakistan_ should have a master’s degree completed by the time of matriculation at the University of Chicago. Applicants should present official certificates or certified copies of the degrees and diplomas earned. Applicants must also submit detailed mark sheets covering the work completed for each year for all degrees. Wherever possible, the rank in the university or in the examination should be indicated. True copies made by the registrar or the appropriate administrative official of the university attended, bearing the official seal and signature, are required. True copies prepared and signed by faculty members, or by city or government officials, are not considered official.

_Applicants from Latin America_ should submit official records of their credentials from all universities attended. An official transcript covering all courses taken and grades received should be submitted for each school attended, together with a photocopy of the degree or diploma received.

_Applicants from the Near and Middle East_ should present university records that describe each subject studied, by years, with grades received and degree or diploma awarded.

_Applicants from the People’s Republic of China_ who have studied at universities since 1978 should present the results of their university entrance examinations in addition to their other transcripts. Records should be presented in Chinese accompanied by an English translation.

_Applicants from other East Asian countries_ should present official detailed transcripts from their universities that include all courses and grades received and degrees awarded. If the schools attended no longer exist, or if it is impossible to obtain official transcripts from them, applicants should ask the Ministry of Education of the appropriate country to furnish an official statement testifying to the impossibility of obtaining records. Applicants must also ask the Ministry to supply the University of Chicago with a list of the courses ordinarily required by that school or university.

_Visas_

Admitted international applicants must provide verification of adequate financial support for the duration of study and submit records of all academic work completed and degrees received before visa documents can be issued. For further information, applicants should contact:
The University of Chicago Office of International Affairs
1414 East 59th Street
Chicago, IL 60637
Phone: 773.702.7752
Fax: 773.702.3058
Email: international-affairs@uchicago.edu
Web: http://internationalaffairs.uchicago.edu

Additionally, for general information about graduate study in the United States, international applicants are encouraged to explore the resources available through Education USA. Visit https://educationusa.state.gov for more information.
FINANCES

TUITION AND FEES

Tuition, fees, and other charges for the 2016–2017 academic year are as follows.

APPLICATION FEE

Domestic $75

Foreign $75

This fee must accompany the original application for admission. No part of the fee is either refundable or applicable as advance payment on other fees.

QUARTERLY TUITION FEES

For M.A. students:
Full Time Residence: $12,165
Half Time Residence: $6,082

For Ph.D. students:
Scholastic Residence: $16,666
Advanced Residence: $6,573

For M.Div. students:
Full Time Residence: $10,944
Half Time Residence: $5,472

For A.M.R.S. students:
One course: $4,055
Two courses: $6,082
Three courses: $12,165

Notes

1. All students in a degree program, including those preparing for the qualifying examination or writing a dissertation, must be registered in at least three of the four quarters of the academic year.

2. In addition to those classes for which she or he has registered, a student may audit classes without charge, subject to the consent of the instructor. Audited courses do not carry credit and are not made part of the student’s permanent academic record.
3. No tuition is assessed when a student has been granted an official Leave of Absence.
4. MDiv students may be granted a fourth year of residence at the discretion of the Dean of Students.

**OTHER FEES**
- Student Life Fee (quarterly) $376
- Summer Student Life Fee $295
- Dependent Life Fee (quarterly) $295
- Foreign Language Reading Examination Fee $70
- Late Registration Fee (first 3 weeks of each quarter) $100
- Late Registration Fee (weeks 4+) $150
- Late Payment Fee $50
- Degree Application Cancellation Fee $50
- Pro Forma Registration Fee (quarterly) $343
- Lifetime Transcript Fee (entering students only) $60

**HEALTH INSURANCE**

The Student Health and Counseling Services provides plan information for the University Student Health Insurance Plan (U-SHIP). Please visit http://studenthealth.uchicago.edu for more information. Quarterly plan rates for the 2016-2017 academic year are as follows:

- Basic Health Insurance (student only) $1,205
- Student +Spouse/Partner $2,410
- Student +1 Dependent $2,410
- Student +2 Dependents $3,598
- Student +Spouse/Partner and 2 or More Dependents $4,786

**TUITION REFUND SCHEDULE**

A student who is given approval to withdraw part or all of her or his registration shall be granted a reduction of a portion of the original charge in accordance with the schedule printed in the quarterly “Time Schedules” (see http://timeschedules.uchicago.edu). Approval of withdrawal, with the date it becomes effective, must be certified by the Dean of Students in the Divinity School.

**ESTIMATE OF EXPENSES**

Living expenses will vary for each student in the Divinity School according to both individual programs and circumstances and the current cost of living. Single students should budget at least $6,851 per quarter, including fees, books and supplies, and room and board, but not including health insurance. This estimate is
based upon the experience of a number of current students and should be regarded as a minimum amount.

FINANCING YOUR DIVINITY SCHOOL EDUCATION

The Divinity School shares the broader University’s commitment to making graduate education accessible and supportable for students from all economic backgrounds, and we make every effort to aid admitted students who seek financial assistance in support of their studies. Most Divinity School students finance their degree programs through some combination of personal savings, family contributions, student loans, scholarships and fellowships, and part-time employment. Graduate education represents a significant mutual investment—of the student in the work and life of the School, and of the School in the work and life of the student—and we encourage prospective students to explore multiple avenues of financial support as they approach the application process.

DIVINITY SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIP AID

Divinity School scholarship aid awards are made based on academic merit and range from partial tuition scholarships to stipendiary fellowships. Divinity School scholarships do not require an application separate from the application for admission, and all applicants, irrespective of citizenship, are eligible for award consideration. The Committee on Admissions and Aid seeks to provide continuing support at a level consistent with the student’s academic performance and scholarship aid eligibility. The Committee makes awards on the basis of full-time academic residence unless otherwise specified in the admissions application. If a student registers for part-time residence, the amount of the award will be reassessed at the time of registration. Only degree-seeking students (in the A.M.R.S., M.A., M.Div., and Ph.D. programs) are eligible for Divinity School scholarship aid.

PH.D. STUDENTS

All PhD students admitted to the Divinity School in every area of doctoral study receive a five-year University of Chicago Fellowship comprising full tuition support, a $24,000/year living stipend, two summer research stipends of $3,000 each, and individual insurance coverage through the University Student Health Insurance Plan (U-SHIP). Students who pass the doctoral qualifying examination by the end of their fourth year of study are eligible to receive a third summer research stipend ($3,000), and students who are admitted to candidacy (by successful defense of the dissertation proposal) by the end of their fifth year of study are eligible to receive a fourth summer research stipend ($3,000) and continuing U-SHIP coverage through the sixth and seventh years of study, if necessary.

Admission to the Divinity School’s PhD program reflects the faculty’s judgment that a student shows exceptional promise for scholarship and teaching in her or his field of study; this fellowship package from the University is intended to allow each
doctoral student to place full attention on her or his course of study, research, and professionalization, and to make timely progress through the program.

Beyond the fifth year of study, there are also a wealth of fellowship opportunities, both internal to the University and not, for students who have been admitted to candidacy and seek financial support for dissertation research and writing. These include (internally) Martin Marty Center Junior Dissertation Fellowships; the Provost’s, Harper, and Mellon fellowships; and (externally), e.g., the Charlotte W. Newcombe Doctoral Dissertation Fellowships (see additional information about external fellowship opportunities below).

M.Div. students
MDiv students who request scholarship support will be considered for various forms of Divinity School scholarship gift aid. The Committee on Admissions and Aid makes offers of scholarship aid at the time of the admissions decision and on the basis of academic merit and promise in public religious leadership. Available scholarships and fellowships include the following:

1. Entering Ministry Scholarships and Fellowships.
   - The Schloerb Entering Ministry Fellowship is awarded to one or two entering MDiv students each year and provides full tuition plus a $10,000/year stipend for three academic years.
   - The Elsa Marty Entering Ministry Fellowship is awarded to one entering MDiv student each year and provides full tuition plus a $4,000/year stipend for three academic years.
   - The Divinity School Fellowship in Public Religious Leadership is awarded to one entering MDiv student each year and provides full tuition plus a $4,000/year stipend for three academic years.
   - University of Chicago Divinity School Dean’s Scholarships provide full tuition for three academic years.
   - Divinity School Scholarships provide partial tuition aid ranging from 40% to 85% of total tuition costs.

2. Supplemental scholarship aid for second- and third-year field education assignments.
   - Field education stipends of $2,000 per quarter are provided to all second-year MDiv students participating in the Arts of Ministry sequence and serving a congregation or religious community.
   - Fieldwork stipends of $1,500 support the completion of the final fieldwork placement (usually in the program’s third year). When such placement requires a registration fee (e.g., for Clinical Pastoral Education), the Divinity School
subsidizes such a charge up to $500. This assistance is provided to all MDiv students in the third or final year of their program.

• The International Ministry Study Grant program provides funding for first- or second-year University of Chicago MDiv students to study an issue or aspect of ministerial practice in an international cultural context. Applications are due December 1 for travel to be completed during the following summer. For more information about this program, including application procedures, contact Cynthia Lindner, Director of Ministry Studies, at clindner@uchicago.edu.

M.A. STUDENTS

MA students who request consideration for scholarship aid are eligible for awards ranging from partial tuition scholarships to stipendiary fellowships. Awards are determined by the Committee on Admissions and Aid and are offered at the time of admission. No supplemental application form is required in order to be considered for these awards; interested applicants need only answer “Yes” to the question about scholarship aid on the online application’s Financial Data section. MA students are eligible for scholarship aid for the equivalent of two years of full-time study, pending satisfactory academic progress.

• The Divinity School Visiting Committee Fellowship is awarded to one exemplary admitted MA student, provides full tuition plus a $12,000/year stipend, and is funded by generous gifts from members of the Divinity School’s Visiting Committee.

• The Regenstein Fellowship is awarded to one exemplary admitted MA student with scholarly interest and background in Jewish Studies (Hebrew Bible, History of Judaism). The award provides full tuition plus a $12,000/year stipend and is funded by a generous gift from the Regenstein family.

• The Daniel T. Carroll Fellowship is awarded to an incoming MA student who, in the judgment of the faculty, shows outstanding promise for graduate work in the academic study of religion. The fellowship provides full tuition plus a $10,000/year stipend.

• The Phelps Wilder Memorial Fellowship is awarded to an incoming student who, in the judgment of the faculty, shows outstanding promise for graduate study in the field of religion. The award provides full tuition and a $10,000/year stipend.

• University of Chicago Divinity School Dean’s Scholarships provide full tuition for two academic years.

• Divinity School Scholarships provide partial tuition awards ranging from 25% to 80% of tuition.

A.M.R.S. STUDENTS

AMRS students who request consideration for scholarship aid are eligible for Divinity School Scholarships, which are partial tuition awards ranging from 25% to
75% of tuition costs. Awards are applied as a percentage of students’ tuition cost per course.

OUTSIDE AID

Divinity School students are strongly encouraged to apply for financial assistance from sources external to the Divinity School. In fairness to all applicants for Divinity School scholarship aid, the Committee on Admissions and Aid requires that persons winning external awards report them promptly; that said, adjustments in such persons’ Divinity School scholarship aid are made only in cases where the outside award substantially reduces the student’s level of financial need relative to the total estimated cost of attendance. Most outside awards are, in fact, more modest and may be used to supplement Divinity School scholarship aid awards.

For more information, students should consult UChicagoGrad’s Fellowships website (http://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships), which includes a keyword searchable database of fellowship opportunities. The following fellowships are among the most prestigious and remunerative outside awards:

- **Title VI or Foreign Language Area Studies (FLAS) Fellowships** are available for graduate study in critical languages and related area studies. Only US citizens or persons actively seeking citizenship are eligible. Application is made through the University, and forms are available at the beginning of the Winter Quarter from the Dean of Students in the Divinity School.

- **The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation** offers a range of fellowship programs for graduate study, including Mellon/ACLS Dissertation Completion Fellowships (see http://www.acls.org/programs/dcf/). Visit https://mellon.org/programs/higher-education-and-scholarship-humanities/fellowships/ for more information.

- **Charlotte W. Newcombe Doctoral Dissertation Fellowships** support the last full year of research and writing for outstanding doctoral students whose dissertations focus on ethical or religious values and the way those values govern the choices made by people and societies. Visit http://www.woodrow.org/fellowships/newcombe for further information, including eligibility requirements and competition deadlines.

- **Disciples Divinity House Scholarships** offer tuition, housing, and/or stipendiary support for qualified members of the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) who are pursuing degree study in the University of Chicago Divinity School. These scholarships are renewable annually through the time normally required for degree completion. Visit http://ddh.uchicago.edu/admissions/becoming-scholar.shtml for more information.

- **Ford Foundation Diversity Fellowships** are available on a competitive basis to US citizens, nationals, permanent residents, or individuals granted deferred action status under the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA). Both predoctoral and dissertation fellowships are available to support graduate research in the behavioral and social sciences, the
humanities (including religious studies), and certain other fields. Visit http://sites.nationalacademies.org/pga/fordfellowships/index.htm for more information.

- **The Forum for Theological Exploration (FTE)** offers several fellowship programs of interest to both PhD and MDiv students. Visit http://fteleaders.org/grants-fellowships for available fellowship programs, eligibility information, and application deadlines.

- **Jacob K. Javits Fellowships** support graduate study in selected fields (including religion) within the arts, humanities, and social sciences. The award, which is renewable for up to 48 months, covers tuition and fees and includes a stipend. Fourth-year college students and other persons who have not completed their first year of graduate study, and who are US citizens or permanent residents, are eligible to apply. For more information, visit http://www2.ed.gov/programs/jacobjavits/index.html.

- International students are encouraged to explore appropriate funding opportunities, such as [Fulbright-Hays](https://eca.state.gov/fulbright/fulbright-programs/program-details-country); [DAAD](https://www.daad.de/der-daad/de/); and [SSHRC](Canada Council; [http://www.sshrc-crsh.gc.ca/home-accueil-eng.aspx](http://www.sshrc-crsh.gc.ca/home-accueil-eng.aspx)). International applicants and students should also consult *Education USA*’s fellowships database: [https://educationusa.state.gov/find-financial-aid](https://educationusa.state.gov/find-financial-aid).

**Fellowships for International Study**

Graduate students at the University of Chicago are eligible for a great many funding opportunities for overseas study and research. Fellowship applications are usually due in early Autumn Quarter of the academic year preceding the intended term of study abroad. As with the fellowships listed under “Outside Aid” (see above), students should consult UChicagoGrad’s Fellowship resources ([http://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships](http://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships)) for more information. A sampling of fellowships for international study is as follows:

- **The American Institute of Indian Studies (AIIS)** offers a range of research fellowships to students whose inquiry requires, or would benefit from, study in India. Visit [http://www.indiastudies.org/research-fellowship-programs/categories-of-fellowship/](http://www.indiastudies.org/research-fellowship-programs/categories-of-fellowship/) for more information. AIIS likewise offers intensive language programs; see [http://www.indiastudies.org/language-programs/](http://www.indiastudies.org/language-programs/) for more information.

- **The UChicagoGrad Travel Fund** supports travel to national and international conferences at which a student is presenting a paper. Visit [https://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships/UChicago-managed-fellowships/travel-fund](https://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships/UChicago-managed-fellowships/travel-fund) for more information.

- **Fulbright-Hays Doctoral Dissertation Research Abroad Fellowships** provide financial support for six to twelve months to PhD candidates who are US citizens or permanent residents. Visit [http://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships/UChicago-managed-fellowships/fulbright-hays](http://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships/UChicago-managed-fellowships/fulbright-hays) for more information.
• **The German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD)**, an association of the institutions of higher education in the Federal Republic of Germany, offers a variety of awards to graduate students for study and research in Germany. Visit http://grad.uchicago.edu/fellowships/UChicago-managed-fellowships/DAAD for more information.

• **The Luce Scholars Program** provides funding for an immersion experience in Asia for US citizens who hold a bachelor’s degree and who have not had the opportunity for such an experience previously. The University of Chicago is one of sixty nominating institutions. For general information, visit http://www.hluce.org/lsprogram.aspx. The campus liaison for the Luce Scholars program is Abbey Newman, Associate Director for the Center for East Asian Studies (abbeynewman@uchicago.edu).

• **The Social Science Research Council (SSRC)** offers fellowships and grant programs through annual competitions on a wide range of topics and across many different career stages. Most support goes to predissertation, dissertation, and postdoctoral fellowships. Some programs support summer institutes and advanced research grants. Visit http://www.ssrc.org/fellowships/ for more information.

• The University offers exchange programs with Rikkyo University and Waseda University in Japan. Fluency in Japanese is required. Visit https://ceas.uchicago.edu/page/exchange-programs for more information.

**GRADUATE STUDENT LOANS AND WORK-STUDY**

**STUDENT LOANS**

Many students find that the combination of Divinity School scholarship aid, external scholarship and fellowship aid, and their own financial resources (e.g., familial contributions, personal savings, employment earnings) is insufficient to meet the total cost of attendance of graduate study at the University. In such situations, students who are US citizens or permanent residents may make use of low-interest, long-term federal student loan programs in which the University participates. Borrowing from these programs, even at favorable terms, should be planned carefully in order to avoid the accumulation of unmanageable debt.

Students who are considering loans as part of their financial strategy should be aware that the procedures and policies of the student loan programs are subject to review by the federal government. Students who accept federal student loans are also required to make satisfactory academic progress, in compliance with federal regulations, as a condition of continued borrowing. The most up to date information on student loan programs, as well as counseling about student debt and its implications, may be obtained from Student Loan Administration (SLA; http://sla.uchicago.edu).

Entering students who wish to be considered for student loans and other federal programs, such as work-study, should submit the Free Application for Federal
Student Aid (FAFSA; see https://fafsa.ed.gov/); the Divinity School will provide SLA with relevant scholarship aid information for the purposes of determining students’ loan and work-study eligibility.

**FEDERAL WORK-STUDY**

The Federal Work-Study program provides an excellent opportunity for students, who are US citizens or permanent residents, to earn money from part-time work in support of their studies. As part of students’ loan eligibility determination (see above), students can receive a work-study eligibility determination for federal funds that can be disbursed as payment for on-campus work. Eligible students must hold a work-study eligible position through the University. Visit http://sla.uchicago.edu/page/federal-work-study for more information.

**EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES**

Most Divinity School students work part-time for some portion or all of their tenure as students at the University of Chicago. Both on- and off-campus part-time employment opportunities for Divinity School students are available. The student employment database (http://studentemployment.uchicago.edu), which requires University network credential for access, lists available job opportunities.

Local to the Divinity School, many students work as teaching or research assistants for members of the School’s faculty, as editorial assistants for one of the academic journals published in Swift Hall, on the Wednesday Lunch crew, and in the Divinity School’s student-run coffee shop Grounds of Being. Outside of Swift Hall, students work in a range of University offices, in the library, and in businesses, colleges and universities, and religious organizations throughout the Chicago area.

Divinity School students have complete access to the programs and services offered by UChicagoGrad’s office of Career Development (see http://grad.uchicago.edu/career-development). Partners/spouses of students are eligible for many on-campus employment opportunities as well; partners/spouses of international students, however, may not work unless they hold J-2 visas and have received permission to work from US Citizenship and Immigration Services. Visit the University Department of Human Resources’ website for more information: http://hr.uchicago.edu.
The Divinity School is located in Swift Hall, at the heart of the main quadrangles of the University of Chicago campus.

Swift Hall houses the administrative offices of the Divinity School, the offices of the faculty and staff, class and seminar rooms, Swift Lecture Hall, Swift Common Room, a student lounge, and a coffee shop. Upon occasion, University facilities outside of Swift Hall are used for classes and meetings. The John Nuveen Wing of Swift Hall houses the Martin Marty Center, dedicated to interdisciplinary inquiry in religion. It contains offices, seminar rooms, and a small reference library for the use of research fellows.

More information about campus, the community, and visiting can be found at https://visit.uchicago.edu.

The campus is accessible from downtown Chicago by Metra commuter train (from Randolph and Michigan to 59th Street, University of Chicago stop); by bus (CTA No. 6 Jackson Park Express, boarded along State Street in the Loop); and by car (via Lake Shore Drive). Persons arriving at O’Hare or Midway Airports may take the Omega Airport Shuttle (phone: 773-483-6634; web site: http://www.chicago-airport-shuttle.com/omega-shuttle.htm) to Ida Noyes Hall at the University, approximately three blocks from Swift Hall.

**DIVINITY STUDENTS ASSOCIATION**

The Divinity Students Association (DSA) is an organization run by and for University of Chicago Divinity School students. The organization attempts to contribute to many spheres of life in the Divinity School: academic, professional, and social. Above all else, the DSA is committed to fostering a true community of Divinity students from every degree program.

DSA funds student academic clubs: one for each area of concentrations and many others sparked and organized by students according to their interests. DSA also funds major events and conferences that several clubs organize, like the annual Ministry Conference and "Alternative Epistemologies" speaker series. For more information about the DSA sponsored clubs, see https://divinity.uchicago.edu/clubs-and-workshops.

In addition, DSA makes available a limited amount of funding for students participating in international conferences.
Research Resources

The Library

The University of Chicago Library provides comprehensive resources and services in support of the research, teaching and learning needs of the University and broader research community. The Library has built holdings of national significance in many fields. As of June 2015, the Library holds 11 million volumes in print and electronic form, 59,582 linear feet of archives and manuscripts and 137 terabytes of born-digital archives, digitized collections, and research data. The University of Chicago Library is housed at six campus locations: the Joseph Regenstein Library for humanities, social sciences, business, and special collections; the John Crerar Library for science, medicine and technology collections; the D’Angelo Law Library; the Eckhart Library for mathematics, statistics and computer science collections; the Social Services Administration Library; and the Joe and Rika Mansueto Library. Locating the vast majority of the Library’s print collections in open stacks at five of its six campus locations allows users to access holdings rapidly and to make serendipitous discoveries while browsing. To maintain this extraordinary accessibility while growing collections, the Mansueto Library was opened adjacent to Regenstein Library in 2011. Mansueto features an elliptical glass dome capping a 180-seat Grand Reading Room, state-of-the-art conservation and digitization laboratories, and an underground, high-density automated storage and retrieval system with the capacity to store 3.5 million volumes.

Research-level collections include humanities, social sciences, business, physical and biological sciences, medicine, technology, law, mathematics, statistics, computer science, social work, and area studies. The greatest strengths of the collections lie in areas that are broad as well as deep, such as the history of religions, both Western and non-Western; the literatures of East Asia, South Asia, the Middle East, and Slavic and Eastern Europe; classics, anthropology; sociology; the histories of science, technology and medicine; and the history of education. In addition, the Library is a leading advocate of digitization as a method of preservation and has created extensive digital collections accessible online to all.

Religious Studies was a core component of the original library of the University of Chicago, formed around the Berlin Collection (57,630 volumes and 39,020 dissertations, or 96,650 volumes in all) and the Baptist Union Theological Seminary Library (40,000 volumes), which included the Hengstenberg Collection and American Bible Union Collection. The Religion collection focuses on the academic study of religion rather than a confessional study with a focus on religious practice. Historic strengths of the collection include German scholarship in systematic theology, biblical studies, and the history of Christianity (due in part to the Berlin and Hengstenberg collections). The private libraries of Joachim Wach, Mircea Eliade, and Joseph Kitagawa were incorporated into the collections, thereby strengthening.
the Library's focus on the history of religions. The private library of Marvin Fox strengthened the Library's collection in Jewish studies, and specifically in Maimonides studies. Current strengths of the collection match those of the Divinity School (e.g., history of religions; biblical studies, especially New Testament textual and historical criticism). Thanks to the generosity of the Kern Foundation Endowed Theosophical Book Fund, the Library has a strong collection of Theosophical materials.

The tradition of interdisciplinary research and instruction of the University is reflected in the organization and philosophy of the Library. The Joseph Regenstein Library brought together the various University collections in humanities and social sciences under one roof in order to complement interdisciplinary research and facilitate ease of access. The most immediate benefit of this move was the merger of the Religion collection, formerly held at the Divinity School, with complementary collections in Philosophy, Classics, Ancient Near East, Jewish Studies and Area Studies along with supportive collections, such as anthropology, literature, history and political science.

The Berlin Collection and the Baptist Union Theological Seminary Library also form the basis of the University’s collections in Philosophy, Jewish Studies, Ancient Near East and Classics. Strengths of the Philosophy collection include ancient and Medieval, and modern philosophy, especially British, French, German, and American philosophy. The collection also reflects the historical strengths within the Department, including the work of Alfred Whitehead, George Herbert Mead, John Dewey, Charles Hartshorne, Hannah Arendt and Paul Ricoeur as well as the broader areas of the philosophy of education, the philosophy of language, and American Pragmatism. The Jewish Studies collection covers the ancient Near East as it pertains to the origins of Judaism, Jewish life and culture in the Greco-Roman, Medieval, Renaissance and Modern world and contemporary studies, such as the Holocaust, the State of Israel, Arab-Israeli relations and contemporary Hebrew literature. The Rabbinics collection emphasizes critical editions of primary texts and works by classical commentators, important works on Mishnah, Talmud, and Midrash, Responsa, Kabbala and mysticism, and Medieval Jewish philosophy. There is a special emphasis on works first published from manuscripts or new editions of classical works with corrections or additions.

The Ancient Near East Collection includes all materials relating to the study of the ancient Near East, defined as the region encompassing the modern states of Egypt, Jordan, Israel, Lebanon, Syria, Turkey, Iran, Iraq, and the countries of the Arabian peninsula. These materials cover such topics as the archaeology, art, history, languages, law, and religions of Sumer, Babylonia, Assyria, Egypt, Nubia, Persia and other ancient peoples of Anatolia and the Fertile Crescent, such as the Phoenicians, Hittites, and Canaanites, to name a few. The Classics Collection spans the time from the rise of Bronze Age Aegean cultures through the period in the Middle Ages that provided many of our scholastic commentaries. While the
ancient Greeks and Romans stand at the heart of this collection, included as well are Carthaginians, Etruscans and Lydians. Materials relating to the history, art, and archaeology of the classical world are targeted as well as texts of classical authors on these subjects (such as, Herodotus, Thucydides, Pausanius, Strabo, Manetho, Caesar, Livy, Tacitus and Vitruvius). The University’s Ancient Near East Collection is commonly recognized as one of the top two collections in North America; the Classics Collection remains easily one of the top ten in the country.

The study of Religion in vernacular languages is further facilitated through the four distinguished Area Studies collections at the Library, in particular, study in the vernacular languages these areas represent. The Middle East Collection covers the medieval through modern civilizations of the Middle East, from the rise of Islamic civilization in the sixth century until the present. The East Asian Collection is devoted to Chinese, Japanese, and Korean materials, primarily in the humanities and social sciences. Manchu and Mongolian materials are also represented. The Southern Asian Collection, which includes Southeast Asia, have publications on all aspects of life and culture in India, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Nepal, and Bhutan, as well as materials on Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, Malaysia, Singapore, Brunei, Indonesia, and the Philippines. In addition, Tibetan materials are grouped with the Southern Asian Collection. The Slavic, East European and Eurasian Collections encompass all areas of the social sciences and humanities for the countries of the former Soviet Union and other East European countries, including Modern Greece; strengths include Judaica in all regions and Islamic Studies in Central Asia. The collection includes extensive holdings in all Judaic languages, in particular in Hebrew, Yiddish and Judeo-Arabic.

Subjects and texts relevant to the study of religion are strongly represented in the rare books, manuscripts and archival holdings at the Library. The Special Collections Research Center is the Library’s repository for the rare book collection, the manuscript collection and the University of Chicago Archives. Special Collections provides primary sources to support research, teaching, learning, and administration at the University. Collections comprise approximately 300,000 books and 59,582 linear feet of archives and manuscripts. Collections relevant to Religious studies include the Ludwig Rosenberger Collection of Judaica, the Emma B. Hodge Collection of Reformation Imprints, the Edgar J. Goodspeed New Testament Manuscript Collection, the Maurice T. Grant Collection of English Bibles, materials on the religious history of Kentucky and the Ohio River Valley from the Reuben T. Durrett Collection on Kentucky and the Ohio River Valley. Important manuscript and archival collections include materials relating to Baptist Union Theological Seminary, the Divinity School, and the founding of University.

The Religion collection is further supplemented by the many resources available in the Hyde Park neighborhood and Chicago metropolitan area. The Library has established borrowing agreements with the JKM Library of McCormick
Theological Seminary (Presbyterian Church, USA) and Lutheran School of Theology in Chicago (Evangelical Lutheran Church of America), the Chicago Theological Seminary Information Commons (United Church of Christ), and Bechtold Library at Catholic Theological Union. There are complementary collections at other denominational seminaries within Hyde Park as well as the greater Chicago area, including the Union Library of Garrett-Evangelical Theological Seminary, the Asher Library at Spertus Institute of Jewish Studies and Wiggin Library at Meadville Lombard Theological School (Unitarian Universalist). In addition, the Archdiocese of Chicago’s Joseph Cardinal Bernardin Archives and Records Center is located in downtown Chicago. There are additional libraries which are part of the Chicago Area Theological Library Association, including the Moody Bible Institute (Independent Baptist), North Park University (Evangelical Covenant), Trinity International University (Evangelical Church), Wheaton College (non-denominational Evangelical) and its Billy Graham Center Archives and Marion E. Wade Center (with books and papers of Owen Barfield, G.K. Chesterton, C.S. Lewis, George MacDonald, Dorothy L. Sayers, J.R.R. Tolkien, and Charles Williams).

The Library’s physical and virtual spaces respond to the changing habits of its users to enrich the campus experience and to multiply the ways in which people can pursue inquiry. The Library preserves information across all formats and ensures effective storage and delivery systems. Among the notable electronic resources available for Religious studies are Dead Sea Scrolls Electronic Library, Tibetan Buddhist Resource Center, Religion Past and Present Online, Twentieth Century Religious Thought, Early Arabic Printed Books, and Thesaurus Linguae Graecae. Online indexes include the ATLA Religion Database, RAMBI, and Historical Abstracts. The Library maintains the vast majority of its print collections on open shelving. The online catalog allows for virtual browsing of stacks and the material stored in Mansueto Library. In January 2012, the Library began a new Scan & Deliver service that allows UChicago faculty, students, and staff to request that articles and book chapters from the Library’s print collections be scanned and made available online. To extend access even beyond its millions of volumes, in 2012, the Library launched another new service, UBorrow, which offers rapid access to over 90 million books from the collections of 12 university libraries in the Midwest and the nearby Center for Research Libraries and in 2013 joined Borrow Direct, which offers a similar service through a partnership with 11 major research libraries, including the Ivies. All patrons are welcome and encouraged to submit purchase requests to the Library, the vast majority of which are filled.

Teaching and learning support includes reference services, course reserves, library instruction and curriculum support, bibliographic management software, and technologically equipped classrooms. As the result of stack reorganization in 2012, the majority of the print volumes of the Religion collection are now accessible on the 4th floor with the Philosophy and Classics print volumes; the relevant reference materials are conveniently located in the 4th floor reading room. Reference librarians provide orientation to library collections, services, and facilities. The reference staff is available for individual and group consultation, and can be
contacted in person as well as by e-mail, telephone and online chat. The Library has a large number of subject specialist bibliographers who build and maintain the various collections, including Anne K. Knafl, Bibliographer for Religion, Philosophy and Jewish Studies. Bibliographers are available to provide specialized reference services, such as instruction in research techniques through private consultations and group workshops.

Helpful Resources

The University of Chicago Library: http://www.lib.uchicago.edu
Religion Research: http://guides.lib.uchicago.edu/religion
Subject Specialists: http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/about/departments/specialists.html
Special Collections Research Center: http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/scrc/
The Association of Chicago Theological Schools: http://www.actschicago.org/

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

IT Services is an integral part of the University of Chicago, committed to service delivery and support of the university mission through innovative uses of technology. IT Services include email, secure file storage and sharing, safe computing support, online course websites and materials, and more. For more information about IT Services, visit http://itservices.uchicago.edu.

The Library system maintains and supports over 150 computers. For users with their own computers or mobile devices, all campus libraries provide wireless access (http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/using/computing/wireless.html) to the campus network; most also provide wired ethernet access (http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/using/computing/ether.html). The Library also provides monitors for use with laptops as dual monitor stations. Dual monitor stations are available in the 1st Floor Reading Room of Regenstein, the 1st Floor of Crerar, and in various locations in the D’Angelo Law bookstacks.

The University provides a wide range of facilities and services to meet the information technology needs of students and faculty at the University. Students have access to numerous electronic resources, such as full-text and bibliographic databases from workstations in the libraries and through the campus network. Information about computer facilities in the libraries is available at http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/using/computing.

In addition to central services, each division and most of the professional schools provide information technology services, including computer labs, related to specific disciplines.
**THE MARTIN MARTY CENTER**

The Martin Marty Center, established in the spring of 1998 to recognize Professor (emeritus) Martin E. Marty’s manifold contributions to the understanding of religion, aims to promote research that is oriented toward public life and toward the role that religion plays—for good and for ill—in culture. The Marty Center oversees the development of major faculty research projects; sponsors a student research colloquium, and fosters interactive connections to those public constituencies for whom specific research projects in religion will have significant consequences. Inquiries should be addressed to The Martin Marty Center, The University of Chicago Divinity School, 1025 East 58th Street, Chicago, Illinois 60637 (phone: 773-702-7049; fax: 773-702-8223; web site: http://divinity.uchicago.edu/martin-marty-center.

**HOUSING**

**LIVING ACCOMMODATIONS**

The University of Chicago provides a variety of living options for its graduate students. Graduate Student Housing (http://rp.uchicago.edu/graduate_housing/index.shtml) provides a wide variety of apartment sizes, designs, and rates. Individual buildings in the system may have parking, be pet-friendly, and/or be ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) compliant.

For Graduate Student Housing and Faculty/Staff Housing:

Phone 773.753.2218
Email residential@uchicago.edu
website: http://rp.uchicago.edu/index.shtml

Additional information on housing options, including current costs, is sent to all newly admitted students.

The UChicago GRAD Housing Resources (https://grad.uchicago.edu/life-community/housing) site contains useful tips and resources that will help you plan out your apartment search, understand your rental agreement (the lease), and familiarize yourself with your rights and responsibilities as a renter. See more at https://grad.uchicago.edu/life-community/housing.

**INTERNATIONAL HOUSE**

International House of Chicago was founded in 1932 through a gift from John D. Rockefeller, Jr. As of August 2016 I-House will no longer be available as a housing option for graduate students. This will continue until the next major residence hall construction, which is now in active planning. At that point, it will be possible to move back to partial occupancy by graduate students. These changes do not alter I-
House’s mission or programming; I-House will continue to sponsor a wide array of internationally focused programs.

All inquiries should be addressed to:

International House  
1414 East 59th Street  
Chicago, Illinois 60637  
phone: 773-753-2280  
fax: 773-753-1227  
e-mail: I-house-housing@uchicago.edu (I-house-housing@listhost.uchicago.edu)  
web site: http://ihouse.uchicago.edu

**DISCIPLES DIVINITY HOUSE**

Disciples Divinity House of the University of Chicago is a foundation for theological education directly affiliated with both the University and the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ). Its major purpose is to provide scholarships and related educational services to Disciples of Christ students attending the Divinity School. In addition, Disciples House maintains an ecumenical coeducational residence facility to which all Divinity School students are welcome to apply for housing. Located at the corner of the main quadrangles of the University, Disciples House has twenty-three furnished student rooms, a common room, library, chapel, and community kitchen. During the academic year, Disciples House sponsors a series of lectures and colloquia and subsidizes social activities organized by an elected student council. For further information and application forms, write to:

Disciples Divinity House of the University of Chicago  
1156 East 57th Street  
Chicago, Illinois 60637  
phone: 773-643-4411  
fax: 773-643-4413  
web site: http://ddh.uchicago.edu

**PRIVATE HOUSING**

The private housing market in the neighborhood around the University is generally very tight. Students interested in housing outside the University system are advised to come to Chicago well in advance of the opening of the quarter in which they enter the University in order to secure accommodations. It is virtually impossible to obtain private housing by telephone or mail. The University itself does not have an off-campus housing office, nor does it maintain listings of inspected and approved private housing. However, private real estate companies publish lists of housing available in the Hyde Park area and online resources are available, including http://marketplace.uchicago.edu.
UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

HEALTH INSURANCE REQUIREMENT

The University requires all students, other than those in programs explicitly excluded (see “Ineligibility,” below) to carry adequate medical insurance to cover, among other costs, hospitalization and outpatient diagnostic and surgical procedures. If the student resides in Chicago, the insurance must cover medical care other than emergency care in the Chicago area. The insurance requirement may be satisfied in one of two ways:

1. Enrolling in the University Student Health Insurance (U-SHIP) plan offered by the University, or
2. Completing the online insurance waiver application before the open enrollment deadline. The waiver application requires the student to certify that his or her insurance coverage is comparable to the U-SHIP plan.

Please visit Student Health and Counseling Services at http://studenthealth.uchicago.edu for more information, including current rates.

MANDATORY QUARTERLY Fee / STUDENT Life Fee

All registered students are assessed a quarterly Student Life Fee. This fee covers access to the Student Health Service (http://healthcare.uchicago.edu) and Student Counseling Service (http://counseling.uchicago.edu). This fee also covers activities through the Center for Leadership and Involvement (http://leadership.uchicago.edu) as well as campus-wide services and resources provided centrally through Campus & Student Life (http://csl.uchicago.edu/programs-services). The Student Life Fee will be waived only for students who live and study over 100 miles from campus, and who will not be on campus during the quarter. These waivers are administered by the Dean of Students.

Students in the Divinity School who are NOT assessed the Student Life Fee and cannot access the Student Health Service and Student Counseling Service:

- Students in Extended Residence
- Students in pro forma status.

Dependent spouses or same-sex domestic partners and dependent children age 14 and older, who are insured through the University Student Health Insurance Plan (U-SHIP), are assessed the Dependent Life Fee and are entitled to receive services at the Student Health Service and the Student Counseling Service. The Dependent Life Fee will be charged to the student’s bursar account, in addition to the Student Insurance Premium.
While most of the services provided at Student Health and Counseling Services are covered by the Student Life fee, some services incur an additional charge. More information is available on the Student Health website at http://studenthealth.uchicago.edu.

**SUMMER STUDENT LIFE FEE**

Students and June graduates who remain in the Chicago area during the summer but are not enrolled in classes have the option to purchase the Student Life Fee for continued access to the Student Health Service and Student Counseling Service. Students’ family members already on the U-SHIP plan may also purchase this fee.

Non-registered students for summer: Please note that summer coverage at Student Health and Counseling Services is not automatic. Students in eligible programs who would like coverage during the summer must specifically elect this coverage through the Student Health Insurance Enrollment website at https://studentinsurance.uchicago.edu/studentlifefee/authenticate.php before the end of the summer registration period. By selecting the summer Student Life Fee enrollment your student account will be updated to reflect the summer Student Life Fee, and you will have access to Health and Counseling Services during the summer. Students who are in Chicago for the summer but have not paid the summer Student Life Fee will not have access to the NurseLine or Student Health and Counseling Services persons-on-call. These students and recent alumni will still have access to the resources listed at http://help.uchicago.edu.

NB: Students in the Divinity School are not required to be registered for summer. If you do enroll in summer language courses, (at your own expense, limited tuition aid available), you will be automatically billed for the Summer Student Life Fee.

**AUTOMATIC ENROLLMENT**

Students who fail to complete an insurance election or apply for a waiver by the open enrollment deadline for the plan year will be automatically enrolled in the University’s Student Health Insurance Basic Plan and billed for that enrollment. The enrollment is binding for the entire plan year, from September 1 until August 31 of the following year.

The open enrollment period ends at 5 p.m. on the third Friday of the autumn quarter. For students who are not registered for the autumn quarter but do register during the winter, spring, or summer quarter, the open enrollment period ends at 5 p.m. on the second Friday of the first quarter in which they are registered during the insurance plan year.
INELIGIBILITY

Students in the GSB evening and weekend, SSA evening, and the MLA programs are not eligible to enroll in the University Student Health Insurance Plan. Doctoral students in Extended Residence are also not eligible to enroll in USHIP. Students excluded from this requirement are not eligible to purchase the U-SHIP plan.

IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS

By State of Illinois law, all new students (except those enrolled less than half time and non-degree international visiting scholars) are required to present proof of immunity from German measles, measles (two shots required), mumps, and tetanus/diphtheria (three shots required for international students). Student Health Service (http://healthcare.uchicago.edu/) notifies all new students of the requirement and provides instructions for compliance. Forms will be mailed to all incoming students and are available for download (https://healthcare.uchicago.edu/page/vaccinations-required-enrollment). They must be returned by mail, in person, or by email at sccimm@uchospitals.edu.

After the third Friday of the first quarter of enrollment, students who are not yet compliant will have their subsequent registrations restricted and will not have the restriction lifted until they have become compliant with the immunization requirement. A student who receives this notification is urged to call the Student Health Service at 773-702-4156 to resolve his or her status.

Restricted students will lose online access to grades as well as access to University libraries, athletic facilities, and health services, among other privileges. Restricted students will be required to leave the University if the restriction is not cleared by the fifth week of the subsequent quarter. Students required to leave will not receive credit for work done through the end of the fifth week of the quarter.

GRADUATE STUDENT PARENTS POLICY

The University of Chicago’s commitment to diversity has shaped the course of research and education at the University throughout its history. As we move into the 21st century, we seek to increase the number of women pursuing and successfully completing advanced degrees in preparation for assuming leadership positions in universities, government, and industry. We also believe that a graduate student parent has a better chance of successfully continuing the program and completing the degree when the duties of a new parent are shared by the spouse/partner. We recognize that a woman’s prime childbearing years often are precisely those years when she is engaged full-time in preparation and study for these positions. Her prime childbearing years may also be those years when the spouse/partner is engaged full-time in his or her academic studies or career. This policy addresses the
conflicts and issues that may arise as the two goals—pursuit of an advanced degree and parenthood—come into play simultaneously.

This policy cannot anticipate every individual circumstance relating to childbirth and parenting. Rather, this policy establishes the principles and the minimum modifications for women graduate students who become pregnant and give birth and for all graduate students who become new parents. Students must always work closely with their advisors, departmental chairs, and Area Deans of Students in planning for a birth or having a child, arranging a timeline for meeting requirements, and accommodating particular circumstances. Students must communicate early, frequently, and clearly with their advisors about their progress and their engagement in courses and research. Advisors, too, must be realistic about the rate of progress of students experiencing childbirth or taking care of a newborn. The success of this policy depends upon full and open communication and cooperation among the student, the advisor, departmental chair, and the Area Dean of Students. The desired goal is to maintain the student-parent’s full-time status in his or her academic program and to ease the return to full participation in classes, research, teaching, or clinical training.

OPTIONS

Several options are available to graduate students in various statuses in the University. A student who has reason to believe that she or he will wish to exercise one or more of these options should discuss her or his situation with the Area Dean of Students as early as possible to draw up an agreement and clear timeline for academic requirements.

1. Extensions

New parents in doctoral programs may request a one-quarter extension for departmental, program, and University milestones and requirements that come due after the birth of the child. Thus, for example, in a department in which petition to candidacy must be made by the end of the Scholastic Residence (normally, that is, by the end of the fourth year), a birth mother (whether or not she takes a one-quarter leave of absence for childbirth during those four years, see below) may request one additional quarter to prepare for the petition to candidacy.

New parents in Master’s and professional programs may request a one quarter extension for departmental, program, and University milestones and requirements that come due after the birth of the child. Such extensions are not to exceed professional regulatory requirements toward degree completion. Thus, for example, in a Master’s or professional program with a limited number of years in which the degree is to be completed, a birth mother (whether or not she takes a one-quarter leave of absence for childbirth during those four years, see below) may request one additional quarter to complete the degree.
Note: Extensions for departmental, program, and University milestones and requirements do not extend a doctoral student’s eligibility for full-time status in Scholastic and Advanced Residence beyond the total of twelve years from entry in the PhD program nor the Master’s or professional student’s eligibility for full-time status beyond the maximum duration of enrollment from entry in the program.

2. **Academic Modification**

*One- or Two-Quarter Academic Modification.* A birth mother in a Master’s or professional program, or in a doctoral program until admission to candidacy (that is, normally during Scholastic Residence or the early years of Advanced Residence), may choose to maintain full-time status during the quarter of her late-stage pregnancy, the quarter in which she gives birth, or the quarter in which she is engaged in the care of a newborn and receive an Academic Modification for these extra demands. The period of Academic Modification permits adjusting her course load and/or due dates for course assignments, papers, examinations, and other course-work requirements. Class and seminar attendance and participation are expected to the extent permitted by the health of the mother and newborn. New fathers or adoptive parents in Master’s and professional programs or in a doctoral program until admission to candidacy (that is, normally during Scholastic Residence or the early years of Advanced Residence) engaged in the care of a newborn may request similar Academic Modifications for one quarter.

*Students with teaching duties* are urged to initiate conversations with their department or program chairs and the Area Dean of Students well in advance to arrange to teach in a quarter other than that of the birth or care of the newborn. This modification should be given to new mothers and new fathers.

*Students receiving tuition and/or stipends dependent upon laboratory and field research* are urged to initiate conversations with their department chairs, lab supervisors, and the Area Dean of Students well in advance to adjust laboratory and research schedules. Students who are supported by fellowships external to the University must follow the rules specified by the granting agency for absences and leaves. Certain research grant conditions may necessitate the P.I. hiring additional help during the period of reduced activity. The mechanisms for continued financial support will be addressed on an individual basis with the P.I. and the Area Dean of Students.

*Further modifications and considerations* may be necessary throughout a woman’s pregnancy or period of lactation, for example for students who may be exposed to toxic chemicals or who must travel for field research. Advisors, Area Deans of Students, and students are urged to work together to provide a safe learning environment.
Note: The quarters of Academic Modification do not extend a doctoral student's eligibility for full-time status in Scholastic and Advanced Residence beyond the total of twelve years from entry in the PhD program nor the Master's or professional student's eligibility for full-time status beyond the maximum duration of enrollment from entry in the program. Moreover, because the student continues to be enrolled full-time, the quarters of Academic Modification in and of themselves do not stop the clock on departmental, program, and University academic milestones and requirements.

3. Leave of Absence for Childbirth

One-quarter leave of absence for childbirth. Since academic year 2000-2001, the University has permitted a female doctoral graduate student in Scholastic or Advanced Residence to take a one-quarter leave of absence for childbirth (see Student Manual, Residence Track). This option remains available. A pregnant student should discuss with her Area Dean of Students and with the Office of International Affairs (if relevant) the implications of such a leave for medical insurance coverage, visa status, loan repayment, University housing, etc. She may choose to use the leave-of-absence for childbirth in addition to or instead of the other options outlined above.

Note: A leave-of-absence does not extend a doctoral student's eligibility for full-time status in Scholastic and Advanced Residence beyond the total of twelve years from entry in the Ph.D. program. However, the leave-of-absence does stop the clock on departmental, program, and University academic milestones and requirements; the clock resumes when the student returns to full-time status.

Students in Master’s or professional programs also may take a one-quarter leave of absence for childbirth. A pregnant student should discuss with her Area Dean of Students and with the Office of International Affairs (if relevant) the implications of such a leave for medical insurance coverage, visa status, loan repayment, University housing, etc. She may choose to use the leave-of absence in addition to or instead of the other options outlined below.

Child Care and Schools

A wide variety of day care and baby-sitting options is available in the Hyde Park-South Kenwood area. Students with children, especially those who live in University housing, frequently form cooperative day care networks in their buildings. Many graduate student spouses provide baby-sitting in their homes and advertise their services on campus bulletin boards. There are many fine nursery schools in Hyde Park, including one run by the University. The University of Chicago helps employees and students find child care through two main sources:

1. Action for Children is a private, not-for-profit agency, which operates as a resource and referral service. The University has contracted with Action for
Children to help you locate arrangements for your children. The organization is located at 4753 North Broadway, Suite 1200, Chicago, Illinois 60640 (phone: 312-823-1100; fax: 312-823-1200; Web site: http://www.actforchildren.org/. There are also West Side, South Side, and South Suburb offices.

2. Human Resources provides a Child Care Referral Program (http://humanresources.uchicago.edu/lifework/life/child/referral.shtml). Child Care may also be located through the participating providers in the University of Chicago and University of Chicago Hospitals Child Care Initiative (http://childcare.uchicago.edu). Please visit those sites online for more information.

Hyde Park has excellent public, private, and parochial schools. Registration for public schools is based on neighborhood boundaries unless the school is a magnet school (open to children citywide), or unless a permit to attend is granted by the school. To ensure a place in a private or parochial school, enroll as early as possible (most schools are full by late summer).

UChicago GRAD also collates information of specific interest for student parents at http://grad.uchicago.edu/life-community/family-resources including information on PhD Child Care Grants and the Family Resource Center (950 East 61st Street), a drop-in center for families offering programs, informational materials, and a support network. Membership is free for graduate students and postdocs.

**TRANSPORTATION AND GETTING AROUND**

UChicago offers many transportation (and parking) options for students, faculty, staff, and visitors who come to campus. These offerings include the free UGo shuttles that travel on a variety of daytime and nighttime routes throughout the greater campus area; more than 20 parking lots, including a large parking garage on Campus North; and several Chicago Transit Authority (CTA) bus routes that travel on and near campus. Many of these local CTA bus routes are free or discounted for University members as part of an agreement with the CTA. An express bus route links the main campus with the University’s downtown Gleacher Center and near-north Chicago. A shuttle links the main campus with the 53rd Street/Lake Park office building.

For an overview of transportation information at UChicago, please visit http://safety-security.uchicago.edu/transportation/. This site also contains information about car sharing services, bike sharing and bicycling in the area, transportation for injured or disabled students, and more.

**SECURITY**

The University of Chicago Police Department (UCPD) operates twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, on campus and throughout the Hyde Park-South Kenwood neighborhood — the area bounded by 37th Street, 64th Street, Cottage
Grove Avenue, and Lake Shore Drive. Members of the department are committed to conducting their work in a respectful and dignified manner while providing a safe environment for those who live, learn, and work in our community. Officers are armed and fully empowered to make arrests in accordance with the requirements of the Illinois Law Enforcement Officers Training Board and consistent with Illinois state statutes. University Police and the City of Chicago Police Department work together by monitoring each other’s calls within the University Police’s coverage area. UCPD services include bicycle and laptop registration, assistance in installing child safety seats, and the safety escort program.

University Police headquarters is located at 6054 South Drexel Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60637 (phone: 773-702-8181). Website: http://safety-security.uchicago.edu/safety/

The University has a multifaceted Safety Awareness Program, Common Sense (http://commonsense.uchicago.edu). Common Sense describes how to get along safely as well as information about the offices and services that provide safety support, details on where to go for help in the event of an emergency and how to avoid threatening situations. It also provides information about policies such as drug and alcohol, violence prevention, and more.

**CHAPEL AND RELIGIOUS GROUPS**

There are numerous religious groups at the University and in the neighborhood that welcome student participation in their programs and worship. The Office of Spiritual Life (http://spirit.uchicago.edu) serves as a destination for all things spiritual and religious at the University of Chicago.

Following is a partial listing of religious groups and/or campus ministries at the University:

- Asian-American InterVarsity
- The Baha’i Association
- Brent House Episcopal Campus Ministry
- Buddhist Association
- Calvert House Catholic Campus Ministry
- Campus Crusade for Christ
- Chabad Jewish Center
- Christian Science Organization
- Graduate Christian Fellowship (InterVarsity)
- Hillel (The Newberger Hillel Center for Jewish Life)
- Hindu Student Sangam
- InterVarsity Christian Fellowship
• Latter-Day Saints Student Association
• Lutheran Campus Ministry (Augustana Lutheran Church)
• Muslim Students Association
• Orthodox Christian Fellowship
• Quaker House
• Rockefeller Memorial Chapel
• Unitarian Universalist Campus Ministry
• United Protestant Campus Ministry
• University Church (Disciples/UCC)

For more information on religious and spiritual groups, or to get involved, see http://spirit.uchicago.edu/get-involved/religious-spiritual-groups.

Four groups regularly hold worship in the Joseph Bond Chapel, located adjacent to Swift Hall. The Divinity School sponsors a short worship service. "Open Space," each Tuesday at noon during the academic year. These services, planned by students, utilize the talents of students, faculty, and staff. Brent House, the Episcopal campus ministry, offers a Eucharist service Thursdays at noon during the academic year; the Muslim Students Association holds its Friday noon prayers throughout the year; and Calvert House, the Roman Catholic campus ministry, offers a Eucharist service every Sunday at 11:00 a.m.

On Sundays throughout the academic year Rockefeller Chapel offers ecumenical services using poetry and literature as complements to Christian sacred text. Thoughtful preaching, informed by the University’s tradition of rigorous scholarship, is offered by members of the University community and distinguished guests. The communion table is open to all. From October to June the Chapel Choir is in residence; during vacations and over the summer artists in residence and the Decani (the professional vocal ensemble of the Chapel) offer sacred music from around the world. Organ concerts are given by the University Organist, and carillon concerts are offered every weekday when classes are in session by the University Carillonneur and qualified students and community members.

The Chapel is regularly used by members of other major world religious traditions.

For more information visit http://rockefeller.uchicago.edu.

**MULTICULTURAL STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS**

There are over forty multicultural student organizations on campus, including organizations for Graduate and Professional students. Groups include the Muslim
Students Association (MSA), the Native American Student Association (NASA), the Organization of Black Students, PanAsia, and many more.

Each year, the Organization of Black Students sponsors its Kent Lecture; the Minority Graduate Student Association sponsors an annual conference, “Eyes on the Mosaic”; the Latin American and East Asian Studies Centers, the Committee on African Studies, and the Center for the Study of Race, Politics, and Culture offer both academic and social opportunities; and the International House offers a variety of culturally diverse activities. In addition, each quarter, there are colloquia and receptions designed especially for graduate minority students.

The Office of Multicultural Student Affairs (OMSA) works with student groups, faculty, and administrators to develop ways to enhance the academic and personal experiences of students of color who attend the University. For more information, contact:

OMSA
5710 South Woodlawn Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60637
phone: 773-702-5710
e-mail: omsa@uchicago.edu
web site: http://omsa.uchicago.edu

LGBTQ STUDENT LIFE

The Office of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender and Queer (LGBTQ) Student Life (https://lgbtq.uchicago.edu) is the hub for all LGBTQ student life at The University of Chicago. The Office serves LGBTQ students, questioning students, and allies in the College and graduate and professional schools, in order to create an inclusive and safe community by providing educational opportunities, building community, and serving as a resource for all students in the university.

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

The Office of International Affairs (OIA) has the dual function of serving the University’s international students and scholars, and its American students who are interested in grants for overseas research. OIA advises international students about United States government regulations and University rules and policies. The staff helps with personal problems and concerns arising from study in a foreign country and also acts as a liaison with international groups and activities on and around campus. OIA conducts competitions for overseas study awards, such as Fulbright grants.

Inquiries may be addressed to:
In addition to the rich cultural and recreational opportunities provided by the city of Chicago, there is much to do in the University itself. Most University students take part in one or more of the many musical, cultural, social, religious, and political organizations on campus. Due to the large number of graduate students at the University—about twice that of undergraduates—and because many faculty members live near campus and are able to attend cultural and social events, there is much that will appeal to graduate students.

Of special interest to international students is the yearlong program of events at International House. Trips to concerts or the theater, language tables, the weekly Film Society program, the Consul General Dinner series, and the annual Festival of Nations offer opportunities for residents to interact with other people of different backgrounds and cultures in a friendly, informal manner that is achieved in few other places.

As mentioned above, The Divinity Students Association (http://dsa.uchicago.edu) (DSA) is an organization run by and for University of Chicago Divinity School students and contributes to academic, professional, and social life in the Divinity School. DSA funds student academic clubs and other clubs sparked and organized by student interest or affinity.

Outside of Swift Hall, with more than 400 Recognized Student Organizations (RSOs) and more groups and clubs organizations in the schools and divisions, there are countless ways to get involved in campus life. Student activities, including large-scale entertainment events and programs with an all-University focus, are mounted by student organizations using a portion of the student life fee paid by every student. Visit The Center for Leadership and Involvement (http://leadership.uchicago.edu) to learn more about RSOs, leadership activities, governing bodies, and other cocurricular activities and campus traditions.

Student Government (http://sg.uchicago.edu) at UChicago includes the Graduate Council (GC), made up of representatives from each graduate area. In addition to
meeting to discuss issues of interest to grad students, GC plans activities designed to encourage interaction between each academic area.

Thirty-eight percent of the funds collected from graduate students are allocated to the graduate divisions and schools. These funds are distributed by the Deans of Students in each area to their graduate student councils, graduate student organizations, or to fund events for the students in that division or school. Each division and school distributes funds differently. Students should contact their area Dean of Students for more information.

Graduate students at the University have a wide range of opportunities to participate in intramural activities, club sports, and instructional classes. All indoor and outdoor athletic facilities are open throughout the year to all students displaying a campus card. Spouses and domestic partners of students have access to facilities for a yearly fee. The athletic program provides opportunities for instruction and participation in sports such as archery, badminton, gymnastics, handball, martial arts, racquetball, rowing, squash, sailing, swimming, table tennis, track and field, and weight lifting. The athletics department also offers opportunities to participate in approximately fifty intramural sports and forty sports clubs.

The Gerald Ratner Athletics Center includes a 50- by 25-meter swimming pool, cardiovascular exercise equipment, weight machines, free weights, a multipurpose dance studio, a competition gymnasium, and an auxiliary gymnasium, among other features.

In addition to the Ratner Athletics Center, the Henry Crown Field House provides indoor athletic and recreational opportunities to the University community. Among the features of the Henry Crown Field House are four multipurpose courts, an indoor running track, and racquetball and squash courts.

**Placement**

The Divinity School provides placement counseling for academic and ministerial employment to all of its students.

UChicagoGRAD is a University-wide office committed to ensuring that students and postdocs have the skills they need to become the next generation of leaders in academia, government, industry and non-profits. Career resources include advising, workshops, internship and job listings, and more. See more at UChicago GRAD’s Career Development website: http://grad.uchicago.edu/career-development.
In addition, the Office of Career Advancement provides information and assistance on jobs in academia, business, secondary and higher education, government, and non-profit organizations. For more information, contact:

UChicago Career Advancement
Ida Noyes Hall
1212 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637
phone: 773-702-7040
web site: https://careeradvancement.uchicago.edu/

Questions about placement may be directed to the Dean of Students in the Divinity School.

ALUMNI RELATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT

The Divinity School pursues a program of alumni relations and financial development through the offices of the Director of Development as well as through cooperation with the University’s Office of Alumni Relations and Development. It also promotes contact with its friends and some 3,000 graduates through Criterion, the biannual magazine of the Divinity School, and Circa, a biannual newsletter from the Dean. For more information, contact Dale Walker, Director of Development, The University of Chicago Divinity School, 1025 East 58th Street, Chicago, Illinois 60637 (phone: 773-702-8248; fax: 773-702-6048; web site: http://divinity.uchicago.edu/alumni-and-friends).

UNIVERSITY POLICIES

For information on University Policies, please consult the Student Manual of University Policies and Regulations. The Student Manual is the official statement of University policies and regulations, and expected standards of student conduct which are applicable to all students. This document contains information on University Policies, Academic Policies and Requirements, Administrative Policies and Requirements, and Student Life and Conduct. The Student Manual can be accessed online at http://studentmanual.uchicago.edu/university/.

DISCIPLINARY POLICIES

The University Disciplinary Systems regarding student misconduct and the policy on unlawful discrimination and sexual misconduct are available online (see links below.) Questions about these policies should be directed to the Dean of Students.

University Disciplinary Systems: http://studentmanual.uchicago.edu/disciplinary
INDEX

A
Addresses of University Offices ................................................................. 5
Admissions ............................................................................................ 133

C
Committees of the Faculty and Areas of Study ....................................... 95

D
Degree Programs and Requirements ..................................................... 17
Divinity Catalog .................................................................................... 2

F
Finances .................................................................................................. 139

G
General Description .............................................................................. 13
Grading System and Official Records .................................................. 129

O
Officers and Faculty ............................................................................... 7

P
Prizes ..................................................................................................... 127

R
Residence Requirements ....................................................................... 119

S
Special Courses and Programs ............................................................ 122
Student Life ......................................................................................... 148